









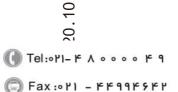
Floor 6, Building 2 West, Pingshan Minqi Science & Technology Park, Taoyuan Str., Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China

Shenzhen Encom Electric Technologies CO.,LTD.

- +86-755-26984485
- +86-755-26985120
- encvfd@encvfd.com
- www.encvfd.com
- We have the copyright and prohibit any unauthorized copying You can access and download all our ENC product brochures and manuals on our company webs 

  Www.famcocorp.com
  - E-mail: info@famcocorp.com

  - @famco\_group



## **ENA100** series **General vector inverter**

دچ) خصوص کرچ) ختهران، کیلومتر ۲۱ بزرگراه لشگری (جاده مخصوص کرچ) tric Technologies CO.,LTD. روبـروی پالایشگاه نفت پارس، پلاک ۱۲





## **About ENCOM**

Shenzhen ENCOM Electric Technology Co., Ltd. is a national high-tech enterprise with independent intellectual property rights. We focus on the R&D, Production and Sales of products in the field of industrial automation. Our main products include Frequency Inverter, Servo, PLC, and Solar Pumping Systems, etc. Founded in the year 2004, ENCOM has passed ISO9001:2015 quality management system certification, EU, CE certification, won national innovation fund, Shenzhen strategic emerging industry fund, product innovation award, the most investment value award and other honors, and won the title of "top 10 domestic brands of lowvoltage frequency inverters" for many times. We invested more than RMB100 million to establish our own technology park, total building area of 38,000 square meters. The park main business is R&D and manufacturing of high-tech industries such as electric drive, intelligent manufacturing and new energy. It has formed a smart manufacturing space integrating R&D, office, production and residence, built a unique green landscape, basketball court, leisure platform, multifunctional conference room, cultural activity center, public restaurant and necessary open space for supporting the park life, effectively meeting the work and life experience of high-end talents and enterprises in the Park.



TOP10 brand in China







E-mail: info@famcocorp.com

@famco\_group



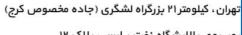




w w w . f a m c o c o r p . c o m

( Fax: ∘ ۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲





## **ENA100** series

## **General vector inverter**

ENA100 is a cost-effective universal vector inverter with a power range of 0.4KW to 75KW. Built-in macro functions for typical industry applications, which greatly facilitates customer to operate. Models below 30KW are equipped with a built-in braking unit as standard. Suitable for higher ambient temperature occasions. It is widely used in various fields such as fans and pumps, textiles and other machinery, and stone and other processing.



Compact design







EMC design



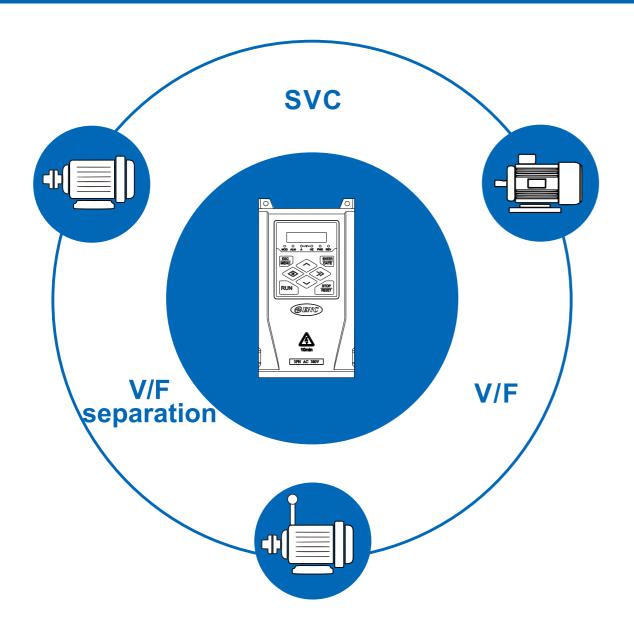
Stable & reliable ending waveforn



Motor



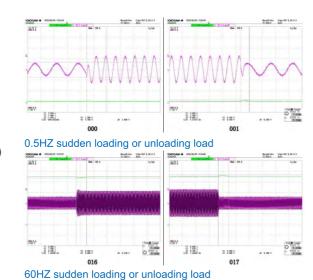




## **Dynamic** response

- ☐ Torque response: ≤20ms (without PG quantity control)
- ☐ Starting torque: 1.0Hz, 150% rated torque (V/F control) 0.5Hz up to 180% torque (No PG open loop vector)
- ☐ Control accuracy:
  ±1% rated synchronous speed (V/F control)
  ±0.3% rated synchronous speed (No PG quantity control)

## 22KW electric state as below

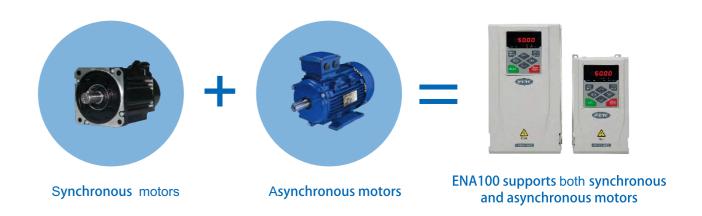


- ② w w w . f a m c o c o r p . c o m

   E-mail: info@famcocorp.com
   @famco\_group

  Fax:•1
  - Tel:•۲1- ۴ Λ • • ۴ 9Fax:•۲1 ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

- ☐ Motor type: can drive both synchronous and asynchronous motors
- ☐ One-key switch between synchronous motor and asynchronous motor, convenient for debugging
- ☐ Convenient stocking, effectively shorten the cycle of the library
- ☐ ENA100 supports both synchronous and asynchronous motors



## Convenient and practical keyboard



The simultaneous use of ENA100 local and remote control keyboard

- ☐ Support dual keyboard display
- $\square$  Support the simultaneous use of local keyboard and external control keyboard
- $\hfill\Box$  External external control keyboard can realize parameter upload and download function
- ☐ The local keyboard and external control keyboard of traditional inverter can only one to use, ENA100 local and external control keyboard can be used simultaneously

## ☐ Built-in multiple application macros, only need to set one parameter for different industries



- □ F00.24=0
- □ F01.15=0
- □ F01.00=2
- □ F01.17=25

. . . . . . . The conventional inverter set a total of 24 parameters

F09.49=1(Air compressor)



- □ F01.15=1
- □ F01.00=1
- □ F01.17=25
- F01.18=30

The conventional inverter set a total of 23 parameters

**F09.49=2(Extruder)** 



- □ F01.15=0
- ☐ F11.00=1
- ☐ F12.00=1
- □ F01.13=3

For water pump, The conventional inverter need to set a total of 32 parameters in the past inverter

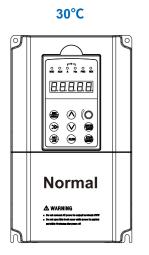
For draught fan, The conventional inverter need to set a total of 17 parameters in the past inverter

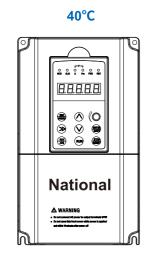
F09.49=3/4 (Draught fan & Water pump)



## No derating at 50°C and below

- ☐ Passed many rigorous tests: salt spray test, high and low temperature impact test, vibration test, etc.
- □ Normal inverter is 30°C, national standard temperature is 40°C, ENA100 is 50°C







## w w w . fa m cocorp.com

E-mail: info@famcocorp.com

@famco\_group

## ( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9 Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

## The difference of power section:

Conventional general series power section :0.4KW~

ENA100 series power section: 0.4KW~75KW

## Brake unit:

Conventional general series:

Three-phase 380V, 0.75KW~15KW is built-in brake

Three-phase 380V, 18.5KW~55KW is optional builtin brake unit

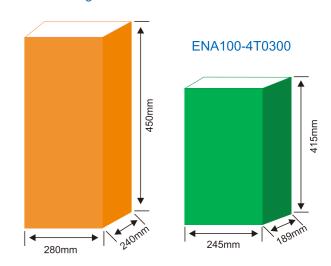
ENA100 series:

Single-phase 220V, 0.4KW~2.2KW is built-in brake

Three-phase 380V, 0.75KW~22KW is built-in brake

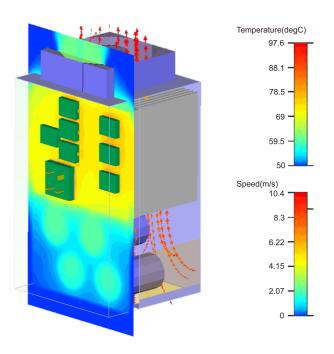
Three-phase 380V, 30KW~75KW, need to be equipped with external brake unit in advance

## Conventional general inverter 30KW



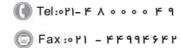
**%**The ENA100 series compared with conventional general series The maximum reduction of volume to the same power model is more than 36%

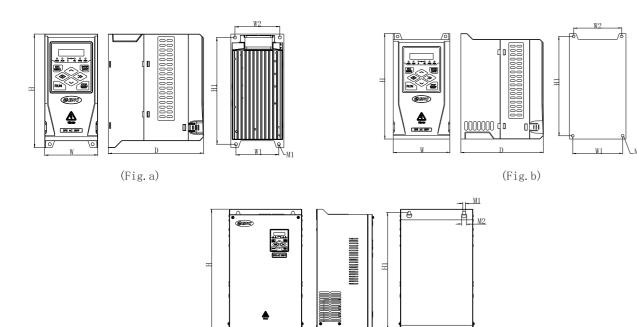
## Safe and reliable independent air flue



	It	em	Item description				
Tourse	Rating	g volt., frequency	1 phase 220V Grade: 1 phase 220V, 50Hz/60Hz 3 phase 380V Grade: 3 phase 380V, 50Hz/60Hz				
Input	Allowed volt. range		1 phase 220V Grade: 200~260V 3 phase 380V Grade: 320~460V				
		Voltage	0∼Iuput voltage				
Output	Frequency		0∼600HZ				
2	Over	loading capacity	Heavy Load: 150% of rated current for 1 minute; Light Load: 120% of rated current for 1 minute.				
	C	Control mode	Without PG vector control, open loop V/F control, Without PG torque control, support synchronous and asynchronous motors				
	Velocit	y control precision	$\pm 0.3\%$ rated synchronous speed(vector control); $\pm 1\%$ rated synchronous speed(V/F control);				
	Speed	regulation range	1:100 (vector control); 1:50 (V/F control);				
	St	art-up torque	1.0Hz:150% rated torque(V/F control); 0.5Hz:150% rated torque (vector control);				
	Speed fluctuation		$\pm 0.3\%$ rated synchronous speed (Without $$ PG vector control, Without $$ PG torque control) ;				
	Torque response		≤20ms(vector control);				
	Freq	uency precision	Digital setting:max. frequency×±0.01%; Analog setting:max.frequency×±0.5%				
		Analog setting	0.1% of max. frequency				
	Frequency resolution	Digital setting precision	0.01Hz				
C	1001411011	Exterior impulse	0.1% of max. frequency				
ontro	Т	orque boost	Automatic torque boost; manual torque boost 0.1~12.0%				
Control performance	V/Fcurve (volt. Frequency characteristic)		Setting rated frequency at the range of $5\sim600$ Hz, by choosing constant torque, degressive torque 1, degressive torque 2, degressive torque 3, self-defined V/F total 5 kinds of curve.				
ıance	Acceleration Deceleration curve		Two methods: linear acceleration and deceleration and S curve acceleration and deceleration; 15 kinds of acceleration and deceleration time, time unit (0.01s, 0.1s, 1s)				
	Brake	Power consumption brake	ENA100 series three-phase 22KW and below power section has built-in braking unit, only need to add braking resistor between (+) and PB; 30KW and above can connect external braking unit between (+) and (-) to achieve Energy consumption braking.				
		DC brake	Start, stop action for option, action frequency $0\!\sim\!15 Hz$ , action current $0\!\sim\!100\%$ of rated current, action time $0\!\sim\!30.0s$				
		Jog	Jog frequency range: 0Hz $\sim$ up limit frequency; jog acceleration and deceleration time 0.1 $\sim$ 6000.0 seconds for setting.				
	Multi-section speed run		Realized by inbuilt PLC or control terminal; with 15 section speed, each section speed with separately acceleration and deceleration time; with inbuilt PLC can achieve reserve when power down.				
	Built-	in PID controller	Convenient to make closed-loop control system				
	Automat	ic energy saving run	Optimize V/F curve automatically to achieve power saving run according to the load status.				
	Automatic	voltage regulate(AVR)	Automatically keep output voltage constant, when the power grid voltage fluctuation				
	Automa	tic current limiting	Current limited automatically under run mode in avoid of inverter over-current frequently to trip.				

Item		Item description					
	Carrier modulation	Modulate carrier wave automatically according to the load characteristic.					
	Speed tracking restart	Make rotating motor smoothly start without shocking					
	Running command specified channel	Keypad specified, control terminal specified, communication specified can switch through various means.					
Running function	Running frequency specified channel	Main & auxiliary specified to a realize one main adjusting and one fine control. Digital specified, analog specified, pulse specified, pulse width specified, communication specified and others, which can be switched by many means at any time.					
	Binding function	Run command channel and frequency specified channel can bind together randomly and switch synchronously					
Inj	Digital input channel	$5$ general-purpose digital input channels, the maximum frequency is $1 \rm KHz$ , one of which can be used as a pulse input channel, the maximum input is $20 \rm KHz$					
out and O	Analog input channel	2 analog input channels, of which AI1 is $0\!\sim\!10V$ output, AI2 channel is $0\!\sim\!20\text{mA}$ or $0\!\sim\!10V$ input optional.					
utput ch	Pulse output channel	$0.1\sim\!20{\rm KHz}$ pulse square signal output to achieve setting frequency, output frequency and other physical quantity output.					
Input and Output characteristic	Analog output channel	l analog signal output, AO1 channel can choose $0{\sim}20\text{mA}$ or $0{\sim}10\text{V}$ to realize the output of physical quantities such as set frequency and output frequency l analog signal output, AO1 channel can choose $0{\sim}20\text{mA}$ or $0{\sim}10\text{V}$ to realize the output of physical quantities such as set frequency and output					
	Digital output	2 Y outputs, Y2 can achieve the highest frequency output of 20K, 1 Rel output					
	Rapid current limit	Limit inverter over current to the greatest point, and make it run more stably					
Unique	Monopulse control	Suitable for working site where need one button to control inverter start and stop, first press to start, then press to stop, and that cycle repeats. Its very simple and reliable.					
function	Fixed length control	Realize fixed length control					
	Timing control	Timing control function: setting time range $0.1 \mathrm{Min}{\sim} 6500.0 \mathrm{Min}$					
	Virtual terminal	Five group virtual input & output IO can realize simply logical control					
	Keypad display	The parameters as setting frequency, output frequency, output voltage, output current can be displayed					
Keypad	Button Locked	Lock all or part of the buttons					
	Dual keyboard operation	Can use external keyboard to achieve dual keyboard control (local and remote control)					
	Protection function	Motor power on Shot circuit test, input & output phase loss protection, over-current protection, over voltage protection, under voltage protection, over heat protection, overload protection, under load protection, relay absorption protection, terminal protection and no stop protection under power off.					
	Application site	Indoor, not bare to sunlight, no dust, no corrosive gas, no flammable gas, no vapor, no water drop or salt etc.					
<u>≯</u>	Altitude	Under 1000 meter. (above 1000 meter require to reduce volume to use, output current reduce about 10% of rated currenvolt per 1000 meter high)					
Ambient	Environment temperature	-10°C∼+50°C					
ıt	Environment humidity	Smaller than 95%RH, no drop condenses					
	Vibration	Smaller than 5.9 M/S <sup>2</sup> (0.6g)					
	Storage temperature	-40°C∼+70°C					
stru	Protection grade	Ip20					
structure	Cooling mode	Forced air cooling and natural					
	Installation mode	Wall hanging and cabinet installation					



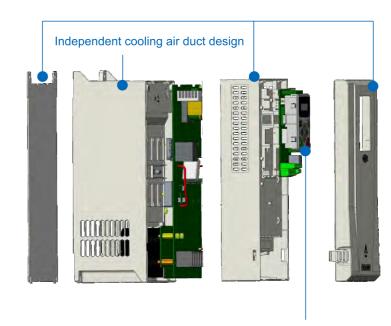


Model	H (mm)	(H1 (mm)	(mm)	(W1 (mm)	W2 (mm)	(mm)	(mm)	$^{\mathrm{M2}}_{\mathrm{(mm)}}$	Fig. No.
ENA100-2S0004	1.07	1.57	70	CO	CC	1.40	145		ъ.
ENA100-2S0007	167	157	78	63	66	140	Ф 4. 5	_	Fig. a
ENA100-2S0015	171.5	161.5	92	81	78	134	ф 4. 5		Eig b
ENA100-2S0022	171. 5	101. 5	92	01	10	134	Ψ4. 5		Fig.b
ENA100-4T0007	167	157	78	63	66	140	ф 4. 5	_	Fig. a
ENA100-4T0015	107	191	10	05	00	140	Ψ4. 5		rig. a
ENA100-4T0022	171. 5	161. 5	92	81	78	134	Ф 4. 5	_	Eig b
ENA100-4T0037	171.5	101. 5	32	01	10	104	Ψ4.0		Fig. b
ENA100-4T0055	229	217	120	105	108	162	ф 5. 5	_	Fig.b
ENA100-4T0075	223	211	120	100	100	102	Ψυ.υ		1.18° n
ENA100-4T0110	291	276	160	144	141	180. 5	ф6	_	Fig.b
ENA100-4T0150	231	210	100	111	111	100.0	ΨΟ		rig. b
ENA100-4T0185	291	276	190	174	171	180	ф 6. 5	_	Fig. b
ENA100-4T0220	231	210	130	114	1/1	100	Ψ0.0		rig. b
ENA100-4T0300	415	394	245	185	_	189	ф9	ф 17	Fig. c
ENA100-4T0370	710	534	210	100		103	Ψ 3	Ψ11	rig. C
ENA100-4T0450	482	466	290	210	_	210	ф9	ф 17	Fig. c
ENA100-4T0550	402	400	230	210		210	Ψυ	ΨТΙ	1.1g. C
ENA100-4T0750	482	466	333	220	=	205	ф9	ф 17	Fig. c

(Fig.c)

Note: (These information is for reference only, please refer to the manual, if the product is changed, without notice.)

## Three-layer structure design of the whole machine



Snap-on keyboard installation

## 1 Display panel





## 2 Part of the application sites















- ⊗ www.famcocorp.com
- E-mail: info@famcocorp.com
- @ @famco\_group

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9 (a) Fax:011 - FF99F9F1

## Product technic index and spec.

	Iter	n	Item description				
	Brake	Power consumption brake	The brake unit can be connected externally between P+ and P- when it is necessary				
	DC	brake	Optional start-up and stop,action frequency 0~15Hz,action current 0~100%,action time 0~30.0s				
Con	Jog		JOG frequency range: 0.00–upper limiting frequency JOG acceleration/deceleration time: 0.0–6000.0s				
Control performance	Multisection	n speed running	Mutisection speed operation can be achieved by interior PLC or control terminal. As many as 15 sections, which has their own acceleration and deceleration time. The interior PLC supports power down save.				
erfo	Interior P	ID controller	It realizes process-controlled closed loop control system easily.				
m		energy-saving eration	Optimize automatically V/F curve base on condition of loading, achieving energy-saving operation.				
anc		atic voltage ate(AVR)	It can keep constant output voltage automatically when the mains voltage changes.				
Ф		current limiting	The current is limited automatically during the running process so as to avoid frequent tripping due to overcurrent.				
	carrier	modulation	The carrier frequency is automatically adjusted based on the load features.				
	Speed tra	cking restart	Make the rotating motor smooth start without shocking				
Runn		rder specified annel	Keypad setting, control terminal setting, communication setting, which can be changed by many ways.				
ing fu		g frequency ed channel	Main and complement setting realizing a main adjustment and fine tuning control. Digital setting, analog setting, impulse setting, pulse-width setting, communication setting and other settings can be switch freely				
Running function	Bindin	g function	Running order channel and frequency specified channel can be bond arbitrarily, change synchronously				
Input	Digital input termina		8 digital input (DI) terminals, the max frequency is 1KHZ, one of which support up to 50. The digital terminal can be expanded to 14 terminals.				
and Ou	Analog input terminal  Pulse output terminal  Analog output terminal		Analog input terminal		Analog input terminal 2 analog input (AI) terminal, AI1 can choose $4\sim20$ mA or $0\sim10$ V as output, AI2 is differed $4\sim20$ mA or $-10\sim10$ V input is available. The analog terminal can be expanded to 4 terminal can be ex		
tput c			Impulse square wave signal output of $0\sim$ 20KHZ, can realize output of physical quantity such as setting frequency, output frequency etc.				
Inputand Output characte			2 analog signal output terminal, AO1 can be 4~20mA or 0~10V, AO2 can be 4~20mA or 0~10V; through them the inverter can realize output of physical quantity such as setting frequency, output frequency etc. And can be expanded to 4 channel output. This output analog terminal can be expanded to 4 terminals				
_	Rapid cu	rrent limiting	Limit inverter over current to the greatest degree, making it running reliably				
Unique feature	Monopu	ulse control	Suitable for the inverter with one key that controls the inverter on or off, which is simple and reliable to operate.				
feat	Fixed le	ngth control	Can realize fixed length control				
ture	Timin	g control	Time range: 0.0–6500.0 minutes				
	Virt	ual I/Os	5 groups virtual input, output IO, can realize simple logical control				
keypad	LED	display	The parameters like setting frequency, output frequency, output voltage, output current can be displayed				
pad	Lock	the button	Lock all or part of the buttons.				
	Protection	function	Motor short-circuit detection at power-on, input/output phase loss protection, overcurrent protection, overvoltage protection, undervoltage protection, overheat protection and overload protection, relay protection, terminal protection and non stop protection when power off.				
	Use	ambient	Indoor, free from direct sunlight, dust, corrosive gas, combustible gas, oil smoke, vapour, drip or salt				
	Al	titude	Less than 1000 meters. (derate if higher than 1000meters, output current will be reduced by 10% of rated current for every 1000 meters increase)				
Ambient	Ambient	temperature	-10°C~+40°C(under ambient temperature 40°C~50°C, please reduce the volume or strengthen heat sink)				
ent	Ambier	nt humidity	Less than 95%RH, without condenses				
	Vik	oration	Smaller than 5.9m/s <sup>2</sup> (0.6g)				
	Storage	temperature	-40°C ~+70°C				
Stri		ction level	IP20				
Structure		ng mode	Forced air-cooling				
Ф	Mounting		Wall hanging and cabinet standing				
	Widanting		wan nanging and cabinet standing				









## En500 multifunctional universal vector frequency inverter

## Performance advantages

- 1. With Self-learning, speed tracking, And slip vector control function;
- 2. Compact, easy to install, And high cost performance;
- 3. Full-featured universal vector inverter, cabinet/wall-mounting typeintegration design;
- 4. Standard built-in reactor for type above 90kw(internal);
- 5. Abundant peripheral extension function: Bus, terminal, relay, analog extension;
- 6. Abundant users features: constant pressure water supply, traverse control, droop control, fixed length control and etc.
- 7. Abundant communication function: Free protocol, Modbus protocol, Extended CAN bus, Profibus and etc.

## **Application industry**

Applied to meltalworking machinery, plastic machinery, various machine tool, printing, textile printing, papermaking, automatic machinery, urban municilpal engineering, Heating Ventilation Air Conditioning, constant pressure water supply, sewage treatment and other industries. It also Can be equiped with food machinery, printing machinery, industrial air conditioner, textile machinery, water supply and the production reconstruction of plastic, chemical fiber, cement and ceramic etc. It is also widely demanded in the market of fun and pump devices about the industries of petrifaction, oil refining, thermoelectricity, water supply, heat supply and other industries.

Voltage degree: 3 phase 380V

Power rage:75kw~400kw

OLOGIES CO.,LTD. http://www.encvfd.com تهران، کیلومتر۲۱ بزرگراه لشگری (جاده مخصوص کرج) Lishan Rd., Nanshan Area, Shenzhen 518055, China روبـروی یالایشگاه نفت یـارس، یلاک ۱۲

E-mail: info@famcocorp.com Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

w w w . fa m c o c o r p . c o m

@famco\_group

## Application industry

Applied to meltalworking machinery, plastic machinery, various machine tool, printing, textile printing, papermaking, automatic machinery, urban municilpal engineering, Heating Ventilation Air Conditioning, constant pressure water supply, sewage treatment and other industries. It also equiped with food machinery, printing machinery, industrial air conditioner, textile machinery, water supply and the production reconstruction of plastic, chemical fiber, cement and ceramic etc. It is also widely demanded in the market of fun and pump devices about the industries of petrifaction, oil refining, thermoelectricity, water supply, heat supply and other industries.

## Outer size

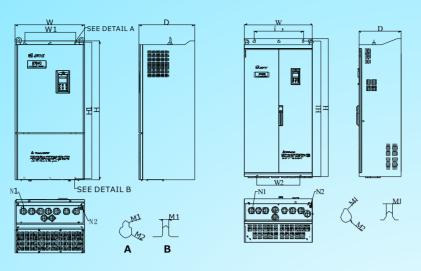


Fig.a Fig.b

## Mounting size and series type explanation

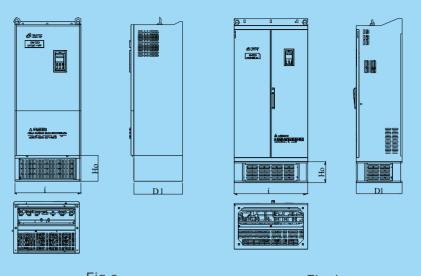
Inverter type	Rated output Current(A)	Adaptable motor(KW)	H (mm)	H1 (mm)	W (mm)	W1 (mm)	W2 (mm)	D (mm)	N1 (mm)	N2 (mm)	M1 (mm)	M2 (mm)	Fig.
EN500 -4T0750G/0900P	150/176	75/90	570	546	340	237	_	320	_		<b>4</b> 12	ф 10	
EN500-4T0900G/1100P	176/210	90/110	370	340	340	237	-	320	_	-	Ф 12	Ф 18	
EN500-4T1100G/1320P	210/253	110/132	CEO	628	400	297		340			<b>4.12</b>	<b>4.10</b>	
EN500-4T1320G/1600P	253/304	132/160	650	020	400	297	-	340	-	-	Ф 12	Ф 18	Fig.a
EN500-4T1600G/2000P	304/380	160/200	980	953	480	370	-	400	Ф38	Ф 19	Ф9	Ф 18	
EN500-4T2000G/2200P	380/426	200/220	1020	1002	E00	370		400	Φ20	<b>410</b>	<b>*</b> 0	<b>410</b>	
EN500-4T2200G/2500P	426/474	220/250	1030	1003	500	3/0	-	400	Ф38	Ф19	Ф9	Ф18	
EN500-4T2500G/2800P	474/520	250/280											
EN500-4T2800G/3150P	520/600	280/315	1368	1322	700	500	440	430	Ф52	Ф19	Ф12	Ф22	
EN500-4T3150G/3550P	600/650	315/355											
EN500-4T3550G/3750P	650/680	355/375											Fig.b
EN500-4T3750G/4000P	680/750	375/400	1518	1483	700	500	500	430	OB 77*47	Ф19	Ф12	Ф 22	
EN500-4T4000G/4500P	750/800	400/450							,, 4,				

## Accessories base

## Converter and base corresponding relational tables

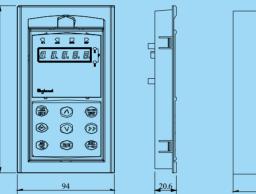
Inverter type	Base type						
iliverter type	Standard base	With input reactor	With output reactor	With DC reactor			
EN500-4T0750G/0900P	SP-BS-0900	SP-BS-0750-LI	SP-BS-0900-L0	SP-BS-0750-LD			
EN500-4T0900G/1100P	3F B3 0700	SP-BS-0900-L1	SP-BS-0900-L0	-			
EN500-4T1100G/1320P	SP-BS-1320	SP-BS-1100-LI	SP-BS-1100-L0	-			
EN500-4T1320G/1600P	3F-B3-1320	SP-BS-1320-LI	SP-BS-1320-L0	-			
EN500-4T1600G/2000P	SP-BS-1600	SP-BS-1600-LI	SP-BS-1600-L0	-			
EN500-4T2000G/2200P	SP-BS-2200	SP-BS-2000-L1	SP-BS-2000-L0	-			
EN500-4T2200G/2500P	3F B3 2200	SP-BS-2200-L1	SP-BS-2200-L0	-			
EN500-4T2500G/2800P		SP-BS-2500-L1	SP-BS-2500-L0	-			
EN500-4T2800G/3150P		SP-BS-2800-L1	SP-BS-2800-L0	-			
EN500-4T3150G/3550P	SP-BS-4000	SP-BS-3150-LI	SP-BS-3150-L0	-			
EN500-4T3550G/3750P	3F-B3-4000	SP-BS-4000-L1	SP-BS-4000-L0	-			
EN500-4T3750G/4000P		SP-BS-4000-L1	📵 w w w . f a m	cocorp.com			
EN500-4T4000G/4500P		SP-BS-4000-L1	E-mail: info@	famcocorp.com			
			@ @famco_gro	•			

## Base dimension



## Fig.c Fig.d

## Outer size of keypad and its fixing box(unit: mm)



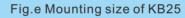




Fig.f Hole size of KB25 keypad

## Base size



Base type	W (mm)	ت	سنع	پر
SP-BS-0900	340			
SP-BS-0750-L1				
SP-BS-0750-LD				
SP-BS-0900-L1	340	300	350	
SP-BS-0900-L0				
SP-BS-1320	400	320	180	
SP-BS-1100-LI				
SP-BS-1100-L0	400	320	380	
SP-BS-1320-LI	400	320	300	Fig.c
SP-BS-1320-L0				
SP-BS-1600	480	380	180	
SP-BS-1600-LI	480	380	400	
SP-BS-1600-L0	100	300		
SP-BS-2200	500	380	200	
SP-BS-2000-L1				
SP-BS-2000-L0	500	380	400	
SP-BS-2200-L1	300	300		
SP-BS-2200-L0				
SP-BS-4000	700	430	204	
SP-BS-2500-L1				
SP-BS-2500-L0				
SP-BS-2800-L1	700	430	400	
SP-BS-2800-L0	700	150		Fig.d
SP-BS-3150-LI				
SP-BS-3150-L0				
SP-BS-4000-L1	700	430	450	
SP-BS-4000-L0	700	430	750	

## Product technic index and spec.

Item	1	Item description				
Rating vol	t.,frequency	3 phase 380V:60Hz				
Allowed	volt. range	320~460V				
Vol	ltage	0~380V				
Freq	uency	0~650Hz				
overload	d capacity	Gtype:150% of rated current for 1 minute ; Ptype:120% of rated current for 1 minute.				
Contro	ol mode	speed sensorless vector control, open loop V/F control				
Speed regu	ulation range	1:100				
Start-u	p torque	150% of rated torque at 0.5Hz				
Start-up torque Running speed stable state precision		$\leq$ $\pm 0.5\%$ of rating synchronous speed				
Frequenc	y precision	Digital setting: max. frequency x ± 0.01% Analog setting: max. frequency x ± 0.5%				
	Analog setting	0.1% of max. frequency				
Frequency resolution	Digital setting	The precision less than 100HZ: 0.01Hz				
Frequency precision  Analog setting Frequency resolution  Digital setting Exterior impulse  Torque boost		0.1% of max. frequency				
Torqu	e boost	Automatic torque boost, manual torque boost 0.1~12.0%				
		Set rating frequency randomly at range of 5~650Hz,can choose constant torque, degressive torque 1,degressive torque 2,degressive torque 3,user defined V/F curve in total 5 kinds of curve				
	Rating vol Allowed Vol Freq overload Contro Speed regu Start-u Running s state p Frequency resolution Torqu V/F curve(v	Rating volt.,frequency Allowed volt. range Voltage Frequency overload capacity  Control mode Speed regulation range Start-up torque Running speed stable state precision Frequency precision Analog setting				

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9F1

nd deceleration and "S"acceleration and deceleration; 15 types of (جاده مخصوص کرج) time, the time unit is optional (0.01s,0.1s,1s), the max is 1000 minutes

روبـروی پالایشگاه نفت پـارس، پلاک ۱۲



FAMCO هایپرمنعت

ISO Quality Management System Authentication



# User Manual EN500/600 series

Ver.3.0



Address: 5-6F, Bldg.4, Minqi Technology Park,

Lishan Rd., Nanshan Area, Shenzhen 518055, China

Website: http://www.encvfd.com

E-mail: encvfd@encvfd.com encvfd@enc.net.cn

Tel: +86-755 www.famcocorp.com

E-mail: info@famcocorp.com

@famco\_group

Tel:∘۲۱– ۴ Λ ∘ ∘ ∘ ∘ ۴ 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F5FP



SHENZHEN ENCOM ELECTRIC TECHNOLOGIES CO.,LTD.

تهران، کیلومتر۲۱ بزرگراه لشگری (جاده مخصوص کرج) روبـروی یالایشگاه نفت یارس، یلاک ۱۲



## **Foreword**

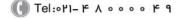
Thank you for purchasing EN500/EN600 series inverter by Shenzhen Encom Electric Technologies CO., LTD.

EN500/EN600 series hi-performance flux vector inverter adopt advanced control mode to achieve high torque, high precision and wide-range speed regulation drive, and it also support speed sensorless torque control and PG control torque. It can meet customer all kinds of requirement to universal inverter. EN500/EN600 inverter is a organic combination for customer's universal and industrial control purpose and provide practical main-auxiliary frequency provision, run channel frequency binding, PID regulator, simple PLC, spinning traverse, programmable input&output terminal control, pulse frequency provision and inbuilt Modbus, Can bus, Profibus, 485 freedom protocol and other function and platform. It provide high integration solution for most manufacturing and automation customer and EN500/EN600 inbuilt input phase loss function, output phase loss function, short circuit to earth grounding function and many other protective function to improve effectively the system reliability and safety.

This brochure provide the installation and wiring, settings, fault check and methods, maintenance and other relative issues to customer. To make inverter assemble and operate rightly, and use its high performance to best, please read this brochure carefully before installation usage and keep them well to the final users of inverter

Please contact our office or dealer anywhere at any moment when you have any doubts or special demands in using these inverters, and you can also contact our after service center in our Headquarters directly. We will serve you with all our heart

We reserve our right to notice you if we change contents of this manual.





corp.com mcocorp.com

(I) Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9F1

ں، پلاک ۱۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



## **Content**

1	Safety information and use notice points ······
	1.1 Safety precautions·····
	1.2 Application range ······3
	1.3 Use notice points ······3
	1.4 Scraping handling notice4
2	Inverter type and specification5
	2.1 Incoming inverter inspect ······5
	2.2 Type explanation5
	2.3 Nameplate explanation ·····5
	2.4 Inverter type explanation6
	2.5 Appearance and parts name explanation7
	2.6 Outer size8
	2.7 EN500 optional base
	2.8 Outer size of keypad and its fixing box 12
	2.9 Product technic index and spec ······13
3	Installation and wiring ·····16
	3.1 Installation ambient
	3.1.1 The demands for installation ambient 16
	3.1.2 Installation direction and space ·····16
	3.2 Parts disassembly and installation ······17
	3.2.1 Keyboard disassembly and installation17
	3.2.2 Cover disassembly and installation 17
	3.3 Wiring notice points ·····18
	3.4 Main loop terminal wiring ————————————————————————————————————
	3.4.1 Connection between inverter and fitting parts21
	3.4.2 Main loop terminal wiring
	3.5 Basic running wiring diagram 25
	3.6 Control loop collocation and wiring25

corp.com ncocorp.com





ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



	3.6.2	Descriptions for control board terminal	فانسرصنعت
	3.6.3	Analog input&output terminal wiring	
	3.6.4	Digital input terminal wiring	JU
	3.6.5	Communication terminal wiring	32
4	EMC (Ele	ectromagnetic compatibility) explanation	34
	4.1 Noise	interference restraining·····	34
	4.1.1	Interference noise type ·····	34
	4.1.2	Basic countermeasure for restrain interference	35
	4.2 Field	wiring and earth grounding	36
	4.3 Leak	current and countermeasure	36
	4.4 Install	ation demand for electromagnetic on-off electro	nic device·····37
	4.5 Noise	filter installation instructions	37
5		peration explanation for inverter	
		f inverter	
		Running order channels	
	5.1.2	Frequency-provision channel ·····	38
	5.1.3	Work state	39
		Run mode ····	
		tion and use of key board ·····	
		Keypad layout·····	
		Keypad function description	
		LED and indicator light	
		Key board display status ·····	
		User Management Parameters	
		Method for operating keypad ·····	
		er electrification ·····	
		Check before electrification	
		First electrification·····	
6		arameter schedule graph	
corp		ol descrintion	50
corp.c		Теl:۰۲۱– ۴ Л о о о о Р 9	ده مخصوص کرج)
ncocorp.c	om		



7	Detailed function specification
	7.1 System Parameter Group: F00 ·····
	7.2 Basic Run Function Parameter Group:F01······
	7.3 Start, stop, forward/reverse,
	brake function parameter group: F02······108
	7.4 V/F control parameter group: F03 ······114
	7.5 Auxiliary running parameter group: F04117
	7.6 Communication control parameter group: F05 ······123
	7.7 Setting curve parameter group: F06128
	7.8 Analog quantity, Pulse input function parameter group: F07······132
	7.9 On-off input function parameter group: F08 ·····135
	7.10 Switch output function parameter group: F09 ······150
	7.11 Simple PLC/Multi-speed function parameters Group:F10 ······162
	7.12 Closed-Loop PID operation Parameters Group:F11169
	7.13 Constant pressure water supply function parameters Group: F12······176
	7.14 Traverse, Fixed-length control Function Parameters Group: F13······179
	7.15 Vector Control parameters Group: F14 ······183
	7.16 Motor parameters Group: F15 ·····188
	7.17 Closed-loop encoder parameters Group: F16 ·····191
	7.18 Reserved parameters Group1:F17······195
	7.19 Enhanced Control Functions Parameters Group: F18 ·····196
	7.20 Protective Relevant Function Parameters Group:F19 ······200
	7.21 Internal Virtual Input Output Node Parameter Group: F20 ······211
	7.22 Reserved parameter group 2:F21 ·····214
	7.23 Reserved parameter group 3:F22 ·····214
	7.24 Reserved parameter group 4:F23 ·····214
	7.25 Reserved parameter group 5:F24 ·····214
	7.26 User Definition Display Parameter Group: F25 ·····215
	7.27 Fault Record Function Parameter Group: F26 ·····217
	7 28 Password and Manufacturer Function Parameter Group: F27 ······219
corp.c	O M

ncocorp.com



	re and countermeasure	يرصنعت
8.2 Failu	re record lookup ······	
8.3 Failu	ire reset ·····	220
8.4 Alar	m reset·····	226
9 Maintena	nce ····	227
9.1 Rout	ine maintenance	227
9.2 Inspe	ection and replacement of damageable parts	227
	ir guarantee·····	
9.4 Stora	nge ·····	229
Appendix A	Modbus communication protocol······	230
Appendix B	Free-port communication protocol	244
Appendix C	Keyboard ·····	256
C.1 Key	board selection	256
C.2 LED	double-display digital potentiometer keyboard	256
C.3 LCI	keyboard	257
C.4 LED	single-display keyboard······	262
C.5 Con	nmunication Component ·····	263
Appendix D	Communication extension card	264
D.1 Con	nmunication card selection	264
D.2 PRO	OFIBUS-DP communication card	264
D.3 CAN	Nopen communication card······	267
D.4 CA	Nlink communication card	269
Appendix E	Universal encoder expansion card	271
	Braking unit and braking registance	



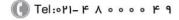


To make ensure personal & equipment safety, this chapter before the inverter come into use.

## 1.1 Safety precautions

There are three kinds of safety warnings in this manual as below:

Symbol Symbol description				
A	It may cause human death, serious injury or heavy property loss with wrong operation.			
A	It may result body or device damage with wrong and timeless precautions under operation.			
Note	Should pay extra cautions when inverter in use under this symbol			







Forbid to cut off the power source directly wherunning, acceleration or deceleration status. P cut off when inverter completely in halt and standard status. Otherwise user should be responsible for inverter and device damage and human injury.

- (1) Forbid to connect AC power source to output terminal U,V,W, otherwise it could cause inverter completely damage.
- (2) Not allow for short circuit between(-)and(+), otherwise it could cause inverter damage and power source short circuit.
- (3) Forbid to install inverter on flammable objects, otherwise it may cause fire.
- (4) Do not install inverter in a environment with explosive gas, it may cause explosion.
- (5) Bare connection terminal should be insulation treatment after main loop connection, otherwise it may cause electric shock.
- (6) Do not operate inverter with wet hands when inverter power on, otherwise it may cause electric shock.
- (7) Inverter earth terminal should be well grounding connection.
- (8) Do not open the front cover for wiring when inverter power on. Inverter wiring and check must handle after 10 minutes of inverter power off.
- (9) Wiring connection should handle by qualified person and not allow to slip any conductive objects inside inverter, otherwise it may cause a electric shock or inverter damage.
- (10) when inverter stocked for more than 6 months, using voltage regulator to boost voltage up and keep inverter in standy status for 1 hour, otherwise it may cause electric shock and explosion.



- (1) Forbid to connect control terminals except TA, TB, TC to AC 220V/380V signal, otherwise it may cause inverter completely damage.
- (2) Do not install and run inverter when inverter damage or spare part less, otherwise it may cause fire or human injury.
- (3) inverter should install in a place where can accept itself weight, otherwise it may cause inverter drop down or belongings damage.

corp.com

( Tel:011- + 1 0 0 0 0 + 4

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یناک ۱۲



## 1.2 Application range

- (1) This kind of inverter apply to 3 phase ac asynchronous n industry.
- (2) It should handle cautiously and consult with manufacturer when inverter apply to high reliability required equipment which relevant to life, properties and safety device.
- (3) This kind of inverter is the general motor control device in industry. When inverter apply to dangerous equipment, safeguard should be considerable in case of inverter failure.

#### 1.3 Use notice points

- (1) EN500/EN600 series inverter belong to voltage type inverter, and it is normal with up temperature, noise and vibration of motor increasing over power frequency run slightly.
- (2) It is required to match inverter with variable frequency motor running at low speed with constant torque for long time. When match inverter with general asynchronous motor running at low speed, it should take measures to make motor heat dissipation or monitoring motor temperature in avoid of motor flash.
- (3) It is necessary to take measures in advance for the damage caused for the bad lubrication of the reduction box and wheel gear mechanical devices running at low speed for long time.
- (4) It is necessary to assure at first that the use speed range of motor bearings and mechanical devices, also the increasing of motor vibration and noise should be considered, when motor run over rated frequency.
- (5) It is necessary to select the suitable brake assembly for hoisting device and big inertia load to make sure the normal work when inverter stripping from power grid for the overcurrent or overvoltage failure.
- (6) Inverter start and stop control through terminal or other normal command channel, otherwise it may cause inverter damage via connecting inverter input terminal to big current switch just like contactor direct to start and stop inverter frequently.
- (7) It is necessary to make sure inverter cut off from operation without output, when inverter and motor connect through switch components just like contactor etc. Otherwise it will cause inverter damage.
- (8) When inverter output frequency within some range, it may meet mechanical resonance point of load device, through setting jump frequency to avoid it.

corp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ن (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یناک ۱۲



- (10)When inverter usage site altitude over1000 meters, inv current to use, output current decrease about 10% of rated coincrease
- (11)Motor should do insulation check before first usage or reusage after lay aside for long time. Checking method show as graph 1-1 below with 500V voltage type megohm meter , insulation resistance should not smaller than 5 M $\Omega$ , otherwise inverter maybe damaged.
- (12)Forbid inverter output side to assemble capacitor to improve power factor or anti-thunder dependent resistor etc, otherwise it may cause inverter fault trip or component damage show as graph 1-2.

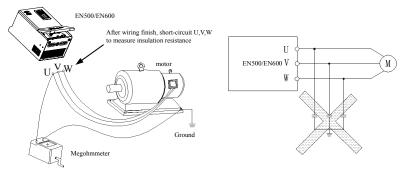
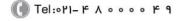


Fig.1-1 motor insulation check Fig.1-2 capacitor at output side forbidden

#### 1.4 Scraping handling notice:

Notices when handling with scrapped inverter and components:

- (1) The unit: dispose the inverter as industrial waste.
- (2) Electrolytic capacitor: It may cause explosion when electrolytic capacitor under burning.
- (3)Plastic: it may result in harmful and poisonous gas when plastic and rubber of inverter burning, and safeguard preparations should be taken before burning.





، (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲



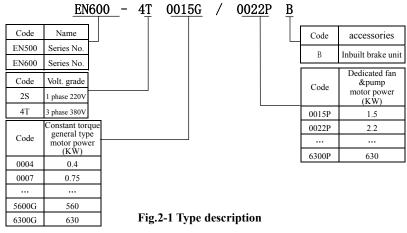
## ایبرصنعت Inverter type and specifica

## 2.1 Incoming inverter inspect

- (1) Check if there is damage during transportation and inverter itself has damage or fall-off parts.
- (2) Check if parts presented in packing list are all ready.
- (3) Please confirm nameplate data of the inverter is in line with your order requirement.

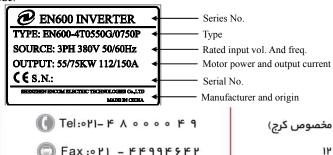
Our product is guaranteed by strict quality system during manufacturing, packing, transportation etc., please contact our company or local agent rapidly if some careless omission or mistake arise, we'll deal with it as soon as possible.

## 2.2 Type explanation



## 2.3 Nameplate explanation

Nameplate presented as figure 2-2 with type and rating data at the bottom of inverter right side.



corp.com ncocorp.com

FAMCO هایپرسنعت

2.4 Inverter type explanation

Input Voltage	Inverter type	Rated output Current(A)	پـرصنعت
	EN600-2S0004	2.5	0.4
	EN600-2S0007	4	0.75
1 phase 220V	EN600-2S0015	7	1.5
220 V	EN600-2S0022	10	2.2
	EN600-2S0037	15	3.7
	EN600-4T0007G/0015P	2.3/3.7	0.75/1.5
	EN600-4T0015G/0022P	3.7/5	1.5/2.2
	EN600-4T0022G/0037P	5/8.5	2.2/3.7
	EN600-4T0037G	8.5	3.7
	EN600-4T0055P	13	5.5
	EN600-4T0055G/0075P	13/17	5.5/7.5
	EN600-4T0075G/0110P	17/25	7.5/11
	EN600-4T0110G/0150P	25/33	11/15
	EN600-4T0150G/0185P	33/39	15/18.5
	EN600-4T0185G/0220P	39/45	18.5/22
	EN600-4T0220G/0300P	45/60	22/30
	EN600-4T0300G/0370P	60/75	30/37
	EN600-4T0370G/0450P	75/91	37/45
3 phase	EN600-4T0450G/0550P	91/112	45/55
380V	EN600-4T0550G/0750P	112/150	55/75
	EN500-4T0750G/0900P	150/176	75/90
	EN500-4T0900G/1100P	176/210	90/110
	EN500-4T1100G/1320P	210/253	110/132
	EN500-4T1320G/1600P	253/304	132/160
	EN500-4T1600G/2000P	304/380	160/200
Ī	EN500-4T2000G/2200P	380/426	200/220
-	EN500-4T2200G/2500P	426/474	220/250
Ī	EN500-4T2500G/2800P	474/520	250/280
Ţ	EN500-4T2800G/3150P	520/600	280/315
Ţ	EN500-4T3150G/3550P	600/650	315/355
j	EN500-4T3550G/3750P	650/680	355/375
. o m	EN500-4T3750G/4000P	680/750	375/400

ncocorp.com

FAMCO
هايپرصنعت

630

EN500-4T4500G/5000P	800/870
EN500-4T5000G/5600P	870/940
EN500-4T5600G/6300P	940/1100
EN500-4T6300G	1100

## 2.5 Appearance and parts name explanation

## 2.5.1 EN600 Appearance and parts name explanation

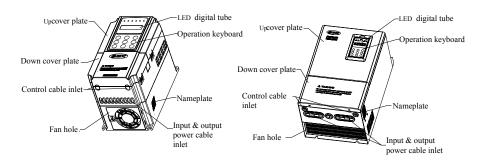


Fig.2-3 EN600 Parts name sketch

## 2.5.2 EN500 Appearance and parts name explanation

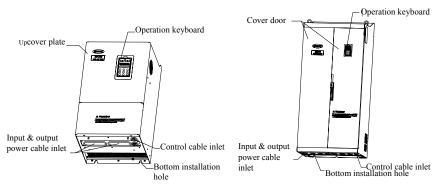
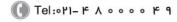


Fig.2-4 EN500 Parts name sketch

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲

# FAMCC هايپرسنعت

## 2.6 Outer size

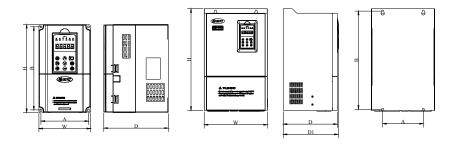


Fig.a Fig.b

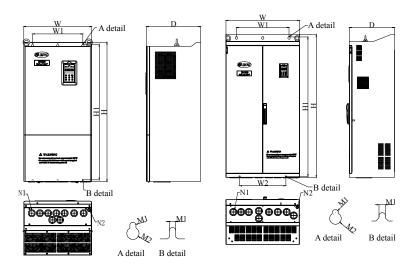
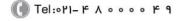


Fig.c Fig.d

corp.com ncocorp.com



(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FP

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

ں، پلاک ۱۲



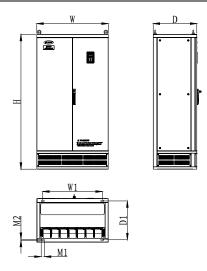


Fig.e

Fig.2-5 Outer dimension

Table 2-1 EN600 mounting size

	3							
Inverter type	A (mm)	B (mm)	W (mm)	H (mm)	D (mm)	D1 (mm)	Fix Hole (mm)	Fig. No.
EN600-2S0004								
EN600-2S0007	104	186	115	200	151	_	5	Fig.a
EN600-2S0015	104	160	113	200	131	-	3	rig.a
EN600-2S0022								
EN600-2S0037	129	227	140	240	175	-	5	Fig.a
EN600-4T0007G/0015P								
EN600-4T0015G/0022P	104	186	115	200	151	_	5	Fig.a
EN600-4T0022G/0037P	104	180	113	200	131	-	3	ı ıg.a
EN600-4T0037G								
EN600-4T0055P								
EN600-4T0055G/0075P	129	227	140	240	175	-	5	Fig.a
EN600-4T0075G/0110P								
EN600-4T0110G/0150P	165	281	180	304	189		6	Fig.a
EN600-4T0150G/0185P	103	201	180	304	189		o	rig.a
EN600-4T0185G/0220P	180	382	250	398	210	214	9	Fig.b
EN600-4T0220G/0300P	180	382	230	398	210	214	9	1.1g.0
EN600 4T0200G/0270P		1	1	1	1			1

ncocorp.com

Tel:071- 4 A 0 0 0 0 4 9

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



EN600-4T0450G/0550P	100	504.5	200	520	250
EN600-4T0550G/0750P	190	504.5	290	530	250

#### Table 2-2 EN500 mounting size

Inverter type	H (mm)	H1 (mm)	W (mm)	W1 (mm)	W2 (mm)	D (mm)	D1 (mm)	N1 (mm)	N2 (mm)	M1 (mm)	M2 (mm)	Fig. No.
EN500-4T0750G/0900P	570	546	340	237		320				Ф12	Ф18	
EN500-4T0900G/1100P	5/0	546	340	231	-	320	-	-	-	Ψ12	Ψ18	
EN500-4T1100G/1320P	650	628	400	297		340				Ф12	Ф18	
EN500-4T1320G/1600P	030	028	400	291	,	340	-	-	,	Ψ12	Ψιδ	Fig.c
EN500-4T1600G/2000P	980	953	480	370	ı	400	-	Ф38	Ф19	Ф9	Ф18	
EN500-4T2000G/2200P	1030	1003	500	370		400	_	Ф38	Ф19	Ф9	Ф18	
EN500-4T2200G/2500P	1030	1003	300	370	,	400	-	Ψ36	Ψ19	Ψ9	Ψιο	
EN500-4T2500G/2800P												
EN500-4T2800G/3150P	1368	1322	700	500	440	430	-	Ф52	Ф19	Ф12	Ф22	
EN500-4T3150G/3550P												Fig.d
EN500-4T3550G/3750P								0.0				r ig.u
EN500-4T3750G/4000P	1518	1483	700	500	500	430	-	OB 77*47	Ф19	Ф12	Ф22	
EN500-4T4000G/4500P								,, 1,				
EN500-4T4500G/5000P	1650		850	700		550	490			40	Ф13	
EN500-4T5000G/5600P	1030	-	830	700	,	330	490	-	,	40	Ψ15	Fig.e
EN500-4T5600G/6300P	1700		900	750		550	490			40	Ф13	rig.e
EN500-4T6300G	1700	-	900	/30	-	330	490	_	-	40	Ψ13	

## 2.7 EN500 optional base

#### 2.7.1 EN500 inverter and base selection table

	Base model					
Туре	Standard base	base with Input reactor	Base with output reactor	base with DC reactor		
EN500-4T0750G/0900P	GD DG 0000	SP-BS-0750-LI	SP-BS-0900-LO	SP-BS-0750-LD		
EN500-4T0900G/1100P	SP-BS-0900	SP-BS-0900-LI	SP-BS-0900-LO	-		
EN500-4T1100G/1320P	GD DG 1220	SP-BS-1100-LI	SP-BS-1100-LO	-		
EN500-4T1320G/1600P	SP-BS-1320	SP-BS-1320-LI	SP-BS-1320-LO	-		
EN500-4T1600G/2000P	SP-BS-1600	SP-BS-1600-LI	SP-BS-1600-LO	-		
EN500-4T2000G/2200P	GD DG 2200	SP-BS-2000-LI	SP-BS-2000-LO	-		
EN500-4T2200G/2500P	SP-BS-2200	SP-BS-2200-LI	SP-BS-2200-LO	-		
EN500-4T2500G/2800P	SP-BS-4000	SP-BS-2500-LI	SP-BS-2500-LO	-		
EN500-4T2800G/3150P		SP-BS-2800-LI	SP-BS-2800-LO	-		
EN500-4T3150G/3550P	1	SP-BS-3150-LI	SP-BS-3150-LO	-		

corp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



Fax:011 - FF99F9FF



[	EN500-4T3750G/4000P	SP-BS-4000-LI	SP-BS
	EN500-4T4000G/4500P	SP-BS-4000-LI	SP-BS

#### 2.7.2 Base outer dimension

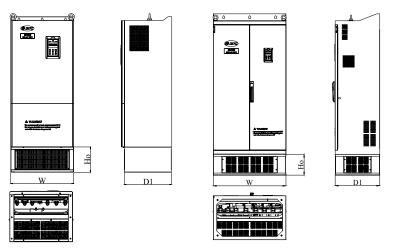


Fig.a Fig.b

Fig.2-6 base dimension

Table 2-3 base size

Base model	W (mm)	D1 (mm)	Ho (mm)	Fig.
SP-BS-0900	340	300	180	Fig.a
SP-BS-0750-LI				
SP-BS-0750-LD	240	300	350	
SP-BS-0900-LI	340	300	330	
SP-BS-0900-LO				
SP-BS-1320	400	320	180	
SP-BS-1100-LI				
SP-BS-1100-LO	400	320	380	
SP-BS-1320-LI		320	380	
SP-BS-1320-LO				
SP-BS-1600	480	380	180	
			·	7

corp.com ncocorp.com

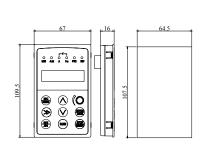
Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲

FAM	
لرصنعت	

				`
SP-BS-1600-LO			صنعت	
SP-BS-2200	500	380	صعما	يپر
SP-BS-2000-LI				
SP-BS-2000-LO	500	200	400	
SP-BS-2200-LI	500	380		
SP-BS-2200-LO	-			
SP-BS-4000	700	430	204	
SP-BS-2500-LI				Ī l
SP-BS-2500-LO				
SP-BS-2800-LI	700	430	400	
SP-BS-2800-LO	700			Fig.b
SP-BS-3150-LI				
SP-BS-3150-LO				
SP-BS-4000-LI	700	120	450	1
SP-BS-4000-LO		430	450	

## 2.8 Outer size of keypad and its fixing box(unit:mm)



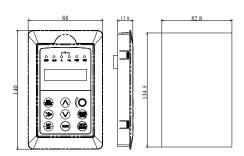


Fig.2-7 Mounting size of keypad

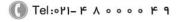
Fig.2-8 Hole size of keypad



1. EN-LCD2 long-distance keypad outer lead, do not support keypad holder installed, only keypad installed support, mounting size refer to Fig.2-7.

2. Except EN-LCD2 long-distance keypad, when other keypad outer lead, user can adjust the hole size under actual situation on keypad or keypad holder; thickness of install board between 1.0  $\sim$  1.5mm is suggested.







ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲



## 2.9 Product technic index and spec

2.7 1	Toduct	ttemme i	ndex and spec			
	Item		Item descripti			
Input	Rating vol	t., frequency	1 phase 220V Grade: 1 phase 220V, 50Hz/60Hz 3 phase 380V Grade: 3 phase 380V, 50Hz/60Hz 1 phase 220V Grade: 200~260V			
	Allowed	volt. range	3 phase 380V Grade: 320~460V			
	Voltage		0∼380V			
Output	Frequency		0∼600Hz			
	Over loading capacity		G type: 150% of rated current for 1 minute; P type: 120% of rated current for 1 minute.			
	Control mode		vector control, PG vector control, open-loop V/F control, torque control, PG torque control			
	Velocity control precision		±0.5% rated synchronous speed (vector control); ±0.1% rated synchronous speed (PG vector control); ±1% rated synchronous speed (V/F control);			
Control Performance	Speed regulation range		1: 2000 (PG vector control) 1: 100 (vector control); 1: 50 (V/F control);			
	Start-up torque		1.0Hz: 150% rated torque (V/F control); 0.5Hz: 150% rated torque (vector control); 0Hz: 180% rated torque (PG vector control);			
	Speed fluctuation		±0.3% rated synchronous speed (vector control); ±0.1% rated synchronous speed (PG vector control);			
	Torque control precision		±10% rated torque (vector control, torque control); ±5% rated torque (PG vector control, PG torque control).			
	Torque response		≤20ms (vector control); ≤10ms (PG vector control);			
	Frequency precision		Digital setting: max. frequency×±0.01%; Analog setting: max. frequency×±0.5%			
nance	Freq. resolution	Analog setting	0.1% of max. frequency			
		Digital setting precision	0.01Hz			
		Exterior impulse	0.1% of max. frequency			
	Torque boost		Automatic torque boost; manual torque boost 0.1~12.0%			
	V/F curve(volt. Frequency characteristic)		Setting rated frequency at the range of $5{\sim}650$ Hz, by choosing constant torque, degressive torque 1, degressive torque 2, degressive torque 3, self-defined V/F total 5 kinds of curve.			
	Acceleration Deceleration curve		Two modes: straight line acceleration and deceleration; S curve acceleration and deceleration; 15 kinds of acceleration and deceleration time, time unit (0.01s, 0.1s, 1s) for option, max. time for 1000 minutes			

ncocorp.com



	Power consumption brake brake		EN600 3 phase 15KW & under powe unit, only add brake resistor between ( 18.5KW & up power range is possible (+) and (-) outside; or extra connect b resistor between (+) and PB. EN500 series can connect brake unit between (+) and (-) outside.			
		DC brake	Start, stop action for option, action frequency $0\!\sim\!15{\rm Hz}$ , action current $0\!\sim\!100\%$ of rated current, action time $0\!\sim\!30.0{\rm s}$			
	jog		Jog frequency range: $0$ Hz $\sim$ up limit frequency; jog acceleration and deceleration time $0.1\sim$ 6000.0 seconds for setting.			
	Multi-section speed run		Realized by inbuilt PLC or control terminal; with 15 section speed, each section speed with separately acceleration and deceleration time; with inbuilt PLC can achieve reserve when power down.			
	Inbuil	t PID controller	Convenient to make closed-loop control system			
	Automatic energy saving run Automatic voltage regulate(AVR) Automatic current limiting		Optimize V/F curve automatically to achieve power saving run according to the load status.			
			Automatically keep output voltage constant, when the power grid voltage fluctuation			
			Current limited automatically under run mode in avoid of inverter over-current frequently to trip.			
	carrier modulation		Modulate carrier wave automatically according to the load characteristic.			
	Speed	tracking restart	Make rotating motor smoothly start without shocking			
Running function	running command specified channel		Keypad specified, control terminal specified, communication specified can switch through various means.			
	Running frequency specified channel		Main & auxiliary specified to a realize one main adjusting and one fine control. Digital specified, analog specified, pulse specified, pulse width specified, communication specified and others, which can be switched by many means at any time.			
	Binding function		Run command channel and frequency specified channel can bind together randomly and switch synchronously			
Input output characteristic	Digital input channel		Channel 8 for universal digital input, max. Frequency 1KHz, channel 1 can be used as pulse input channel, max. Input 50KHz, which can be expanded to channel 14.			
	Analog input channel		Channel 2 for analog input channel, AI1 can choose $4\sim20\text{mA}$ or $0\sim10\text{V}$ output, AI2 is differential input channel, $4\sim20\text{mA}$ or $-10\sim10\text{V}$ for option, which can be expanded to channel 4 analog input.			
	Pulse output channel		$0.1 \sim 20 \text{KHz}$ pulse square signal output to achieve setting frequency, output frequency and other physical quantity output.			
	Analog output channel		Channel 2 for analog signal output, AO1 can choose $4\sim20\text{mA}$ or $0\sim10\text{V}$ , AO2 can choose $4\sim20\text{mA}$ or $0\sim10\text{V}$ to achieve setting frequency, output frequency and other physical quantity output,			

ncocorp.com



Unique function	Rapid current limit	Limit inverter over current to the great more stably		
	Monopulse control	Suitable for working site where need or start and stop, first press to start, then prepeats. Its very simple and reliable.		
	Fixed length control	Realize fixed length control		
tion	Timing control	Timing control function: setting time range 0.1Min $\sim6500.0$ Min		
	Virtual terminal	Five group virtual input & output IO can realize simply logic control		
keypad	Keypad display	The parameters as setting frequency, output frequency, output voltage, output current can be displayed		
pad	Button Locked	Lock all or part of the buttons		
Protection function		Motor power on Shot circuit test, input & output phase loss protection, over-current protection, over voltage protection, under voltage protection, over heat protection, overload protection, under load protection, relay absorption protection, terminal protection and no stop protection under power off.		
Environment	Application site	Indoor, not bare to sunlight, no dust, no corrosive gas, no flammable gas, no vapor, no water drop or salt etc.		
	Altitude	Under 1000 meter. (above 1000 meter require to reduce volume to use, output current reduce about 10% of rated currenvolt per 1000 meter high)		
	Environment temperature	-10 $^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$ 40 $^{\circ}$ ( environment temperature between 40 $^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$ need to reduce volume or strengthen heat sink )		
ent	Environment humidity	Smaller than 95%RH, no drop condenses		
	Vibration	Smaller than 5.9 M/S <sup>2</sup> (0.6g)		
	Storage temperature	-40°C ~+70°C		
stru	Protection grade	IP20		
structure	Cooling mode	Forced air cooling and natural		
	Installation mode	Wall hanging and cabinet installation		

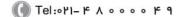


To get a perfect usage performance of the inverter, Please check and select right type according to this chapter before wiring.



It is necessary to select right type, otherwise it may cause motor abnormal run or inverter damage.

corp.com ncocorp.com





ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

## FAMCO المنعت Installation and wiring

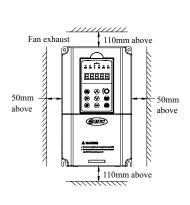
#### 3.1 Installation ambient

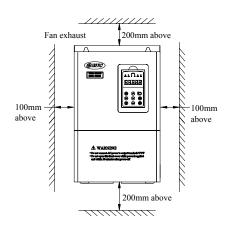
#### The demands for installation ambient

- (1) Installed in drafty indoor place, the ambient temperature should be within -10°C~40°C, it needs external compulsory heat sink or reduce the volume if temperature is over than 40°C; when temperature under -10°C, please preheat inverter first.
- (2) Avoid installing in places with direct sunlight, much dust, floating fiber and metal powder.
- (3) Don't install in place with corrosive, explosive gas.
- (4) The humidity should be smaller than 95%RH, without condensation water.
- (5) Installed in place of plane fixing vibration smaller than 5.9m/s<sup>2</sup>(0.6g).
- (6) Keep away from electromagnetic disturbance source and other electronic apparatus sensible to electromagnetic disturbance.

#### 3.1.2 Installation direction and space

- (1) Normally the inverter should be mounted vertically, horizontal mounting will seriously affect heat dissipation and the inverter must be used in lower volume.
- (2) Demand for minimum mounting space and distance, please see Fig.3-1.
- (3) When installing multiple inverters up and down, leading divider must be applied between them, see fig. 3-2.





a: 15KW & down power

b: 18.5KW & up power

#### Fig.3-1 mounting space

Tel:071-FA0000

Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

corp.com ncocorp.com



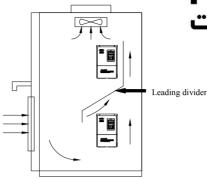


Fig.3-2 mounting of multiple inverters

## 3.2 Parts disassembly and installation

#### 3.2.1 Keyboard disassembly and installation

#### (1) Disassembly

Let the forefinger press finger inlet on the keypad, depress fixing flexible plate on the top lightly, draw it outward, then you can disassemble the keypad.

## (2) Assembly

First interface the fixed hook of on the bottom of keyboard with the keyboard installation claw of inverter, then press the fixed shrapnel on the top of keyboard to push it assemble well properly (keyboard assemble well when sounding of crisp), show as Fig.3-3.

#### 3.2.2 Cover disassembly and installation

#### 3.2.2.1 Cover disassembly and installation

#### (1) Disassembly

Located the thumbs to the side bayonet, the ring fingers on the joint of the up and down cover, with thumbs press inside and pull upside at the same time until the bayonet open between cover and whole case, then pull back cover to make it off the inverter.

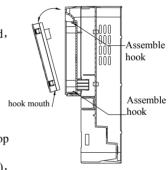
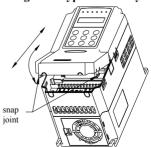


Fig.3-3 Keypad assembly



corp.com

ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 0

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲

# FAMCO هايپرسنعت

#### (2) Assembly

- 1) tilt cover at 5~10 degree;
- 2) interface installation claw with hook on the top of inverter, cover bayonet enter into the holes of two side completely, show as Fig.3-4.

#### 3.2.2.2 Metal cover disassembly and installation:

#### (1) Disassembly

First take off 2 screws at the side of the cover and move it a bit outward horizontally, then tilt it at 15 degree and draw it outward at the direction shown in right figure, now you can take the cover off.

#### (2) Assembly

First put down the cover in parallel with unit body and make it just locked at two sides of the inverter, secondly force it ahead and make fixing part on its top inserted into fixing slot of unit body, at last screw the cover and finish assembly for the cover.

Fig.3-5

As shown in Fig.3-5



Fig.3-5 metal cover disassemble and assembly

## 3.3 Wiring notice points

- (1)Assure power be cut off completely for above 10 minutes before wiring, otherwise there is danger of getting electric shock.
- (2) Forbid connecting power wire to output U, V, W of the inverter.
- (3) If there is current leakage inside inverter, inverter and motor must be earth grounding for safety assurance, please refer to clause 8 in Chapter 3.4.1 for grounding wiring.
- (4) Before shipment compression resistance test of the inverter is Passed, so users should not conduct compression resistance test again.
- (5) Do not add absorbing capacitor or other resistance-capacitor absorbing device between inverter and motor; also do not add electromagnetic contact. If contactor and other switch component needed to add, please make sure inverter suspended without output, show as Fig.3-6
- (6) To provide inverter over-current protection in output side and convenient maintenance under power off, it should be connected to power source through air switch and contactor.
- (7) Control signal wire should select multicore stranded wire or shielding wire. One end of the shielding layer hang in the air, and the other end connect to inverter earth grounding terminal, connection wire shorter than 20m

corp.com mcocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:07) - FF99F9FP

) (جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲



(1)Before wiring, assure power supply is cut off comminutes and all LED or LCD indicator light extingu

- (2) Before inverter internal wiring, confirm that DC voil. Detween main loop end P+ and P- fall down to below DC36V.
- (3) Wiring can only be done by professional person trained and qualified.
- (4) Before power on, check if voltage grade of the inverter is in line with that of power supply volt., otherwise will cause personnel injured and device damaged.

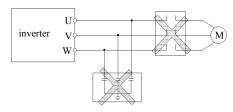


Fig.3-6 Forbid to use contactor and absorbing capacitor

## 3.4 Main loop terminal wiring

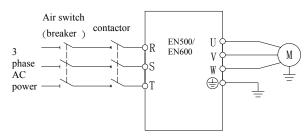
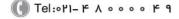


Fig.3-7 main loop simple wiring

To keep user power grid safety, please choose proper air switch, breaker, wiring at power input side, parameter recommended show as Table 3-1 (Remark: wire must choose PVC insulation copper conductor).





#### Table 3-1 parameter recommended for air switch (bro wire selection

	•	ii e sereetio			
Type	Air switch or breaker (A)	Contactor (A)	Input power wire mm <sup>2</sup>	mm <sup>-</sup>	•   mm²
EN600-2S0004	6	9	0.75	0.75	0.5
EN600-2S0007	10	12	0.75	0.75	0.5
EN600-2S0015	16	18	1.5	1.5	0.5
EN600-2S0022	16	18	1.5	1.5	0.5
EN600-2S0037	20	25	2.5	2.5	0.75
EN600-4T0007G/0015P	6	9	0.75	0.75	0.5
EN600-4T0015G/0022P	10	12	0.75	0.75	0.5
EN600-4T0022G/0037P	16	18	1.5	1.5	0.5
EN600-4T0037G	16	18	1.5	1.5	0.5
EN600-4T0055P	20	25	2.5	2.5	0.75
EN600-4T0055G/0075P	20	25	2.5	2.5	0.75
EN600-4T0075G/0110P	25	25	4.0	4.0	0.75
EN600-4T0110G/0150P	32	32	6.0	6.0	0.75
EN600-4T0150G/0185P	40	40	6.0	6.0	0.75
EN600-4T0185G/0220P	50	50	10	10	1.0
EN600-4T0220G/0300P	50	50	10	10	1.0
EN600-4T0300G/0370P	63	63	16	16	1.0
EN600-4T0370G/0450P	80	80	25	25	1.0
EN600-4T0450G/0550P	100	115	35	35	1.0
EN600-4T0550G/0750P	125	125	50	50	1.0
EN500-4T0750G/0900P	250	160	70	70	1.5
EN500-4T0900G/1100P	250	160	95	95	1.5
EN500-4T1100G/1320P	350	350	120	120	1.5
EN500-4T1320G/1600P	400	400	120	120	1.5
EN500-4T1600G/2000P	500	500	150	150	1.5
EN500-4T2000G/2200P	630	630	185	185	1.5
EN500-4T2200G/2500P	700	700	240	240	1.5
EN500-4T2500G/2800P	800	800	120*2	120*2	1.5
EN500-4T2800G/3150P	800	800	120*2	120*2	1.5
EN500-4T3150G/3550P	1000	1000	150*2	150*2	1.5
EN500-4T3550G/3750P	1000	1000	185*2	185*2	1.5
EN500-4T3750G/4000P	1250	1250	240*2	240*2	1.5
EN500-4T4000G/4500P	1250	1250	240*2	240*2	1.5
EN500-4T4500G/5000P	1250	1250	270*2	270*2	1.5
EN500-4T5000G/5600P	1600	1600	270*2	270*2	1.5
EN500-4T5600G/6300P	1600	1600	300*2	300*2	1.5
EN500-4T6300G	2000	2000	300*2	300*2	1.5

corp.com ncocorp.com

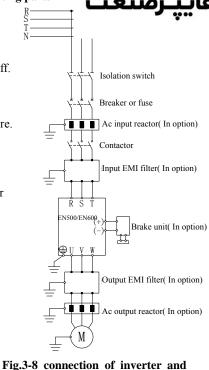
Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9



3.4.1 Connection between inverter and fitting parts

(1) Breaking device like isolation Switch must assemble between power source and inverter to keep persona safety under repairing and inverter requirement for compulsory power off.

- (2) There must be over-current Protection breaker or fuse in inverter power supply circuit to avoid failure expanding because of the second device failure.
- (3) AC input reactor When high harmonics between inverter and power supply is strong which cannot meet system requirement or input side power factor need to improve, ac input reactor can be added
- (4) Contactor is used to power supply only, do not use it to control inverter start and stop.
- (5) Input side EMI filter hoosing optionally EMI filter to restrain high frequency transduction interference and radio-frequency interference from inverter power line.
- (6) Output side EMI filter
  Choosing optionally EMI filter to
  restrain radio-frequency Interference
  and wire leakage current from inverter
  output side.
- (7) AC output reactor
  Installing AC output reactor is suggested
  to avoid motor insulation damage, oversize current leakage and inverter frequent
  protection when connecting wire between inverter and motor exceeds 50m.
- (8) Safety earth ground wire Inverter and motor must be earth ground connection, connection wire should select as shorter and thicker as above 3.5mm<sup>2</sup> multicore copper wire, and earth grounding resistance smaller than  $10\Omega$ .



## FAMCO هاییرسنعت

### 3.4.2 Main loop terminal wiring

(1) Main loop input output terminal show as table 3-2, 3-

Table 3-2 EN600 main loop input output termi

1able 3-2 EN600 main loop input output termi					
Adapted type	Main loop terminal	Terminal name	Function description		
		L1、L2	1 phase AC input terminal, connect power source		
		(+)	DC volt. Positive terminal		
EN600-2S0004 ~		PB	External connect to brake resistor reverse terminal		
EN600-2S0037	$\begin{array}{c c} \underline{L1} & \underline{L2} & \stackrel{\text{(+)}}{\longrightarrow} & PB & \stackrel{\text{(-)}}{\longrightarrow} & U & V & W \\ \hline POWER & \stackrel{\text{(-)}}{\longrightarrow} & \stackrel{\text{(-)}}{\longrightarrow} & \cdots & \cdots & \stackrel{\text{(-)}}{\longrightarrow} & \cdots & \cdots & \stackrel{\text{(-)}}{\longrightarrow} & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots \\ \hline POWER & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	(-)	DC volt. Negative terminal		
		U、V、W	3 phase AC output terminal, connect to motor		
			Grounding terminal		
		R, S, T	3 phase AC input terminal, connect power source		
		(+)	DC volt. Positive terminal		
EN600-4T0007G/0015P ~	R S T (+) PB (-) U V W (=)	PB	External connect to brake resistor reverse terminal		
EN600-4T0150G/0185P	X S I (!) PB (-) U V W 🔘	(-)	DC volt. Negative terminal		
		U、V、W	3 phase AC output terminal, connect to motor		
			Grounding terminal		
	Terminal 1: $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	R. S. T	3 phase AC input terminal, connect power source		
		P, (+)	External connect to DC reactor		
		(+)	DC volt. Positive terminal		
EN600-4T0185G/0220P	X 3 1 1 (i) (i) 0 , " (ii)	PB	External connect to brake resistor reverse terminal		
EN600-4T0220G/0300P	Terminal 2:	(-)	DC volt. Negative terminal		
	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	(+), (-)	External connect brake unit		
	R S T (+) PB (-) U V W	U、V、W	3 phase AC output terminal, connect to motor		
			Grounding terminal		
	Terminal 1:	R. S. T	3 phase AC input terminal, connect power source		
		P, (+)	External connect to DC reactor		
		PB	External connect to brake resistor reverse terminal		
EN600-4T0300G/0370P	R S T P (+) (-) U V W	(+)	DC volt. Positive terminal		
EN600-4T0370G/0450P	Terminal 2:	(-)	DC volt. Negative terminal		
		(+), (-)	External connect brake unit		
1		U.V.W	3 phase AC output terminal,		

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



	Terminal 1:	P, (+)	عايپـرصنعت
EN600-4T0450G/0550P	R S T P (+) (-) U V W 🕮	PB (+)	resistor reverse terminal DC volt. Positive terminal
EN600-4T0550G/0750P	Terminal 2:	(-)	DC volt. Negative terminal
		(+) , (-) U, V, W	External connect brake unit  3 phase AC output terminal, connect to motor
	R S T PB (+) (-) U V W		Grounding terminal

#### Note:

- ① EN600-4T0185G/0220P $\sim$ EN600-4T0550G/0750P there are two kinds of sort order for main loop terminal, terminal 2 remove "P", add "PB" terminal.

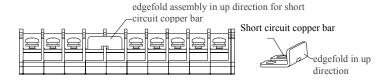


Table 3-3 EN500 main loop input output terminal description

Adapted type	Main loop terminal	Terminal name	Function description
		R. S. I	3 phase AC input terminal, connect power source
		(+)	DC volt. Positive terminal
		(-)	DC volt. Negative terminal
EN500-4T0750G/0900P	R S T P (+) (-) U V W	P、(+)	External connect to DC reactor
		(+) , (-)	External connect brake unit
		U. V. W	3 phase AC output terminal, connect to motor
			Grounding terminal
		R. S. I	3 phase AC input terminal, connect power source
		(+)	DC volt. Positive terminal
EN500-4T0900G/1100P ~ EN500-4T1320G/1600P		(-)	DC volt. Negative terminal
		(+) 、 (-)	External connect brake unit
21,000 1119200/10001	R S T (+) (-) U V W	U, V, W	3 phase AC output terminal,
p.com			

corp.com ncocorp.com

(I) Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

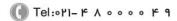
ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

EN500-4T1600G/2000P EN500-4T2200G/2500P	R, S, 1  (+) (-) (+), (-) External connect brake unit  U, V, W  3 phase AC output terminal, connect to motor  Grounding terminal
EN500-4T2500G/2800P EN500-4T4000G/4500P	R. S. T  3 phase AC input terminal, connect power source  (+) DC volt. Positive terminal  (-) DC volt. Negative terminal  (+) (-) External connect brake unit  U. V. W  3 phase AC output terminal, connect to motor  Grounding terminal
EN500-4T4500G/5000P EN500-4T6300G	R、S、T 3 phase AC input terminal, connect power source  (+) DC volt. Positive terminal  (-) DC volt. Negative terminal  (+) (-) External connect brake unit  U、V、W 3 phase AC output terminal, connect to motor  Grounding terminal



- 1. The wiring of main loop must connect right according to the description above. Wrong wiring will cause device damage and personal injury.
- 2. Short circuit copper bar assembly for 18.5KW and up power (terminal 1) for EN600 must be edgefold in up direction, or it will cause device damage and personal injury in the reverse direction.

corp.com ncocorp.com



( Fax:071 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲

# FAMCO هایپرسنعت

## 3.5 Basic running wiring diagram

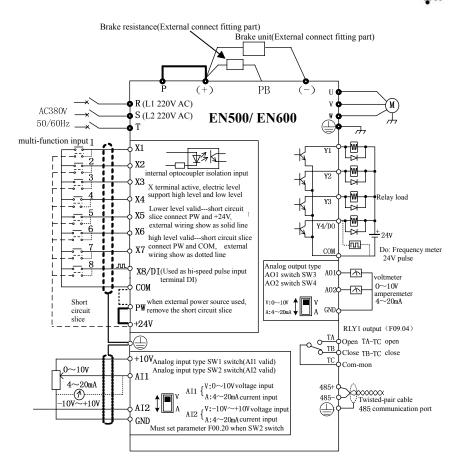


Fig.3-9 basic wiring diagram

Note: When connect to external DC reactor, it need to remove the short-circuit copper bar between P and (+).

## 3.6 Control loop collocation and wiring

3.6.1 Relative location and function for control board terminal and slide switch:



) (جادہ مخصوص کرج) .، بلاک ۱۲



interface, CN5 is for keypad, The CN3, CN4 and CN6 fc table 3-4. The setting description and function of slide s Please read the following descriptions carefully before using

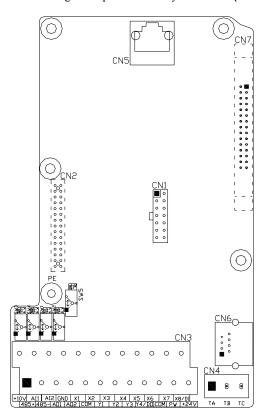


Fig.3-10 sketch map of CPU board

Table 3-4 function description of terminal provided for user

No.	Function	Description
CN3		To use when inverter run under external terminal control , refer to $3.6.2$
CN4	ISignal output of RLY I	TA-TC is normal open contact; TB-TC is normal closed contact, refer to 3.6.2

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0

Fax:011 - FF99F5F1



CrystalRS485communicat To use when inverter through CN6 ion interface achieve cascade connection and o

Table 3-5 Slide switch function description for users

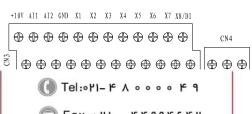
No.	Function	Setting	Default value
SW1	AI1 Analog input signal selection	V: F00.20 be XXX0 0~+10V voltage signal input  I: F00.20 be XXX1 4~20mA current signal input	F00.20 be 0000 0~+10V
SW2	AI2 Analog input signal selection	V: F00.20 be XX0X, -10V~+10V voltage signal input  I: F00.20 be XX1X, 4~20mA current signal input	F00.20 be 0000 -10V~+10V
SW3	AO1 Analog output signal selection	V: F00.21 be XX00 0~+10V voltage signal output	F00.21 be 0000
SW4	AO2 Analog output signal selection	I: F00.21 be XX11 4~20mA current signal output	0~+10V
SW5	EMI inhibition for selection terminal	: earth grounding : suspending	suspending



- (1) In the graphic of slide switch, black square means switch slidable location.
- (2) Only when heavy interfering exist on working site, it's suggested to put EMI dial switch to earth grounding location, and should connect to the earth.

## 3.6.2 Descriptions for control board terminal

(1) CN3 and CN4 terminal layout as following



corp.com ncocorp.com

Fax: 0 11 - F 4 9 4 5 F P



## (2) CN3 and CN4 terminal function description show as Ta

## Table 3-6 function table for control board t

Type	Symbol	Description	Terminal Function and specification
	X1	Multifunction input 1	
Mu	X2	Multifunction input 2	Input voltage range: 15~30V;
ltf.	X3	Multifunction input 3	Opto coupler isolation, Compatible with bipolar
шc	X4	Multifunction input 4	input;
ion	X5	Multifunction input 5	Input impedance: 4.7KΩ
<u>E</u> .	X6	Multifunction input 6	max input frequency: 1KHz
put	X7	Multifunction input 7	
Multfunction input terminal	X8/DI	Multifunction input 8/ high-speed pulse input	Except for $X1 \sim X7$ function, it can be used as hi-speed pulse input. Input impedance: $2.2K\Omega$ max input frequency: $50KHz$
	+24V	+24V power source	Provide +24V power to external device (24±4V) Max output current: 200mA
Power source	PW	External power source input	factory default connect to +24V; when use external signal to drive X terminal, it need to connect to external power source and cut off with +24V power terminal.
sourc	+10V	+10V power source	Provide +10Vpower to external device (10±0.5V) Max output current:50mA
· ·	COM	Common interface	Reference ground for digital signal and +24V power
	GND	Common interface	Reference ground for analog signal and +10V power
Anak	AI1	Analog input 1	Input range: DC $0V\sim10V/4\sim20$ mA, selected by SW1 dial switch on control board. Input impedance: voltage input at $20K\Omega$ ; current input at $250\Omega$ . resolution: $1/4000$
Analog input	AI2	Analog input 2	Input range: DC-10V $\sim$ 10V/4 $\sim$ 20mA, selected by the second figure of F00.20 and SW2 dial switch on control board. Input impedance: voltage input at 20K $\Omega$ ; current input at 250 $\Omega$ . resolution: 1/2000
Analog	AO1	Analog output 1	Voltage or current output is selected by SW3 (AO1) and SW4 (AO2) dial switch on control
output	AO2	Analog output 2	board. Output voltage range: $0 \sim 10V$ Output current range: $4 \sim 20 \text{mA}$
Multi- function	Y1	Open circuit collector output 1	Opto coupler isolation output, unipolar Open
output terminal	Y2	Open circuit collector output 2	circuit collector output Max voltage output: 30V
. com			

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:01 - FF99F9FF

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



	Y4/DO	Open circuit collector output 4/ High-speed impulse output	Function code F00.22 mode When Open circuit col spec as terminal Y. When High-speed impulse output, the max frequency is 20KHz.
RLY1	ТВ—ТС	Normal closed terminal	Contact capacity: AC250V/2A (cos $\phi$ =1) AC250V/1A (cos $\phi$ =0.4)
output	TA—TC	Normal open terminal	DC30V/1A
Communi cation	485+	485 differential	485 differential signal positive terminal
interface	485-	signal interface	485 differential signal negative terminal
	CN2	retain	
Auxiliary interface	CN6	StandardRS485 communication interface	Twisted-pair cable or shield wire to connect

(3) RS485 crystal outlet CN6 layout as following

12345678	

RS485 terminal CN6 layout								
No.	No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8							
Name	485+	485-	1	1	-	1	1	-

## 3.6.3 Analog input&output terminal wiring

(1) All receive analog voltage or current signal single-ended input, switch through SW1, wire as below:

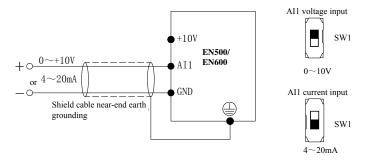
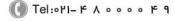


Fig.3-11 AI1 terminal wiring diagram

corp.com



Fax:∘۲1 – ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ن (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



(2) AI2 receive analog voltage or current signal single-ender SW2, and should match it with exact second figure of F below:

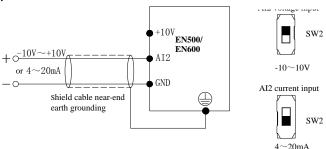


Fig.3-12 AI2 terminal wiring diagram

(3) AO1,AO2 terminal can connect to external analog meter, which can indicate several physical quantity, it can select analog voltage or current signal output, and switch through SW3 and SW4, wire as below:

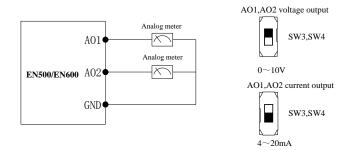


Fig.3-13 AO1,AO2 terminal wiring diagram

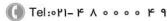


- (1) Under analog input mode, filter capacitor or common mode choke can be installed between AI1 and GND or AI2 and GND.
- (2) Analog input and output signal can be interfered easily by ambient environment, it need use shield cable for connection and earth grounding well as short as possible.

## 3.6.4 Digital input terminal wiring

(1) To use inverter inhuilt 194V nower supply and NDN source type external

corp.com ncocorp.com



ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

🗐 Fax:∘ነ1 – ۴۴99۴۶۴۲



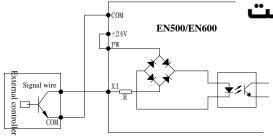


Fig.3-14 inbuilt 24V source type connection mode

(2) To use inverter inbuilt +24V power supply, and PNP drain type external controller connection mode.

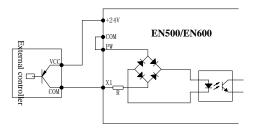


Fig.3-15 inbuilt 24V drain type connection mode

(3) To use external DC 15 $\sim$ 30V power supply, and NPN source type external controller connection mode. (remove the short circuit slice between PW and +24V) .

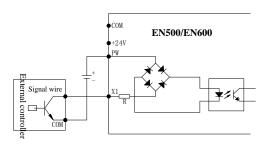


Fig.3-16 external power supply source type connection mode

corp.com

ں (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



(4) To use external DC 15 $\sim$ 30V power supply, and PN controller connection mode. (remove the short circuit s +24V)

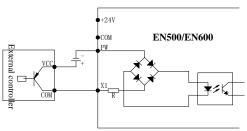


Fig.3-17 External power supply drain type connection mode

#### 3.6.5 Communication terminal wiring

EN500/EN600 inverter provide RS485 serial communication interface to user. The following wire connection can make up of single-main single-sub control system or single-main multi-sub control system. To use host computer softwar(PC or PLC controller) can realize real time monitoring and operation to inverter, and to achieve complicated run control like long-distance control, high degree automation. It can also use a host inverter and the other slave inverter to make up of the cascade or synchronous control inverter network.

(1) Inverter RS485 interface and other device with RS485 interface wire connection show as following

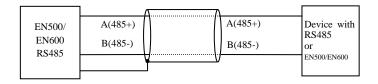


Fig.3-18 Communication terminal wiring

corp.com ncocorp.com

] Fax:∘۲1 – ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ں (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲



(2) Inverter RS485 interface and host computer (device connection:

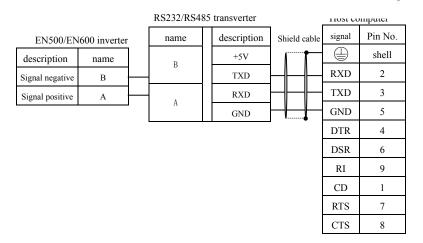
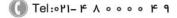


Fig.3-19 RS485 communication wiring





## 4 EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility

Because of inverter working principal resulting in electron avoid or reduce inverter interference to ambient environment, this chapter introduce installation means to restrain interference from aspect of interference restrain, field wiring, system earth grounding, leakage current and power filter usage. Inverter will have good electromagnetic compatibility under general industrial environment, when user install the inverter according to this chapter.

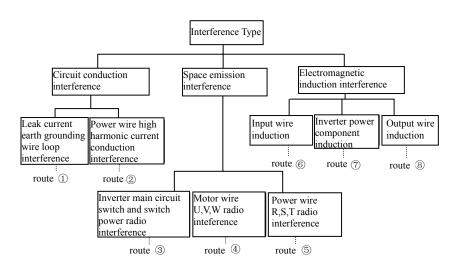
## 4.1 Noise interference restraining

Inverter interference generating for run may have effect to nearby electronic device and the effect depend on the inverter installation surrounding electromagnetic environment and the restrain interference ability of the device.

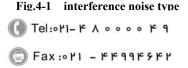
### 4.1.1 Interference noise type

Becuase of inverter working principle, there are mainly 3 kinds of noise interference source:

- (1) circuit conduction interference:
- (2) space emission interference;
- (3) electromagnetic induction interference;



corp.com ncocorp.com



ن (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



## 4.1.2 Basic countermeasure for restrain interference

#### Table 4-1 interference restrain counterme

	Table 4-1 interference restrain countering			
Noise				
spread	Countermeasure of weakening effect			
road				
1)	Earth grounding cable of peripheral device and inverter wiring make up of the closed-loop and leakage current of inverter earth grounding cable will make device perform wrong action. It will decrease wrong action when device not connect to earth grounding.			
2	When the power of peripheral device and inverter power belong to the same power source, high harmonic gererating from inverter will transmit the voltage and current along with the power line which will interfere other devices within the same power source system. Take some restraining measures as below: install electromagnetic noise filter at inverter input end; use isolation transformer to isolate other devices; connect power end of peripheral device to remote power grid; add power ferrite filter magnetic ring to inverter R S T three phase wire to restrain high harmonic current conduction			
345	<ul> <li>Keep other sensitive devices and signal wire installed away from inverterr. it should use shield wire and make the shield layer single end earth grounding. Besides keep distance from inverter and its input &amp; output wire as possible as. When signal wire need to intersect with strong current cable, it should make them orthogonal crossing not parallel.</li> <li>Install high frequency noise filter (ferrite common code choke, also called magnetic ring) at the bottom end of the inverter input &amp; output to restrain radio frequency interference of dynamic wire effectively.</li> <li>Motor cable should be placed in protective object with large thickness, such as placed in larger thickness(over 2mm) pipeline or buried in cemented tank. Putting dynamic wire in metal tube and connect to earth grounding with shield wire (motor cable use 4-core cable, one side is earthed through the inverter, the other side connected to motor casing).</li> </ul>			
678	To prevent wire parallel or bundled of strong and weak current, it should keep away from inverter assemble device, and wiring should away from inverter R,S,T,U,V,W equipower line. Devices with highfield and high magnetic field should notice the corresponding installation position of inverter and keep distance and orthogonal crossing.			

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

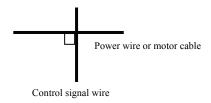
Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲

## FAMCO هایپرمنعت

#### 4.2 Field wiring and earth grounding

- (1) inverter terminal motor connection wire (U,V,W terminoverter terminal power connection wire (R,S,T terminal in distance enough as possible as can.
- (2) U,V,W terminal 3 motor wires should be placed in metal tube or metal wiring tank as possible as.
- (3) Generally control signal wire should use shield cable, when shield layer connect to inverter terminal, it should be the single end earth grounding which closed to inverter side.
- (4) Inverter terminal earth grounding cable must directly connect to floor, it cannot connect to earth grounding through other device, and the location of earth grounding should close to inverter as possible as.
- (5) strong current cable(R,S,T,U,V,W) cannot parallel wiring closely with control signal wire, and bundled together is prohibited. It should keep distance from over 20~60 cm (relative to strong current size). When it's necessary to intersect, it should be orthogonal crossing, show as Fig.4-2.



#### Fig.4-2 system wiring demand

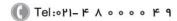
(6)earth grounding wire for strong current should separately connect to earth grounding with control signal and sensor earth grounding wire for weak current. (7) Forbid to connect inverter input terminal(R,S,T) to other devices.

#### 4.3 Leak current and countermeasure

The leak current flows through inverter input and output terminal for wire capacitance and motor capacitance, and its size decided by the distributed capacitance and carrier frequency. There are two kinds of leak current: leak current to earth and wire-to-wire. Restraining methods as below:

- (1) diminish the cable length between inverter and motor.
- (2) install ferrite magnetic ring or output reactor at the inverter output terminal.

corp.com



(a) Fax:071 - FF99F9F7

ں (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲





When reactor installed with rated voltage drop wiring to U, V, W terminal, it would reduce apparently. When motor run at full load, it is possible to mass motor, and it should be used by derating or boosting input and output voltage.

(3) as carrier frequency low, the motor noise would increase accordingly.

#### 4.4 Installation demand for electromagnetic on-off electronic device

It should pay attention that surge absorber must be installed when electromagnetic on-off electronic device like relay, electromagnetic contactor and electromagnetic iron generating noise easily and largely installed near to inverter or in the same control cabinet, show as Fig. 4-3.

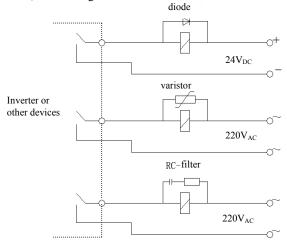


Fig.4-3 install demand for electromagnetic on-off device

#### 4.5 Noise filter installation instructions

- (1) To use strictly as per the rated value; filter metal casing grounding must connect reliably to assemble cabinet metal grounding in large scale and it required good conductive continuity. Otherwise, it may cause electric shock and influence the EMC effect seriously.
- (2) Filter grounding terminal and inverter terminal must connect to the same common earth grounding, otherwise it will influence the EMC effect seriously.

corp.com mcocorp.com

(1) Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax: ∘ ۲) - ۴۴99۴9۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲



## Run and operation explanation for

#### 5.1 Run of inverter

#### 5.1.1 Running order channels

There are 3 kinds of order channel for controlling run action of the inverter such as run, stop, jog etc.

#### 0: kevpad

Control by key (RUN).





 $\left(\frac{\text{STOP}}{\text{RESET}}\right)$ ,  $\left(\frac{\text{REV}}{\text{JOG}}\right)$  on keypad (factory default).

#### 1: Control terminal

Use control terminal FWD, REV, COM to make of double-line control, or use one terminal of X1~X8 and FWD or REV to make of three-line control.

#### 2: Communication port

Control run and stop of the inverter through upper machine or other device which can communicate with the inverter.

Choose order channel by setting function code F01.15; and also can choose by multi-function input terminal (F08.18~F08.25 choose function 49,50,51,52,53).

Also can reach switch the command channel through multi-function key (�) (Only parts of optional keyboards are equipped with multi-functional key).



Please make switching debugging in advance when switch the order channel to check if it can fulfill system requirement, otherwise have danger of damaging device and injuring personal.

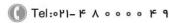
## 5.1.2 Frequency-provision channel

EN500/EN600 includes main frequency provision and assist frequency provision:

## Main frequency provision:

- 0: keypad analog potentiometer provision;
- 1: AI1 analog setting;
- 2: AI2 analog setting;
- 3: terminal UP/DOWN adjustment provision;
- 4: communication provision(Modbus and external bus share a main frequency memory);
- 5: EAI1 analog setting(extend effective);
- 6: EAI2 analog setting(extend effective);
- 7: high speed pulse provision(X8 terminal need select the corresponding function);
- 8: terminal pulse width provision(X8 terminal need select the corresponding function):

ncocorp.com



# FAMCO هایپرسنعت

#### $10\sim14$ : Reserved

#### Assist frequency provision:

- 0: keypad analog potentiometer provision;
- 1: AI1 analog setting;
- 2: AI2 analog setting;
- 3: terminal UP/DOWN adjustment provision;
- 4: communication provision(Modbus and external bus share a main frequency memory);
- 5: EAI1 analog setting(extend effective);
- 6: EAI2 analog setting(extend effective);
- 7: high speed pulse provision(X8 terminal need select the corresponding function);
- 8: terminal pulse width provision(X8 terminal need select the corresponding function);
- 9: terminal encoder provision(X1,X2 terminal connect to the encoder orthogonal input)

10~20: Reserved

#### 5.1.3 Work state

Work state of EN500/EN600 includes of Waiting state, Running state and Parameter setting state.

## Waiting state:

If there is no running command after the inverter electrified or after stop command during running state, the inverter enters into waiting state.

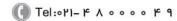
## **Running state:**

The inverter enters into running state after receiving run command.

## Parameter setting state:

After receiving the parameter identification command, enter the parameter setting state, after turning into the shutdown state.

corp.com





ر جادہ مخصوص کرج)



#### 5.1.4 Run mode

EN500/EN600 inverter have 6 kinds of run mode, following to their priority, jog run →closed-loop run →PLC run →mu swing frequency run →common run. Shown as Fig.5-1.

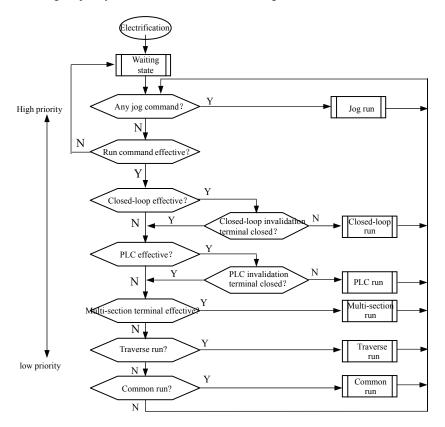
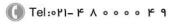


Fig.5-1 Run mode

## 0: Jog run

Upon receiving jog run command (for instance, press the  $\frac{RV}{JOO}$  key on keypad) during waiting state, the inverter run at jog frequency (see function code F01.25~F01.29).

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



effective parameter is set(F11.00=1 or F12.00≥1). Namely ca to specified value and feedback value(proportion integral di see F11 group function code) and PID adjuster output is inv

Can make closed-loop run mode ineffective and switch to lower level run mode by multi-function terminal (function 31).

#### 2: PLC run

The inverter will enter into PLC run mode and run according to run mode preset(see F10 group function code description) through setting PLC function effective parameter(F10.00 last bit \neq 0). Can make PLC run mode ineffective and switch to lower level run mode by multi-function terminal (function 36).

#### 3: multi-section speed run

By nonzero combination of multi-function terminal (5,6,7,8, function), choose multi-section frequency 1~15(F10.31~F10.45) to run at multi-section speed.

#### 4: swing frequency run

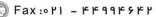
The inverter will enter into swing frequency run mode when swing frequency function effective parameter(F13.00=1) is set. Set relevant swing frequency run special parameter according to textile swing frequency craft to realize swing frequency run.

#### 5: common run

Common open loop run mode of general inverter.

In above 6 kinds of run mode except "jog run" the inverter can run according to kinds of frequency setting method.

ncocorp.com



# FAMCO هایپرسنعت

## 5.2 Operation and use of key board

#### 5.2.1 Keypad layout

The operating keyboard is the main unit of frequency inverted display parameters. Keyboard outline diagram shown in Figure 5-2.

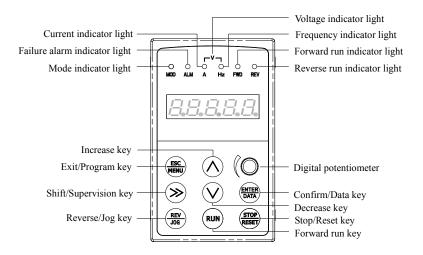


Fig.5-2 keypad layout sketch

## 5.2.2 Keypad function description

There are 9 key-presses on inverter keypad, and function definition of each key is as shown in table 5-1.

Table 5-1 keypad function table

Key Name Function descript

	Key	Name	Function description
	ESC MENU	Program/Exit key	Enter into or exit programming state
	<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	Shift/Supervisi on key	Can choose modification digit of set data under editor state; can switch display status supervision parameter under other state
	ENTER DATA	Function/Data key	Enter into or exit programming state
	REV JOG	Rev/Jog key	Under keypad mode: to press this key can set reverse run or Jog run according to the 1st bit of parameter F00.15
Γ	DIINI	Dun lear	Enter into forward run under kerned mede

corp.com ncocorp.com

(I) Tel:011- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پیاک ۱۲

FAM	
۔ ۔۔۔۔ ـرصنعت	

STOP	Stop/reset key	In common run status the inverter will be s after pressing this key if run command char effective mode. The inverter will be reset a after pressing this key when the inverter is
	Digital potentiometer	It is the same as the function of increase and decrease key, rotate to the left means decrease, rotate to the right means increase.
A	Increasing button	To increase data or function code (to press it continuously can improve increasing speed)
V	Decreasing button	To decrease data or function code (to press it continuously can improve decreasing speed)

### 5.2.3 LED and indicator light

4 status indicator light: they are MOD(mode):ALM(alarm):FWD(forward run): REV(reverse run)from left to right on the LED: their respective indicating meaning is as shown in table 5-2.

Table 5-2 status indicator light description

Item		m	Function descrip	otion
	Digi	tal display	Display current run status parameter and	set parameter
		A, Hz, V	Unit for relevant current digital displayed current is A:for voltage is V:for frequency	1 2 1
D	7.0	MOD	This indicator light is lit in non-supervision of no key pressed for a minute: then come	_
isplay	status i	ALM	Alarm indicator light: indicate that the involtage suppressing status or failure alarm	
function	Status indicator light Display function		Forward run indicator light, indicate that the inverter output forward phase order and the connected motor rotate in forward direction	The inverter work in DC brake status if FWD,REV
		REV	Reverse run indicator light: indicate that the inverter output reverse phase order and the connected motor rotate in reverse direction	indicator light is lit at the same time

## 5.2.4 Key board display status

EN500/EN600 keypad display status is classified as Waiting status parameter display; Function code parameter editing status display; Malfunction alarm status display; Run status parameter display; Alarm state display in total 5 kinds of status. LED indicator light will all be lit after the inverter electrified. Then enter into set frequency display. As

corp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:071 - FF99F5F7

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

#### (1) Waiting parameter display status

The inverter is in waiting status and waiting status supervision parameter is in waiting status and waiting status supervision displayed on keyboard: normally parameter F00.13 decide which parameter to be displayed. As shown in Fig.5-3 by the indicator light shows the unit of the parameter.

To press (>>> key, it can display different waiting status supervision parameter circularly: for detail please see C-00 to C-05 group supervision parameter details decide by F00.07~F00.12.

## (2) Run parameter display status

The inverter enters into run status when receiving effective run command and normally parameter F00.13 decide which status supervision parameter to be displayed on the keypad. As shown in Fig.5-3 c, the indicator light shows the unit of the parameter.

To press >> key can display run status supervision parameter circularly. For detail please see C-00 To C-05 group supervision parameter details decide by F00.01  $\sim$  F00.06.



Fig.a Electrification, display 8.8.8.8.8.



Fig.b waiting status, display waiting status parameter



Fig.c run status: display run status parameter

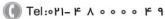
Fig.5-3 inverter electrification: waiting: run status display

## (3) Failure alarm display status

The inverter enters into failure alarm display status upon detecting failure signal and display failure code sparklingly(as shown in Fig.5-4); To press >>> key can look over relative parameter after stopping running;



corp.com ncocorp.com



(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

یلاک ۱۲



failure information

Can carry on failure restoration by (STOP) key: control termin communication command on the keypad after troubleshooti failure code if failure exist continuously.



For some serious failure, such as The earthing short circuit, Inverter modules protect, over current, over voltage etc., must not carry on failure reset forcibly to make the inverter run again without failure elimination confirmed. Otherwise have danger of damaging the inverter!

#### (4) Function code editing status

Under waiting, run or failure alarm status, press key, can enter into editing status (If user password is set, can enter into editing status after inputting the password, see also F27.00 description and Fig.5-10), and editing status is displayed according to three classes menu mode, as shown in Fig. 5-5. To press key can enter into one class by one class. Under function parameter display status, to press when to press key can only come back to upper class menu without storing modified parameter.

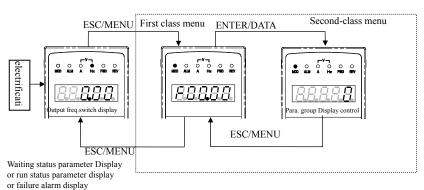


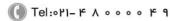
Fig.5-5 keypad display status switching

## (5) Alarm state display

When under running and standby situation: It means enter failure alarm display status upon detecting failure signal and display failure code sparklingly (Fig5-6) Inverter keeping running state But this alarm display can not



corp.com mcocorp.com



Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲

this factor Normal.

#### 5.2.5 User Management Parameters

In order to facilitate the user parameter management: EN50

model parameter menu for display management. The parameters do not need to be displayed can be shielded.

(1) Method parameter setting mode display.

By setting F00.00 = 0,1,2,3 respectively parameter mode is set: Basic menu mode: menu mode Intermediate: Advanced menu mode and user menu mode.

Basic menu	F00,F01,F02,F03,F26
Middle menu	F00,F01,F02,F03,F04,F05,F06,F07,F08,F09,F10,F11,F12,F13,F14, F15,F16,F18,F19,F26
Advance menu	F00,F01,F02,F03,F04,F05,F06,F07,F08,F09,F10,F11,F12,F13,F14, F15,F16,F17,F18,F19,F20,F21,F22,F23,F24,F25,F26,F27
User custom	F00.00 and F25 parameters group

#### 5.2.6 Method for operating keypad

Can carry on various operation to the inverter through keypad, for example:

## (1) Status parameter display switching:

After pressing key (>>), display C group status supervision parameter; after displaying one supervision parameter code for 1 second will display this parameter value automatically. Press key (EUR) will go back to supervision interface.

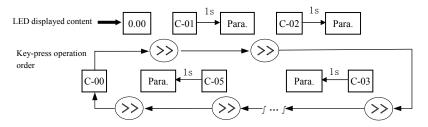
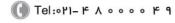


Fig.5-7 waiting status parameter display operating example

corp.com



) Fax:∘۲۱ – ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

FAMCC



#### (2) Function code parameter setting

Take function code F01.01 modified from 5.00Hz to 6.00Hz Boldface in Fig.5-8 shows flickering digit.

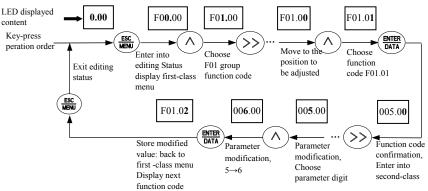


Fig.5-8 example for parameter setting and modification

Description: under second -class menu: if the parameter has no blinking digit, this function code can't be modified, possible reasons are as follows:

- 1> This function code shouldn't be modified: for example actual detected status parameter: run record parameter etc.;
- 2> This function code can't be modified under run status and can be changed after stopping running;
- 3> Parameter protected. All the function code can't be modified when function code F00.14=1 or 2, in order to avoid wrong operation. Need to set the function code F00.14 to 0 if you want to edit function code parameter.

## (3) Specified frequency adjustment for common run

Take example modifying specified frequency from 50.00Hz to 40.00Hz at F01.06=1, F01.03=0 during running for explanation.

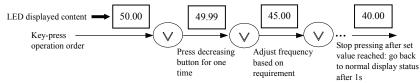
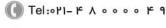


Fig.5-9 set frequency adjustment operation example

## (4) Jog run operation

For example: keypad as current run command channel: jog run frequency 5Hz:

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



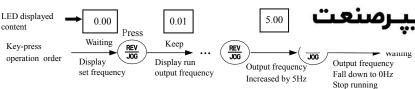


Fig.5-10 Jog run operating example

## (5) Operation for entering to function code editing status after setting user password

For example :"User password" F27 is set to "12345". Boldfaced digit in Fig.5-11 shows blinking bit.

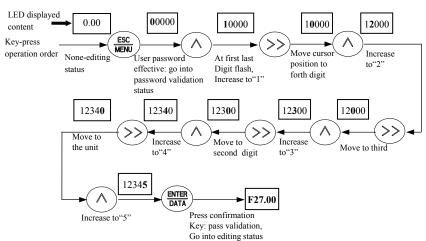


Fig.5-11 Inputting password to go into function code operation

## (6) See about failure parameter under failure status:

If press  $\gt\gt\gt$  key under failure status the user can quickly locate to the F26 group function code parameter. Press  $\gt\gt\gt$  can quickly switch value between F26.04  $\sim$  F26.10 parameters and fault alarm, easy to view the fault records.

## (7) Keypad key-press locking operation

Under monitoring situation, To press (ENTER DATA) for 2s, the keyboard will display 'LOCH1', now the buttons on the keyboard are under locked. The detailed locked situation is decided by the value of hundred unit of F00.14.

## (8) Keypad key-press unlocking operation

Tel:۰۲۱- ۴ ۸ ۰ ۰ ۰ ۰ ۴ ۹
mcocorp.com

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲



keypad.

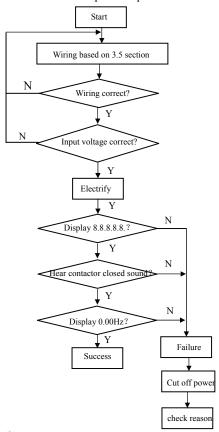
#### 5.3 Inverter electrification

#### 5.3.1 Check before electrification

Please carry on wiring based on operation requirement provided in "inverter wiring" of this Service manual.

#### 5.3.2 First electrification

Close input side AC power supply switch after correct wiring and power supply confirmed: electrify the inverter and keypad LED display "8.8.8.8.8", contactor closed normally: LED displayed set frequency shows that electrification is finished. First electrification operation process is shown as Fig.5-12:



corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F5F7

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



## 6 Function parameter schedule هاييرصنعت

## 6.1 Symbol description

- × ---- parameter can't be changed in process of running
- o ---- parameter can be changed in process of running
- \* ---- read-only parameter, unmodifiable

## 6.2 Function parameter schedule graph

		F00—System Parameter Group			
Function code	Name	Set range	Min. unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation
F00.00	Parameter group display control	O: Basic list mode(only displayF00~F03 basic control parameter group and F26 fault record parameter group.)  1: Middle list mode. Display all parameter except for extension: virtual and reserve parameter group.  2: Senior list mode. All parameter display.  3: User list mode. Display parameter defined by user: and monitor parameter: F00.00 display all the time.	1	0	0
F00.01	C-00 display parameter selection when operation	0: main setup frequency (0.01Hz) 1: auxiliary setup frequency (0.01Hz) 2: setup frequency (0.01Hz) 3: output frequency (0.01Hz) 4: output current(0.1A) 5: output voltage(1V) 6: DC busbar voltage(0.1V) 7: motor speed(1 circle/min) 8: motor line velocity(1 circle/min) 9: inverter temperature(1°C) 10: run time already this time(0.1min) 11: current accumulate run time(1h) 12: current accumulate power-on time(1h) 13: inverter status 14: input terminal status 16: extension output terminal status 17: extension input terminal status 18: communication virtual input terminal status 19: internal virtual input node status 20: analog input Al1(after checkout) (0.01V / 0.01mA) 21: analog input Al2(after checkout) (0.01V / 0.01mA) 22: extension analog input EAI2(after checkout) (0.01V / 0.01mA) 24: analog AO1 output(after checkout) (0.01V / 0.01mA) 25: analog AO2 output(after checkout) (0.01V / 0.01mA)	1	51	

corp.com ncocorp.com

(1) Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax: 0 P1 - FF99F9FP

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲

6 Function FAMCO

		27: extension analog EAO2 output(0.01V /0.01mA 28: external pulse input frequency(before checkout	••.	صن	
		(1Hz)	ىب	صب	سرر
		(1HZ) 29: Reserved		1	·
		30: process PID provide(0.01V)			
		31: process PID feedback(0.01V)		I	Ī
		32: process PID feedback(0.01V) 32: process PID deviation (0.01V)			
		33: process PID deviation (0.01V)			
		34: simple PLC current segment No.			
		35: external multi-speed current segment No.			
		36: constant pressure water supply provide pressure			
		(0.001Mpa)			
		37: constant pressure water supply feedback pressure			
		(0.001Mpa)			
		38: constant pressure water supply relay status			
		39: current length(1M)			
		40: accumulate length(1M)			
		41: current internal count value		1	1
		42: current internal time value(0.1s)			
		43: run command setup channel(0: keyboard		1	1
		1: terminal 2: communication)			
		44: main frequency provide channel			
		45: auxiliary frequency provide channel			
		46: rated current(0.1A)			
		47: rated voltage(1V)			
		48: rated power(0.1KW)			
		49: Reserved			
		50: Reserved			
		51: frequency after Acce/Dece(0.01Hz)			
		52: motor rotor frequency(0.01Hz)			
		53: current given torque (percentage relative to rated			
		torque, with direction)			
		54: current output torque(percentage relative to rated			
		torque, with direction)			
		55: torque current at present(0.1A)			
		56: flux current at present(0.1A)			
		57: Setting motor rotate speed (r/min)			
		58: Output power (active power) (0.1KW)		1	1
		59~65: Reserved			
	C-01 display	Same as above	1	2	0
700.02			1		
00.02	parameter selection		1		
00.02			1	_	
	parameter selection	Same as above	1	4	0
	parameter selection when operation	Same as above		4	0
	parameter selection when operation C-02 display	Same as above		4	0
700.03	parameter selection when operation C-02 display parameter selection when operation	Same as above		4	0
700.03	parameter selection when operation C-02 display parameter selection	Same as above	1		
700.03	parameter selection when operation C-02 display parameter selection when operation C-03 display parameter selection	Same as above	1		
F00.03	parameter selection when operation C-02 display parameter selection when operation C-03 display parameter selection when operation	Same as above	1		
F00.03	parameter selection when operation C-02 display parameter selection when operation C-03 display parameter selection when operation C-04 display	Same as above  Same as above	1	5	0
F00.03	parameter selection when operation C-02 display parameter selection when operation C-03 display parameter selection when operation C-04 display parameter selection	Same as above  Same as above	1	5	0
F00.03 F00.04 F00.05	parameter selection when operation C-02 display parameter selection when operation C-03 display parameter selection when operation C-04 display parameter selection when operation	Same as above  Same as above	1	5	0
F00.03 F00.04 F00.05	parameter selection when operation C-02 display parameter selection when operation C-03 display parameter selection when operation C-04 display parameter selection when operation C-05 display	Same as above  Same as above  Same as above	1 1	5	0
F00.02 F00.03 F00.04 F00.05	parameter selection when operation C-02 display parameter selection when operation C-03 display parameter selection when operation C-04 display parameter selection when operation	Same as above  Same as above  Same as above	1 1	5	0

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- ۴ ۸ 0 0 0 0 ۴ 9

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



F00.08	C-01 display	Same as above	••		
	parameter selection	3.0	كىت	صن	
	when stop	,			<del>,</del>
F00.09	C-02 display	Same as above			
	parameter selection		_	_	
	when stop				
F00.10	C-03 display	Same as above	1	14	0
	parameter selection				
	when stop				
F00.11	C-04 display	Same as above	1	20	0
	parameter selection				
	when				
	stop				
F00.12	C-05 display	Same as above	1	9	0
100.12	parameter selection				
	when stop				
F00.13	Power-on fault	0~5	1	0	0
1 00.13	monitor parameter		•	·	
	selection				
F00 14	Parameter	Units digit: Parameter modification operations	1	000	×
100.14	operation control	0: All parameters are allowed to be modified	1	000	^
	operation control	1: Except current parameter, all other parameters are			
		not allowed to modify the			
		2: ExceptF01.01,F01.04and current parameter, all			
		other parameters are not allowed to be modified			
		Tens digit: Reset to factory defaults			
		0: No action.			
		1: All parameters return to default (not include fault			
		record parameter group(F26 group) parameter).			
		2: Except for motor parameter: all parameters return			
		to default.(not include F15 and F26 group parameter).			
		3: Extension parameter return to default.(only			
		F21~F24 group parameter return to default).			
		4: Virtual parameter return to default.(only F20 group			
		parameter return to default).			
		5: Fault record return to default.(only fault record			
		parameter group(F26 group)parameter return to			
		default)			
		Hundreds digit: Key operation			
		0: All locked			
		1: Except (REST) button: the others locked			
		2: Except (\( \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\text{stop}}}}}\) button: the others locked			
		3: Except (RUN), (STOP) button: the others locked			
		4: Except (>>), (\$\frac{\$500}{\$880}\$) button: the others locked			

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

					10
F00.15	Button function	Units digit: panel (REV) button selection	•• _	• -	
	selection	0: Reversal command action button	كب	صنه	پر
		1: Jog action button		1	*
		Tens digit: (m) multi-function button func			
		selection	ĺ	ĺ	
		0: Invalid.			
		1: Jog run.			
		2: For/rev switching.			
		3: Free stop.			
		4: Switching to run command provide mode as the			
		setup order of F00.16.			
		5: Forward/Reverse Torque Switching			
		6~9: Reserved			
		Hundreds digit: terminal run command control			
		0: Keyboard (REST) button invalid			
		1: Keyboard (STOP) button valid			
		Thousands digit: communication run command control			
		0: Keyboard (STOP) button invalid			
		1: Keyboard (stop) button valid			
		RESET SUITON VANC			
F00.16	Multi-function key	0: Keyboard control→ terminal control→	1	0	0
	run command	communication control	-		
	channel switching	1: Keyboard control←→terminal control			
	order selection	2: Keyboard control←→communication control			
		3: Terminal control ← → communication control			
F00.17	Motor speed	0.1~999.9%	0.1%	100.0%	0
	display coefficient				
F00.18	Line velocity	0.1~999.9%	0.1%	1.0%	0
	display coefficient				
F00.19	Extended Port Parts		1	0	×
	set	1: Reserved			
		2: Multi pump water supply card			
		3: Incremental PG encoder			
		4∼10: Reserved			
F00.20	Analog input	Units digit:AI1 configuration	1	0000	×
	terminal	0: 0~10V input			
	configuration	1: 4~20mA input			
		Tens digit: AI2 configuration			
		0: -10~10V input			
		1: 4~20mA input			
		Hundreds digit: EAI1 configuration 0: 0~10V input			
		1: -10~10V input			
		2: 4~20mA input			
		Thousands digit: EAI2 configuration			
		0: 0~10V input			
		1: -10~10V input			
		2: 4~20mA input			
		•			
F00.21	Analog output	Units digit: AO1 configuration	1	0000	×
	terminal	0: 0~10V output			
	configuration	1: 4~20mA output			
		Tens digit: AO2 configuration			
		0: 0~10V output	1		

ncocorp.com

	FAMCO
_	
	هابرصنعت

		0: 0~10V output			
		1: 4~20mA output	كىت	صنه	
		Thousands digit: EAO2 configuration			Л,
		0: 0~10V output			
		1: 4~20mA output			
F00.22	Y output	Units digit~ Hundreds digit: reserved	1	0000	×
	terminal	Thousands digit: Y4 output configuration			
	configuration	0: Open collector output			
		1: DO output			
F00.23	G/P type setup	0: G type.	1	0	×
		1: P type.			
		Note: P type is only for V/F control			
F00.24	Motor control mode	0: V/F control (object to torque control)	1	0	×
		1: speed less sensor vector control 1 (compare to			
		speed less sensor vector control 2, this control mode			
		is more suitable for asynchronous motor≤160KW,			
		support speed and vector control)			
		2: speed sensor vector control (support asynchronous			
		motor speed and torque control)			
		3:speed less sensor vector control 2 (only support			
		asynchronous motor speed control, this control mode			
		is more suitable for motor ≥185KW)			
F00.25	Monitor parameter	The same as parameter F00.01	1	2	0
	2 selection	-			
F00.26	Busbar voltage	0.900~1.100	1	1.000	0
	adjustment				
	coefficient				
F00.27	Parameters copying	Units digit: Language(only valid for LCD keypad)	1	00	×
	and Language	0: Chinese			
	selection	1: English			
		2: Reserved			
		Tens digit: parameter upload and download (valid for			
		LCD and digital potentiometer keypad)			
		0: Inaction			
		1: parameter upload			
		2: parameter download			

		F01—Basic Run Function Parameter Group			
Function Code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation
F01.00	Main frequency input channel selection	0: Operation keyboard digital setup 1: Al1 analog setup 2: Al2 analog setup 3: Terminal UP/DOWN adjusting setup 4:Communication provide( Communication address: 1E01). 5:EAl1 analog setup. 6:EAl2 analog setup 7:High speed pulse setup X8 terminal need choose the suitable function) 8:Terminal pulse setup(X8 terminal need choose the suitable function) 9:Terminal encoder setup(X1:X2 connect the encoder	1	0	0

corp.com mcocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:071 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

FAMCO

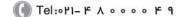
walid

walid

walid

F01.01	Main frequency digital setup	$0.00 \mathrm{Hz} \sim$ upper limit frequency	.". \$	صنه	
F01.02	Main frequency digital control	Only when parameter F01.00=0:3:4 valid. Units digit: power down reserve setup 0:Main frequency power down reserve. 1:Main frequency power down no reserve. Tens digit: halt reserve setup 0:Halt main frequency hold 1:Halt main frequency recovery F01.01 Hundreds digit: Set of communication presetting frequency dimension 0:Preset of absolute frequency mode(preset 5000 represent 50.00Hz).			<del>, .</del>
		1:Preset 10000 represent upper limit frequency (F01.11).			
F01.03	Auxiliary frequency input channel select	0: Operation keyboard digital setup 1: AI1 analog setup 2: AI2 analog setup 3: Terminal UP/DOWN adjusting setup 4:Communication provide( Communication address: 1E01). 5:EAI1 analog setup. 6:EAI2 analog setup 7:High speed pulse setup X8 terminal need choose the suitable function) 8:Terminal pulse setup(X8 terminal need choose the suitable function) 9:Terminal encoder setup(X1:X2 connect the encoder punctuation input) 10~20: Reserved	1	20	0
F01.04	Auxiliary frequency digital setup	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0
F01.05	Auxiliary frequency digital control	Units digit: power down reserve setup 0:Auxiliary frequency power down reserve. 1:Auxiliary frequency power down no reserve. Tens digit: halt reserve setup 0:Halt auxiliary frequency hold. 1:Halt auxiliary frequency recovery parameter F01.04	1	11	0
F01.06	Main and auxiliary provide calculating setup	O:Main frequency (complex frequency of current is main frequency).  1: Auxiliary frequency(complex frequency of current is auxiliary frequency.)  2: Plus(polarity oppose of complex and main frequency, complex frequency is zero).  3:Minus(polarity oppose of complex and auxiliary frequency, complex frequency is zero).  4:Multiplication(polarity opposed of main and auxiliary frequency: complex frequency is zero).  5:Max(the max frequency of main and auxiliary absolute value).  6:Min(the min frequency of main and auxiliary absolute value).  7:Selection no-zero value(auxiliary is not negative, main frequency prior; auxiliary is negative, complex	1	0	0

ncocorp.com





	frequency provide coefficient	and the state of t	<u></u>	مىنە	
F01.08	Coefficient after complex of main and auxiliary frequency	0.00~10.00			7
F01.09	Auxiliary frequency range selection	0:Relative upper limit frequency. 1:Relative main frequency.	1	0	0
F01.10	Auxiliary frequency source scope	0.00~1.00	0.01	1.00	0
F01.11	upper limit frequency	Low limit frequency~600.00Hz	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	×
F01.12	Low limit frequency	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.40Hz	×
F01.13	Low limit frequency run mode	0:As low limit frequency run. 1:As setting frequency run. 2:As zero frequency run. 3:Sleep: PWM clocked at sleep mode.	1	2	×
F01.14	Sleep run hysteresis frequency	0.01Hz~upper limit frequency (This function can be used to finish the sleep mode function, realizing energy-saving operation process, and the hysteresis width can avoid inverter starting frequently in threshold)		0.01Hz	0
F01.15	Run command channel selection	0:Operation keyboard run control. 1:Terminal run command control 2:Communication run command control.	1	0	0
F01.16	Run direction setup	Units digit: Keyboard command for/rev setup(only valid to keyboard inching command) 0:Forward 1:Reverse Tens digit: for/rev forbid(suitable for all command channel, not include inching function) 0:For/rev available. 1:Reverse not available( imposing on reverse, stop as the halt mode). 2:Forward not available( imposing on forward, stop as the halt mode).	1	00	0
F01.17	Acceleration time 1	1~60000(Acceleration time is interval accelerate from zero frequency to upper limit frequency)	1	Base on motor type	0
F01.18	Deceleration time 1	$1\sim\!60000$ (deceleration time is the interval decelerate from upper limit frequency to zero frequency.)	1	Base on motor type	0
F01.19	Acc/Dece time unit	0: 0.01s 1: 0.1s 2: 1s	1	1	×
F01.20	Acc/Dece mode selection	0:Line acc/Dece mode. 1:S curve acc/Dece mode.	1	0	×
F01.21	S curve acceleration initiation segment time	$10.0\%{\sim}50.0\%~((Acceleration/deceleration~time)\\S~curve~deceleration~start~time+~S~curve~deceleration\\raise~time~\leq90\%~)$	0.1%	20.0%	0

corp.com

ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



Fax:011 - FF99F5F1

، یلاک ۱۲



F01.23	S curve	10.0%~50.0%(Acceleration/deceleration time)	••		
	deceleration	S curve acceleration start time+ S curve accelerat	ئىت	مىن	سا
	initiation segment	raise time ≤90%)			····
	time				
F01.24	S curve	10.0%~70.0%(Acceleration/deceleration time)		•	
	deceleration up	S curve acceleration start time+ S curve acceleration			
	segment time	raise time ≤90%)			
F01.25	Keyboard jog run	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	5.00Hz	0
	frequency				
F01.26	Terminal jog run	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	5.00Hz	0
	frequency				
F01.27	Jog interval time	0.0~100.0s	0.1s	0.0s	0
F01.28	Jog acceleration	0.1~6000.0s	0.1s	20.0s	0
	time				
F01.29	Jog deceleration	0.1~6000.0s	0.1s	20.0s	0
	time				

F02—Start, stop, forward/reverse, brake function parameter group							
Function Code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation		
F02.00	Start running mode	Start from starting frequency     First brake and then start from starting frequency     Start by revolving speed tracking	1	0	×		
F02.01	Starting delay time	0.0~60.0s	0.1s	0.0s	×		
F02.02	Starting frequency	0.0~10.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×		
F02.03	Starting frequency duration time	0.0~60.0s	0.1s	0.0s	×		
F02.04	DC braking current when starting	0.0~100.0% (G type inverter rated current)	0.1%	30.0%	×		
F02.05	DC braking time when starting	0.0~30.0s	0.1s	0.0s	×		
F02.06	Speed track starting frequency selection	0: Current setting frequency.     1: Running frequency before power down.     2:Speed track auxiliary starting frequency.	1	2	×		
F02.07	Speed track auxiliary starting frequency	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	30.00Hz	×		
F02.08	Speed track starting waiting time	0.00~10.00s	0.01s	0.10s	×		
F02.09	Speed track current control coefficient	1~20	1	2	×		
F02.10	Speed track searching speed time	0.1~30.0 (V/F control unit is 1 second; SVC control unit is 0.1 second)	0.1	4.0	×		
F02.11	Stop mode	0: Deceleration stop. 1: Free stop 2: Deceleration + DC braking stop.	1	0	0		
F02.12	Deceleration stop	0.00~upper limit frequency (This parameter is	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×		

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- ۴ ۸ 0 0 0 0 ۴ 9

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



	holding time		••		
F02.14	Stop DC braking starting frequency	0.00~15.00Hz	ئت	صنه	پر
F02.15	stop DC braking waiting time	0.00~30.00s	•		
F02.16	Stop DC braking current	0.0~100.0% (G type inverter rated current)	0.1%	0.0%	×
F02.17	Stop DC braking time	0.0~30.0s	0.1s	0.0s	×
F02.18	Stop auxiliary braking current	0.0~100.0% (G type inverter rated current)	0.1%	0.0%	×
F02.19	Stop auxiliary braking time	0.0~100.0s	0.1s	0.0s	×
F02.20	Forward/reverse dead zone time	0.0~3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s	×
F02.21	Forward/reverse switching mode	Over zero switchover     Over starting frequency switchover	1	0	×
F02.22	Energy consumption braking selection	0:No energy consumption braking 1:Energy consumption braking 1(No braking while halting). 2: Energy consumption braking 2(Braking while halting).	1	0	0
F02.23	Energy consumption braking voltage	100.0~145.0% (rated busbar voltage)	0.1%	125.0%	0
F02.24	Energy consumption braking use rate	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	100.0%	0
F02.25	Encryption time	0∼65535h	1	0	0
F02.26	Reserved				

	F03—V/F control parameter group					
Function Code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation	
F03.00	V/F curve set	0: Constant torque curve	1	0	×	
		1: Degression torque curve 1 (2.0 power)				
		2: Degression torque curve 1 (1.7 power)				
		3: Degression torque curve 3 (1.2 power)				
		4: User self-defined setting V/F curve				
		(Confirmed by F03.04~F03.11)				
F03.01	Torque boost mode	0: Manual boost.	1	0	0	
		1: Auto torque boost				
F03.02	Torque boost	0.0~12.0%	0.1%	Base on	0	
				motor		
				type		
F03.03	Torque boost cut-off	0.0~100.0% (motor rated frequency)	0.1%	100.0%	0	
	frequency					
F03.04	V/F frequency value 0	0.00~V/F frequency value 1	0.01Hz	10.00Hz	×	
F03.05	V/F voltage value 0	0.00∼V/F voltage value 1	0.01%	20.00%	×	
F03.06	V/F frequency value 1	V/F frequency value 0~V/F frequency value 2	0.01Hz	20.00Hz	×	
F03.07	V/F voltage value 1	V/F voltage value 0~V/F voltage value 2	0.01%	40.00%	×	
F03.08	V/F frequency value 2	V/F frequency value 1~V/F frequency value 3	0.01Hz	25.00Hz	×	
F03.09	V/F voltage value 2	V/F voltage value 1~V/F voltage value 3	0.01%	50.00%	×	
F03.10	V/F frequency value 3	V/F frequency value 2~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	40.00Hz	×	
F03.11	V/F voltage value 3	V/F voltage value $2 \sim 100.00\%$ (motor rated	0.01%	80.00%	×	
		voltage)				
E03 12	V/F oscillation	0~255	. 1	10	^	

corp.com

ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:011 - FF99F9FP

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲



	I	F04—Auxiliary running parameter group	ئت	ڝنه	پر
Function Code	Name	Set Range		•	•
F04.00	Jump freq. 1	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
F04.01	Jump freq. 1 range	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
F04.02	Jump freq. 2	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
F04.03	Jump freq. 2 range	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
F04.04	Jump freq. 3	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
F04.05	Jump freq. 3 range	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
F04.06	Slip freq. gain	0.0~300.0%	0.1%	0.0%	×
F04.07	Slip compensation limit	0.0~250.0%	0.1%	100.0%	×
F04.08	Slip compensation time constant	0.1~25.0s	0.1s	2.0s	×
F04.09	Carrier freq.	0.5~16.0K	0.1K	Based on motor type	0
F04.11	PWM optimized adjustment  AVR function	Units digit: Carrier freq. is adjusted automatically according to temperature 0: Banned. 1: Allowed. Tens digit: low speed carrier freq. limit mode 0: No limit. 1: Limit. Hundreds digit: carrier wave modulation system 0: 3 phase modulation. 1: 2 phase and 3 phase modulation. Thousands digit: Asynchronous modulation: synchronization mode (valid under V/F control) 0:Asynchronous modulation. 1:Synchronous modulation (under 85Hz: Asynchronous modulation). 0: No action 1: Action all the time	1	2	×
E04.12	D 1	2: No action only during deceleration			
F04.12 F04.13	Reserved Automatic energy-saving operation	0: No action 1: Action	1	0	×
F04.14	Acceleration time 2 and 1 switchover frequency	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
F04.15	Deceleration time 2 and 1 switchover frequency	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
F04.16		1~60000	1	200	0
F04.17	Deceleration time 2	1~60000	1	200	0
F04.18		1~60000	1	200	0
F04.19	Deceleration time 3	1~60000	1	200	0
F04.20	Acceleration time 4	1~60000	1	200	0
	Deceleration time 4	1~60000	1	200	0
F04.21					
F04.21 F04.22		1~60000	1	200	0
F04.22	Acceleration time 5		1		
	Acceleration time 5 Deceleration time 5	1~60000 1~60000 1~60000		200 200 200	0

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:011 - FF99F9F1

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



F04.28 Acceleration time 8       1~60000         F04.29 Deceleration time 8       1~60000         F04.30 Acceleration time 9       1~60000         F04.31 Deceleration time 9       1~60000         F04.32 Acceleration time 10       1~60000	
F04.31 Deceleration time 9 1~60000 F04.32 Acceleration time 10 1~60000	
F04.31 Deceleration time 9 1~60000 F04.32 Acceleration time 10 1~60000	
F04.32 Acceleration time 10 1~60000 . 200	<u> </u>
	~
F04.33 Deceleration time 10 $1\sim60000$ 1 200	0
F04.34 Acceleration time 11 1~60000 1 200	0
F04.35 Deceleration time 11 1~60000 1 200	0
F04.36 Acceleration time 12 1~60000 1 200	0
F04.37 Deceleration time 12 1~60000 1 200	0
F04.38 Acceleration time 13 1~60000 1 200	0
F04.39 Deceleration time 13 1~60000 1 200	0
F04.40 Acceleration time 14 1~60000 1 200	0
F04.41 Deceleration time 14 1~60000 1 200	0
F04.42 Acceleration time 15 1~60000 1 200	0
F04.43 Deceleration time 15 1~60000 1 200	0

	F05—Terminal correlative function parameter group				
Function	Name	Set Range	Min.	Factory	Modifi
Code	Name	Set Range	Unit	Default	-cation
F05.00	protocol selection	0: Modbus protocol . 1: Reserved 2: Profibus protocol . (Extend effective) 3: CANlink protocol . (Extend effective) 4: CANopen protocol . (Extend effective) 5: Free protocol 1. (Can realize all the function parameter modification of EN500/EN600) 6: Free protocol 2. (Can realize part of the	1	0	×
		function parameter modification of EN500/EN600)			
F05.01	Baud rate configuration	Units digit: Free protocol and Modbus Baud rate selection 0: 300BPS 1: 600BPS 2: 1200BPS 3: 2400BPS 4: 4800BPS 6: 19200BPS 6: 19200BPS 7: 38400BPS 8: 57600BPS Tens digit: Profibus-DP Baud rate selection 0: 115200BPS 1: 208300BPS 2: 256000BPS 3: 512000BPS Hundreds digit: CanLink and CANopen Baud rate selection 0: 20K 1: 50K 2: 100K 3: 125K 4: 250K	1	005	×

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:01 - ##99#9#

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲

FA	M	~	h
	<b> </b>		J
نعت	ـرص	اب	Ø

E05 02	Data format	Units digit: Free protocol and Modbus proto			
F03.02	Data Ioilliat	data format 0: 1-8-1 format, no parity, RTI	.". «	صنه	
		1: 1-8-1 format, even parity, RTU			J
		2: 1-8-1 format, odd parity, RTU			•
		3: 1-7-1 format, no parity, ASCII			
		4: 1-7-1 format, even parity, ASCII			
		5: 1-7-1 format, odd parity, ASCII			
		Tens digit: Profibus_DP protocol data format			
		0: PPO1 communication format			
		1: PPO2 communication format			
		2: PPO3 communication format			
		3: PPO5 communication format			
		Hundreds digit: Modbus agreement or free			
		protocol response selection			
		0:respond mainframe demand, and respond data package			
		1:respond mainframe demand and without			
		response			
E05.03	Local address	$0\sim247$ ,	1	1	×
1 05.05	Local address	this function code is used to identify inverter's	1	1	
		address: among which 0 is broadcast address.			
		When setting broadcast address: it can only			
		receive and execute upper computer broadcast			
		command: while cannot respond to upper			
		computer.			
F05.04	Communication overtime	0.0~1000.0s	0.1s	0.0s	0
	checkout				
	time				
F05.05	Communication error	0.0~1000.0s	0.1s	0.0s	0
F05.06	checkout time Local response delay time	0~200ms (Modbus effective)	1ms	5ms	0
F05.07	Main & sub inverter	0~500%	1%	100%	0
1 05.07	communication frequency	0 30070	1/0	10070	
	setting percentage				
F05.08	communication virtual	00∼FFH	1	00H	0
	input terminal enabled	Bit0 : CX1 virtual input terminal enabled			
	*	0: forbidden			
		1 : enabled			
		Bit1: CX2 virtual input terminal enabled			
		0: forbidden			
		1: enabled			
		Bit2: CX3 virtual input terminal enabled			
		0: forbidden			
		1: enabled			
		Bit3: CX4 virtual input terminal enabled			
		0: forbidden 1: enabled			
		Bit4: CX5 virtual input terminal enabled			
		0. forbidden			
		1: enabled			
		Bit5: CX6 virtual input terminal enabled			
		0: forbidden			
		1: enabled			
		Bit6: CX7 virtual input terminal enabled			
		0: forbidden			

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:071 - FF99F5FP

ی (جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)

، بلاک ۱۲

	FAMCO
-	
	هاب صنعت

					_
		0: forbidden	••	صنه	
		1: enabled	ئت	مىنە	
F05.09	Communication virtual	0: Independent node.		•	,
	input terminal joining	1: Terminal node.			
	node				
F05.10	Communication virtual	0~90	1	0	0
F05.11	terminal CX1 function	0~90	1	0	
F05.11	Communication virtual terminal CX2 function	0~90	1	0	0
F05.12	Communication virtual	0~90	1	0	0
F03.12	terminal CX3 function	0 - 90	1	U	U
F05.13	Communication virtual	0~90	1	0	0
1 05.15	terminal CX4 function	0 70	•	· ·	
F05.14	Communication virtual	0~90	1	0	0
	terminal CX5 function		-		
F05.15	Communication virtual	0~90	1	0	0
	terminal CX6 function				
F05.16	Communication virtual	0~90	1	0	0
	terminal CX7 function				
F05.17	Communication virtual	0~90	1	0	0
	terminal CX8 function				
F05.18	Input mapping application	F00.00~F26.xx	0.01	25.00	0
	parameter 1				
F05.19	Input mapping application	F00.00~F26.xx	0.01	25.00	0
	parameter 2				
F05.20	Input mapping application	F00.00~F26.xx	0.01	25.00	0
	parameter 3			L	
F05.21	Input mapping application	F00.00~F26.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F05.22	parameter 4	F00 00 F26	0.01	25.00	
F05.22	Input mapping application parameter 5	F00.00~F26.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F05.23	Input mapping application	E00.00~E26.vv	0.01	25.00	0
FU3.23	parameter 6	F00.00° ~F20.XX	0.01	23.00	U
F05 24	Input mapping application	F00 00∼F26 xx	0.01	25.00	0
1 05.21	parameter 7	1 00.00 1 20.XX	0.01	25.00	
F05.25	Input mapping application	F00.00~F26.xx	0.01	25.00	0
	parameter 8				
F05.26	Input mapping application	F00.00~F26.xx	0.01	25.00	0
	parameter 9				
F05.27	Input mapping application	F00.00~F26.xx	0.01	25.00	0
	parameter 10				
F05.28	Reserved				
F05.29	Reserved				
F05.30	Reserved				
F05.31	Reserved				
F05.32	Reserved				
F05.33	Reserved		<del>-  </del>		
F05.34					
F05.34				<del>                                     </del>	
				<b> </b>	
	Reserved				
F05.37					
F05.38					
E05 20	D	I	1	1	

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:01 - FF99F5FP

ی (جادہ م<del>خ</del>صوص کرج)

، بیلاک ۱۲

FAI	M	cc	h
	<b>'</b>		J
نعت	رمر	اب	Ø

		F06—Setting curve parameter group	ىن	ٍصنه	_
Function Code	Name	Set Range			σ.
F06.00	Setting curve selection	Units digit: Al1 curve selection 0: curve 1 1: curve 2 2: curve 3 Tens digit: Al2 curve selection: The same as Units digit Hundred digit: rapid pulse curve selection: The same as Units digit			
		Thousands digit: pulse width setting curve selection: The same as Units digit			
F06.01	Curve 1 min. setting	0.0%∼curve 1 inflexion setting	0.1%	0.0%	0
F06.02	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 1 min. setting	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0
F06.03	Curve 1 inflexion setting	Curve 1 min. setting ~ curve 1 Max. setting	0.1%	50.0%	0
F06.04	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 1 inflexion setting	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	50.0%	0
F06.05	Curve 1 Max. setting	Curve 1 inflexion setting ~ 100.0%, 100.0% is corresponding to 5V Input AD terminal	0.1%	100.0%	0
F06.06	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 1 Max. setting	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	100.0%	0
F06.07	Curve 2 min. setting	0.0%~curve 2 inflexion setting	0.1%	0.0%	0
F06.08	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 2 min. setting	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0
F06.09	Curve 2 inflexion setting	Curve 2 min. setting ~ curve 2 Max. setting	0.1%	50.0%	0
F06.10	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 2 inflexion setting	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	50.0%	0
F06.11	Curve 2 Max. setting	Curve 2 inflexion setting~100.0%	0.1%	100.0%	0
F06.12	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 2 Max. setting	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	100.0%	0
F06.13	Curve 3 min. setting	0.0%∼curve 3 inflexion 1 setting	0.1%	0.0%	0
F06.14	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 3 min. setting	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0
F06.15	Curve 3 inflexion 1 setting	Curve 3 min. setting ~ curve 3 inflexion 2 setting	0.1%	30.0%	0
F06.16	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 3 inflexion 1 setting	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	30.0%	0
F06.17	Curve 3 inflexion 2 setting	Curve 3 inflexion 1 setting ~ curve 3 Max. setting	0.1%	60.0%	0
F06.18	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 3 inflexion 2 setting	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	60.0%	0
E06.10	G 236	G 2: G : 4 100.00/	0.40/	400.007	

corp.com

Теl:о۲1- ۴ Л о о о о Р 9

Fax:071 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲



	quantity of curve 3 Max. setting		ساسنعت
F06.21	Curve lower than min.	Units digit: curve 1 setting	
	input corresponding	0: Corresponds to min. setting	
	selection	corresponding physical quantity.	
		1: 0.0% of the corresponding physical	
		quantity.	
		Tens digit: curve 2 setting	
		Same as units digit.	
		Hundreds digit: curve 3 setting	
		Same as units digit.	
		Thousands digit: extended curve 1	
		Same as units digit.	
		Ten thousands digit: extended curve 2	
		Same as units digit.	

F07—Analog , Pulse input function parameter group						
Function Code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation	
F07.00	AI1 input filter time	0.000~9.999s	0.001s	0.050s	×	
F07.01	AI1 setting gain	0.000~9.999	0.001	1.006	0	
F07.02	AI1 setting bias	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	0.5%	0	
F07.03	AI2 input filter time	0.000~9.999s	0.001	0.050s	×	
F07.04	AI2 setting gain	0.000~9.999	0.001	1.003	0	
F07.05	AI2 setting bias	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0	
F07.06	Analog setting bias polarity	Units digit: Al1 setting bias polarity 0: Positive polarity. 1: Negative polarity. Tens digit: Al2 setting bias polarity 0: Positive polarity. 1: Negative polarity.	1	01	0	
F07.07	Pulse input filter time	0.000~9.999s	0.001	0.000s	×	
F07.08	Pulse input gain	0.000~9.999	0.001	1.000	0	
F07.09	Pulse input Max. frequency	0.01~50.00KHz	0.01KHz	10.00KHz	0	
F07.10	Pulse width input filter time	0.000~9.999s	0.001s	0.000s	×	
F07.11	Pulse width input gain	0.000~9.999	0.001	1.000	0	
F07.12	Pulse width input logic setting.	0:positive logic 1:negative logic	1	0	0	
F07.13	Max pulse input width	0.1~999.9ms	0.1ms	100.0ms	0	
F07.14	Reserved		, and the second		·	
F07.15	Reserved					
F07.16	Reserved					
F07.17	Reserved					

F08—On-off input function parameter group							
Function Code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation		
F08.00	Input terminal positive and negative logic setting	0000~FFFF (include extend input terminal)	1	0000	0		

corp.com

ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲

FAMCO	
هابرمنعت	
هاپيرسنځت	

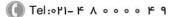
F08.02	X1 Input terminal	0.00~99.99s	···	صن	
	closed time	0.00.00.00	ك	صب	
F08.03	X1 Input terminal opened time	0.00~99.99s		•	****
F08.04	X2 Input terminal closed time	0.00~99.99s			
F08.05	X2 Input terminal opened time	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.06	X3 Input terminal closed time	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.07	X3 Input terminal	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.08	opened time X4 Input terminal	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
	closed time X4 Input terminal	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.09	opened time X5 Input terminal	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.10	closed time				
F08.11	X5 Input terminal opened time	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.12	X6 Input terminal closed time	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.13	X6 Input terminal opened time	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.14	X7 Input terminal closed time	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.15	X7 Input terminal opened time	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.16	X8 Input terminal	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.17	Closed time X8 Input terminal	0.00~99.99s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F08.18	opened time Input terminal X1	0.1	1	1	×
F08.18	function selection	0: Leave control terminal unused 1: Forward running FWD terminal 2: Reverse running REV terminal 3: External forward jogging control 4: External reverse jogging control 5: Multi-step speed control terminal 1 6: Multi-step speed control terminal 2 7: Multi-step speed control terminal 3 8: Multi-step speed control terminal 4 9: Acceleration/deceleration time selection terminal 1 10: Acceleration/deceleration time selection terminal 2 11: Acceleration/deceleration time selection terminal 3 12: Acceleration/deceleration time selection terminal 3 12: Acceleration/deceleration time selection terminal 4 13: Main and auxiliary frequency operational	1	1	x
	1	rule selection terminal 1  14: Main and auxiliary frequency operational rule selection terminal 2  15: Main and auxiliary frequency operational rule selection terminal 3			

📵 Tel:۰۲۱– ۴ ለ ۰ ۰ ۰ ۰ ۴ ۹

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲



- 18: Frequency ascending/descending frequency
- 19: Multi-step closed loop terminal 1
- 20: Multi-step closed loop terminal 2
- 21: Multi-step closed loop terminal 3 22: External equipment failure input
- 23: External interruption input
- 24:External resetting input
- 25: Free stop input
- 26: External stop instruction-Stop according to the stop mode
- 27: stop DC braking input command DB
- 28: inverter running prohibited—Stop according to the stop mode
- 29:Acceleration/deceleration prohibited command
- 30: Three-wire running control
- 31: Process PID invalid
- 32: Process PID stop
- 33: Process PID integral holding
- 34: Process PID integral resetting
- 35: Process PID function negation(Closed loop adjustment feature negation)
- 36: simple PLC invalid
- 37: simple PLC halted
- 38: simple PLC stop state resetting
- 39: main frequency switchover to digit (keypad)
- 40: main frequency switchover to AI1
- 41: main frequency switchover to AI2
- 42: main frequency switchover to EAI1
- 43: main frequency switchover to EAI2
- 44: main frequency setting channel selection terminal 1
- 45: main frequency setting channel selection terminal 2
- 46: main frequency setting channel selection terminal 3
- 47: main frequency setting channel selection terminal 4
- 48: Auxiliary frequency reset
- 49: Command switchover to panel
- 50: Command switchover to terminal
- 51: Command switchover to communication
- 52:Running command Channel selection terminal 1
- 53:Running command Channel selection terminal 2
- 54:Forward prohibited command(Stop according to the stop mode: invalid for jogging command)
- 55:Reverse prohibited command (Stop according to the stop mode: invalid for jogging command)
- 56:Swinging frequency input
- 57:Resetting state of swinging frequency
- 58:Interior counter reset end
- 59:Interior counter input end
- 60:Internal timer resetting



Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

ں، پلاک ۱۲

corp.com ncocorp.com

6	44		h
FA		L	J
ّەت			

		,			
		63:Length reset	•• _	• _	
		64:Reset this operation time	کب	صن	سر
		65: speed/torque control switching			••••
		66: Point positioning enabled terminal(F00.24			
		valid).			
		67: Zero-speed servo enabled terminal(F00.24=2			
		valid).			
		68: Motor position reset terminal(F00.24=2			
		valid).			
		69: Recovery point positioning terminal			
		(F00.24=2 valid).			
		70∼90: Reserved			
		91: Pulse frequency input (X8 VALID)			
		92: Pulse width PWM INPUT (X8 VALID)			
		93~96: Reserved			
F08.19	Input terminal X2	Same as above	1	2	×
	function selection				
F08.20	Input terminal X3	Same as above	1	0	×
	function selection				
F08.21	Input terminal X4	Same as above	1	0	×
	function selection				
F08.22	Input terminal X5	Same as above	1	0	×
	function selection				
F08.23	Input terminal X6	Same as above	1	0	×
	function selection				
F08.24	Input terminal X7	Same as above	1	0	×
	function selection				
F08.25	Input terminal X8	Same as above	1	0	×
	function selection				
F08.26	FWD/REV operating	0: Two-wire control mode 1	1	0	×
	mode selection	1: Two-wire control mode 2			
		2: Two-wire control mode 3 (monopulse control			
		mode)			
		3: Three-wire control mode 1			
		4: Three-wire control mode 2			
F08.27	Set internal count value	0~65535	1	0	0
	to setting				
F08.28	Specify internal count	0~65535	1	0	0
	to setting				
F08.29	Internal timer timing	0.1~6000.0s	0.1s	60.0s	0
	setting				
F08.30		0.01~10.00Hz (only be effective by given	0.01Hz	1.00Hz	0
	frequency rate	X1:X2 encoder)			
F08.31	Reserved				
F08.31	Reserved		l		

	F09—On-off ,analog output function parameter group							
Function	Name	Set Range	Min.	Factory	Modifi			
Code	Ivanic	Set Range	Unit	Default	-cation			
F09.00	Open collector output	0:terminal unused	1	0	×			
	terminal Y1 output	1:operation(RUN)						
	setup	2:CW run						
		3:CCW run						
		4:DC brake						

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲

		6:stop command indication			
		7:no current arrived	كىت	إصنا	
		8:overcurrent arrived			•
		9:current1 arrived			
		10:current2 arrived	•		
		11:no frequency output			
		12:frequency arrival signal(FAR)			
		13:frequency level detect signal 1(FDT1)			
		14:frequency level detect signal 2(FDT2)			
		15:output frequency arrival upper limit(FHL)			
		16:output frequency arrival low limit(FLL)			
		17:frequency 1 arrival output			
		18:frequency 2 arrival output			
		19:overload pre-alarm signal(OL)			
		20:undervoltage lockout stop (LU)			
		21:external fault stop(EXT)			
		22:fault			
		23:alarm			
		24: simple PLC operation			
		25:simple PLC section operation finish			
		26:simple PLC circle operation finish			
		27:simple PLC operation stop			
		28:traverse frequency high and low limit			
		29:setup length arrival			
		30:internal counter final value arrival			
		31:internal counter designated value arrival			
		32:internal timer arrivaloutput 0.5s valid signal			
		on arrival			
		33:operation stop time finish			
		34:operation arrival time finish			
		35:setup run time arrival			
		36:setup power on time arrival			
		37:1st pump variable frequency			
		38:1st pump power frequency			
		39:2 <sup>nd</sup> pump variable frequency			
		40:2 <sup>nd</sup> pump power frequency			
		41:communication provision			
		42: torque control speed limiting			
		43: Torque arriving output			
		44: Positioning completion			
		45~60: Reserved			
F09.01	Open collector output	Same as above	1	0	×
	terminal Y2 output				
	setup				
F09.02	Open collector output	Same as above	1	0	×
	terminal Y3 output				
	setup			L l	
F09.03	Open collector output	Same as above	1	0	×
1.05.05		1		1	
1.09.03	terminal Y4 output				
109.03					
F09.03	terminal Y4 output setup	Same as above	1	22	×
	terminal Y4 output setup Programmable relay	Same as above	1	22	×
F09.04	terminal Y4 output setup Programmable relay output setting				×
	terminal Y4 output setup Programmable relay	Same as above $0.00{\sim}50.00{\rm Hz}$	1 0.01Hz	22 5.00Hz	

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:01 - # # 99 # 9 # 1

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۲



F09.08	FDT2(frequency level)level	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	.". 6	رصن	
F09.09	FDT2 lag	0.00∼50.00Hz		رىب	_
F09.10	Zero frequency signal detection value	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency			•
F09.11	Zero frequency backlash	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0
F09.12	Zero-current detection amplitude	0.0~50.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0
F09.13	Zero-current detection time	0.00~60.00s	0.01s	0.1s	0
F09.14	Over-current detection value	0.0~250.0%	0.1%	160.0%	0
F09.15	Over-current detection time	0.00~60.00s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F09.16	Current 1 arrival detection value	0.0~250.0%	0.1%	100.0%	0
F09.17	Current 1 width	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0
F09.18	Current 2 arriving the detection value	0.0~250.0%	0.1%	100.0%	0
F09.19	Current 2 width	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0
F09.20	Frequency 1 arriving the detection value	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	0
F09.21	Frequency 1 arriving the detection width	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0
F09.22	Frequency 2 arriving the detection value	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	0
F09.23	Frequency 2 arriving the detection width	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0
F09.24	positive and negative logic setup of Output terminal	0000~FFFF (extension valid)	1	0000	0
F09.25	Y1 output closed delay time	0.000~50.000s	0.001s	0.000s	0
F09.26	Y1 output disconnected delay time	0.000~50.000s	0.001s	0.000s	0
F09.27	Y2 output closed delay time	0.000~50.000s	0.001s	0.000s	0
F09.28	Y2 output disconnected delay time	0.000~50.000s	0.001s	0.000s	0
F09.29	Y3 output closed delay time	0.000~50.000s	0.001s	0.000s	0
F09.30	Y3 output disconnected delay time	0.000~50.000s	0.001s	0.000s	0
F09.31	Y4 output closed delay time	0.000~50.000s	0.001s	0.000s	0
F09.32	Y4 output disconnected delay time	0.000~50.000s	0.001s	0.000s	0
F09.33	Relay output closed delay time	0.000~50.000s	0.001s	0.000s	0
F09.34	Relay output disconnected delay	0.000~50.000s	0.001s	0.000s	0

ncocorp.com



		- 1/	- CO - CO - CO		
		(0.00Hz~upper limit frequency)	·•	صنا	
		2:Setup frequency(0.00Hz~upper limit	حب	مىد	سر
		frequency)		,	****
		3:main setting frequency(0.00Hz~upper limit frequency)			
			i	1 1	ı
		4:auxiliary setting frequency(0.00Hz~upper limit			
		frequency) 5:output current 1(0~2×inverter rated current)			
		6:output current 1(0~2×inverter rated current)			
		7:output voltage(0~1.2×load motor rated voltage)			
		8:busbar voltage(0~1.5×rated busbar voltage)			
		9:motor speed(0~3 rated speed)			
		10:PID provision(0.00~10.00V)			
		11:PID feedback(0.00~10.00V)			
		12:AI1(0.00~10.00V or 4~20mA)			
		13:AI2(-10.00~10.00V or 4~20mA)			
		14:communication provision			
		15: motor rotor revolving speed (0.00Hz~upper			
		limit frequency)			
		16: present setting torque (0~2 times rated			
		torque)			
		17: present output torque (0~2 times rated			
		torque)			
		18: present torque current (0~2 times motor			
		rated current)			
		19: present flux current (0 $\sim$ 1 times motor rated			
		flux current)			
		20~25: Reserved			
F09.36	Analog output(AO2)	Same as above	1	0	0
F09.37	selection DO function	Same as above			
F09.37	selection(with Y4 reuse)	Same as above	1	0	0
F09.38	Reserved				
F09.39	Analog output(AO1)	0.0~20.0s	0.1s	0.0s	0
F09.39	filter time	0.0 - 20.08	0.18	0.08	0
F09.40	Analog output(AO1)	0.00~2.00	0.01	1.00	0
F09.40	gain	0.00 - 2.00	0.01	1.00	0
F09.41	Analog output(AO1)	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0
107.71	bias	0.0 100.070	0.170	0.070	0
F09.42	Analog output(AO2)	0.0~20.0s	0.1s	0.0s	0
1 07.12	filter time	20.03	0.13	0.03	
F09.43	Analog output(AO2)	0.00~2.00	0.01	1.00	0
107.15	gain	2.00	0.01	1.00	_
F09.44	Analog output(AO2)	0.0~100.0% (AO2 output terminal with Y3	0.1%	0.0%	0
	bias	reuse)	*****	******	
F09.45	DO filter time	0.0~20.0s	0.1s	0.0s	0
F09.46	DO output gain	0.00~2.00	0.01	1.00	0
F09.47	DO maximum pulse	0.1~20.0KHz	0.1KHz	10.0KHz	0
	output frequency				
F09.48	Torque reaches to the	0.02~200.00s	0.01s	1.00s	0
	detection time				
F09.49	Reserved				
F09.50	Reserved				
		•			

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:011 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲



	F10-Si	mple PLC/Multi-speed Function Parameter		صن	
Function Code	Name	Set Range			<del>,</del>
F10.00	Simple PLC operate setting	Units digit: run mode selection 0:inaction 1:stop after single cycle 2:final value keep after single cycle 3:continuous cycle Tens digit: interrupt run restart mode selection 0:restart from first phase 1:continuous run from phase frequency at interruption 2:continuous run from run frequency at interruption Hundreds digit: PLC run time unit 0:second 1:minute Thousands digit: power-down memory selection 0:no memory 1:phase of reserve power down, frequency power down recording PLC run status: contain power			
F10.01	Step 1 setting	down phase, run frequency, time have run.  000H~E22H  Units digit: frequency setup  0: Multi-section frequency i (i=1~15)  1:frequency determined by complex frequency of main and auxiliary  2: Reserved  Tens digit: The selection of running direction for PLC and multi-speed.  0:forward  1:reversal  2:determine by run command  Hundreds digit: ACC/DEC time selection  0: ACC/DEC time 1  1: ACC/DEC time 2  2: ACC/DEC time 3  3: ACC/DEC time 4  4: ACC/DEC time 4  4: ACC/DEC time 6  6: ACC/DEC time 6  6: ACC/DEC time 7  7: ACC/DEC time 8  8: ACC/DEC time 9  9: ACC/DEC time 10  A: ACC/DEC time 10  A: ACC/DEC time 11  B: ACC/DEC time 12  C: ACC/DEC time 13  D: ACC/DEC time 14  E: ACC/DEC time 15	1	000	0
F10.02	Step 2 setting	000H∼E22H	1	000	0
F10.03	Step 3 setting	000H~E22H	1	000	0
F10.04	Step 4 setting	000H~E22H	1	000	0
F10.05	Step 5 setting	000H∼E22H	1	000	0

| Tel:o۲1- ۴ ∧ ◦ ◦ ◦ ◦ ۴ ٩

Fax:071 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲

FAMCC	)
عاييـرصنعت	ð

F10.08	Step 8 setting	000H∼E22H			
F10.09	Step 9 setting	000H~E22H	كىت	صنا	ш
F10.10	Step 10 setting	000H∼E22H			<del></del>
F10.11	Step 11 setting	000H∼E22H			
F10.12	Step 12 setting	000H∼E22H			u .
F10.13	Step 13 setting	000H∼E22H	1	000	0
F10.14	Step 14 setting	000H∼E22H	1	000	0
F10.15	Step 15 setting	000H∼E22H	1	000	0
F10.16	Step 1 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.17	Step 2 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.18	Step 3 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.19	Step 4 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.20	Step 5 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.21	Step 6 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.22	Step 7 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.23	Step 8 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.24	Step 9 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.25	Step 10 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.26	Step 11 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.27	Step 12 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.28	Step 13 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.29	Step 14 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.30	Step 15 running time	0~6000.0	0.1	10.0	0
F10.31	Multi- frequency 1	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	5.00Hz	0
F10.32	Multi- frequency 2	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	10.00Hz	0
F10.33	Multi- frequency 3	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	20.00Hz	0
F10.34	Multi- frequency 4	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	30.00Hz	0
F10.35	Multi- frequency 5	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	40.00Hz	0
F10.36	Multi- frequency 6	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	45.00Hz	0
F10.37	Multi- frequency 7	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	0
F10.38	Multi- frequency 8	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	5.00Hz	0
F10.39	Multi- frequency 9	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	10.00Hz	0
F10.40	Multi- frequency 10	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	20.00Hz	0
F10.41	Multi- frequency 11	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	30.00Hz	0
F10.42	Multi- frequency 12	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	40.00Hz	0
F10.43	Multi- frequency 13	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	45.00Hz	0
F10.44	Multi- frequency 14	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	0
F10.45	Multi- frequency 15	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	0

	F11—Close loop PID run function parameter group						
Function Code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation		
F11.00	1 0	0:PID close loop run control invalid	1	0	×		
	selection	1:PID close loop run control valid					
F11.01	Provision channel selection		1	0	0		
		1:AI1 analog provision					
		2:AI2 analog provision					
		3:EAI1 analog provision					
		4:EAI2 analog provision					
		5: Pulse provision					
		6: Communication provision(Communication					
		address: 1D00)					

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:01 - FF99F9F7

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

ں، پلاک ۱۲

FA	M	cc	١
.". 0	1101	16	٨

	1	1. AI2l it	- 0 M		
	selection	1: AI2 analog input 2: EAI1 analog input (Extend effective)			
		3: EAI2 analog input (Extend effective)	ىب	رصن	$\boldsymbol{\vdash}$
		4: AI1+AI2			
		4: AI1+AI2 5: AI1-AI2			
		6: Min { AI1, AI2 }		1 1	
		7: Max {AI1, AI2}			
		8: Pulse input			
F11.03	Provision channel	0.01~50.00s	0.01s	0.20s	×
F11.03	filtering time	0.01~30.00s	0.018	0.208	
F11.04	Feedback channel	0.01~50.00s	0.01s	0.10s	×
F11.04		0.01~30.00s	0.018	0.108	
F11.05	filtering time PID output filtering	0.00~50.00s	0.01s	0.00s	0
F11.03	time	0.00°~30.00s	0.018	0.008	0
E11.06		0.0010.007/	0.0137	1.0037	
F11.06	Provision digital setting	0.00~10.00V	0.01V	1.00V	0
F11.07	Proportion gain Kp	0.000~9.999	0.001	0.100	0
F11.08	Integral gain Ki	0.000~9.999	0.001	0.100	0
F11.09	Differential gain Kd	0.000~9.999	0.001	0.000	0
F11.10	Sample cycle T	0.01~1.00s	0.01s	0.10s	0
	Deviation limit	$0.0 \sim 20.0\%$ correspond to provide value	0.1%	2.0%	0
F11.11		percentage			
	PID differential amplitude	0.00~100.00%	0.01%	0.10%	0
F11.12	limit				
F11.13	Closed-loop regulation	0:action	1	0	0
	characteristic	1:reaction	•		_
F11.14	Feedback channel	0:positive characteristic	1	0	0
	Positive-Negative	1:negative characteristic	•		_
	characteristic	1.negative characteristic			
F11.15	PID regulation upper limit	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	0
111.13	frequency	0.00112 apper mint frequency	0.01112	30.0011Z	0
F11.16	PID regulation lower limit	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0
111.10	frequency	0.00112 apper mint frequency	0.01112	0.00112	0
F11.17	Integral regulation	0:when integral arrival separate PID threshold	1	0	0
111.17	selection	value, stop integral adjusting	1	U	0
	sciection				
		1:when integral arrival separate PID threshold			
F11 18	PID threshold of the	value, continue threshold value adjusting	0.1%	100.0%	
F11.18	PID threshold of the		0.1%	100.0%	0
	integral separation	value, continue threshold value adjusting $0.0{\sim}100.0\%$			
F11.18	integral separation Preset closed-loop	value, continue threshold value adjusting	0.1% 0.01Hz	100.0% 0.00Hz	
F11.19	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency	value, continue threshold value adjusting  0.0~100.0%  0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0
	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset	value, continue threshold value adjusting $0.0{\sim}100.0\%$			0
F11.19 F11.20	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset closed-loop frequency	value, continue threshold value adjusting 0.0~100.0%  0.00Hz~upper limit frequency 0.0~6000.0s	0.01Hz 0.1s	0.00Hz 0.0s	0
F11.19	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset closed-loop frequency Closed-loop output	value, continue threshold value adjusting 0.0~100.0%  0.00Hz~upper limit frequency 0.0~6000.0s  0:close-loop output minus, low limit	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0
F11.19 F11.20	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset closed-loop frequency	value, continue threshold value adjusting 0.0~100.0% 0.00Hz~upper limit frequency 0.0~6000.0s 0:close-loop output minus, low limit frequency run.	0.01Hz 0.1s	0.00Hz 0.0s	0
F11.19 F11.20	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset closed-loop frequency Closed-loop output	value, continue threshold value adjusting 0.0~100.0%  0.00Hz~upper limit frequency 0.0~6000.0s  0.close-loop output minus, low limit frequency run. 1:close-loop output minus, reverse run	0.01Hz 0.1s	0.00Hz 0.0s	0
F11.19 F11.20	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset closed-loop frequency Closed-loop output	value, continue threshold value adjusting 0.0~100.0%  0.00Hz~upper limit frequency  0.0~6000.0s  0:close-loop output minus, low limit frequency run. 1:close-loop output minus, reverse run (effect by run direction setting)	0.01Hz 0.1s	0.00Hz 0.0s	0
F11.19 F11.20	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset closed-loop frequency Closed-loop output reversion selection	value, continue threshold value adjusting 0.0~100.0%  0.00Hz~upper limit frequency 0.0~6000.0s  0.close-loop output minus, low limit frequency run. 1.close-loop output minus, reverse run (effect by run direction setting) 2.determined by running demand	0.01Hz 0.1s	0.00Hz 0.0s	0
F11.19 F11.20 F11.21	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset closed-loop frequency Closed-loop output reversion selection  Closed-loop output	value, continue threshold value adjusting 0.0~100.0%  0.00Hz~upper limit frequency  0.0~6000.0s  0:close-loop output minus, low limit frequency run. 1:close-loop output minus, reverse run (effect by run direction setting)	0.01Hz 0.1s	0.00Hz 0.0s	0
F11.19 F11.20	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset closed-loop frequency Closed-loop output reversion selection  Closed-loop output Reversion frequency upper	value, continue threshold value adjusting 0.0~100.0%  0.00Hz~upper limit frequency 0.0~6000.0s  0.close-loop output minus, low limit frequency run. 1.close-loop output minus, reverse run (effect by run direction setting) 2.determined by running demand	0.01Hz 0.1s	0.00Hz 0.0s	0
F11.19 F11.20 F11.21 F11.22	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset closed-loop frequency Closed-loop output reversion selection  Closed-loop output Reversion frequency upper limit	value, continue threshold value adjusting 0.0~100.0%  0.00Hz~upper limit frequency  0.0~6000.0s  0.close-loop output minus, low limit frequency run. 1:close-loop output minus, reverse run (effect by run direction setting) 2:determined by running demand 0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz 0.1s 1 0.01Hz	0.00Hz 0.0s 2 50.00Hz	0
F11.19 F11.20 F11.21	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset closed-loop frequency Closed-loop output reversion selection  Closed-loop output Reversion frequency upper limit Multiple closed-loop	value, continue threshold value adjusting 0.0~100.0%  0.00Hz~upper limit frequency 0.0~6000.0s  0.close-loop output minus, low limit frequency run. 1.close-loop output minus, reverse run (effect by run direction setting) 2.determined by running demand	0.01Hz 0.1s	0.00Hz 0.0s	0
F11.19 F11.20 F11.21 F11.22	integral separation Preset closed-loop frequency Holding time of preset closed-loop frequency Closed-loop output reversion selection  Closed-loop output Reversion frequency upper limit	value, continue threshold value adjusting 0.0~100.0%  0.00Hz~upper limit frequency  0.0~6000.0s  0.close-loop output minus, low limit frequency run. 1:close-loop output minus, reverse run (effect by run direction setting) 2:determined by running demand 0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz 0.1s 1 0.01Hz	0.00Hz 0.0s 2 50.00Hz	0

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

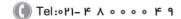
(a) Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

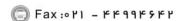
ی (جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)



F11.26	Multiple closed-loop provision 4	0.00~10.00V	ىيامىنىت
F11.27	Multiple closed-loop provision 5	0.00~10.00V	
F11.28	Multiple closed-loop provision 6	0.00~10.00V	
F11.29	Multiple closed-loop provision 7	0.00~10.00V	0.01V 0.00V o

F12—Constant Pressure Water Supply Function Parameter Group						
Function	Name	Set range	Min.	Factory	Modifi	
code		· ·	unit	Default	-cation	
F12.00	Constant pressure water	0: no constant pressure water supply	1	0	×	
	supply mode selection	1: select inverter to achieve one drive two				
		mode				
		2: select extend board to achieve one				
		drive two mode				
		3: select extend board to achieve one				
		drive three mode 4: select extend board to achieve one				
		drive four mode				
		5: Select inverterY1,Y2 as the double pump				
		timing alternate constant pressure water				
		supply mode				
F12.01	Target pressure setting	0.000~long-distance pressure gage				
112.01	ranger pressure seams	range	0.001Mpa	0.200Mpa	0	
F12.02	Sleep frequency threshold	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	30.00Hz	0	
F12.03	Awake pressure threshold	0.000~long-distance pressure gage range	0.001Mpa	0.150Mpa	0	
F12.04	Sleep delay time	0.0~6000.0s	0.1s	0.0s	0	
F12.05	Revival delay time	0.0~6000.0s	0.1s	0.0s	0	
F12.06	The range of long-distance manometer	0.001~9.999Mpa	0.001Mpa	1.000Mpa	0	
F12.07	allowed deviation of upper	0.1~100.0%	0.1%	1.0%	0	
	limit frequency and lower					
	limit frequency when add					
	or reduce pump					
F12.08	Pump switch	0.0~999.9s	0.1s	5.0s	0	
	judging time					
F12.09	Electromagnetism	0.1~10.0s	0.1s	0.5s	0	
	contactor switching delay					
D10.10	time	0000				
F12.10	Automatic switching time	0000~65535 minute	1	0	×	
E10.11	interval	0. A . I . I . d C . F12.02	<b>.</b>	0		
F12.11	Revival mode selection	0: Awake by the value of F12.03	1	0	0	
E10.10	Di1	1: Awake by the value of F12.12*F12.01 0.01~0.99	0.01	0.75	_	
F12.12	Revival pressure coefficient	0.01~0.99	0.01	0.75	0	
F12.13	Reserved					
F12.14	Reserved					





ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

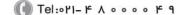
، پلاک ۱۲



	F13—Trave	rse/ Fixed Length Control Function Paramet		صن	
Function Code	Name	Set Range		بعب	
F13.00	Traverse function selection	0:traverse invalid 1:traverse valid	İ	] [	Ī
F13.01	Traverse operating mode	Units digit: enter mode 0:automatically enter 1:terminal enter manually Tens digit: 0:variable swing 1:fixed swing Hundreds digit: traverse halt start mode selection 0:restart 1:start as previous halt record Thousands digit: traverse status reserve selection 0:no reserve 1:reserve	1	0000	×
F13.02	Traverse frequency swing value	0.0~50.0%	0.1%	10.0%	0
F13.03	Sudden-Jump frequency	0.0~50.0%	0.1%	2.0%	0
F13.04	Traverse cycle	0.1~999.9s	0.1s	10.0s	0
F13.05	Triangular wave rising time	0.0~98.0% (traverse cycle)	0.1%	50.0%	0
F13.06	preset frequency of Traverse	0.00~400.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0
F13.07	Traverse preset frequency waiting time	0.0~6000.0s	0.1s	0.0s	0
F13.08	Setting length	0∼65535m	1m	0m	0
F13.09	Number of pulses for axis per circle	1~10000	1	1	0
F13.10	Axis perimeter	0.01~100.00cm	0.01cm	10.00cm	0
F13.11	Reserved				
F13.12	Length correction coefficient	0.001~1.000	0.001	1.000	0
F13.13	After length arrival: record length manage	0:automatically reset 1:no change	0	1	0
F13.14	Process of length record when stop	0:automatically reset 1:no change	0	1	0

	F14-Vector Control Parameter Group							
Function code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation			
F14.00	Speed/torque control selection	0: speed control 1: torque control (This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	1	0	0			
F14.01	Speed loop high speed proportional gain	$0.1 \sim 40.0$ ( This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	0.1	20.0	0			
F14.02	Speed loop high speed integral time	$0.001 \sim 10.000s$ (This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	0.001s	0.040s	0			
1		0.1 00.0 / 751: 1:1 1	0.1	20.0				

ncocorp.com



ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲

FAMCO
هاسرمنعت
هاپيرمنتعت

	integral time	F00.24=1 or 2)	•• _	• -	
F14.05	Speed loop parameter	0.00Hz~20.00Hz (This parameter is valid w	كٽ	مىد	L
114.03	switching frequency	F00.24=1 or 2)			,
	Low frequency power	$0\sim 50$ ( This parameter is valid w			
F14.06	generation stability	F00.24=1 )			
	coefficient				
E1405	Current loop	1~500 (This parameter is valid when F00.24=1	1	70	0
F14.07	proportional gain	or 2)			
	Current loop integral	0.1~100.0ms (This parameter is valid when	0.1ms	4.0ms	0
F14.08	time	F00.24=1 or 2)	0.11110	1.01110	
	Motor-driven torque	$50.0 \sim 250.0\%$ (This parameter is valid when	0.1%	160.0%	0
F14.09	current limit value	F00.24=1 or 2 or 3)	0.170	100.070	
			0.10/	1.00.007	
F14.10	Braking torque current	50.0~250.0% (This parameter is valid when	0.1%	160.0%	0
	limit value	F00.24=1 or 2)			
	Asynchronous motor	$20.0 \sim 100.0\%$ (This parameter is valid when	0.1%	80.0%	0
F14.11	flux-weakening control	F00.24=1 or 2)			
	coefficient				
F14.12	Asynchronous motor	$10.0 \sim 80.0\%$ (This parameter is valid when	0.1%	10.0%	0
г14.12	Min. flux coefficient	F00.24= 2)			
F14.13	Torque provision	0: Digital setting	1	0	×
	channel selection	1: AI1 Analog setting			
		2: AI2 Analog setting			
		3: Terminal UP/DOWN adjustment setting			
		4: communication provision(Communication			
		address: 1D01)			
		5: EAII Analog setting (expansion effective)			
		6: EAI2 Analog setting (expansion effective)			
		7: rapid pulse setting (X8 terminal needs to			
		choose the corresponding function)			
		8: terminal pulse width setting (X8 terminal			
		needs to choose the corresponding function)			
		Note: This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or			
		2.			
F14.14	Torque polarity setting	00~11	1	00	0
	1 1 5	Units digit: torque setting polarity			
		0: positive			
		1: negative			
		2:defined by running command			
		Tens digit: torque compensation polarity			
		0: The same as setting direction of torque			
		1: opposite the setting direction of torque			
		Note: This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or			
		2.		ļ	
F14.15	Torque digital setting	$0.0\!\sim\!200.0\%$ (This parameter is valid when	0.1%	0.0%	0
	value	F00.24=1 or 2)			
F14.16	Forward speed limit	0: Digital setting	1	0	×
	channel selection in	1: AI1 Analog setting			
	Torque control mode	2: AI2 Analog setting			
	•	3: Terminal UP/DOWN adjustment setting			
		4:Communication provision(Communication			
		address: 1D0A).			
		5: EAI1 Analog setting (expansion effective)			
		6: EAI2 Analog setting (expansion effective)			
	1	7: rapid pulse setting (X8 terminal needs to			
		choose the corresponding function)			

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

☐ Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

ی (جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲



		Note: This parameter is valid when F00.24=			
F14.17	Reverse speed limit channel selection in Torque control mode	2.  0: Digital setting 1: Al1 Analog setting 2: Al2 Analog setting 3: Terminal UP/DOWN adjustment setting 4: Communication provision(Communication address: 1D0B). 5: EAI1 Analog setting (expansion effective) 6: EAI2 Analog setting (expansion effective) 7:Rapid pulse setting (X8 terminal needs to choose the corresponding function)	عت	صند	يپ ر
		8: Terminal pulse width setting (X8 terminal needs to choose the corresponding function)  Note: This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or 2.			
F14.18	Forward speed limit value in Torque control mode	$0.00$ Hz $\sim$ upper limit frequency (This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or 2.)	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	0
F14.19	Reverse speed limit value in Torque control mode	$0.00$ Hz $\sim$ upper limit frequency (This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or 2.)	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	0
F14.20	Torque Accelerate/Decelerate time setting	$0.000{\sim}60.000s$ (This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or 2.)	0.001s	0.100s	0
F14.21	Torque compensation	$0.0 \sim 100.0\%$ (This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or 2.)	0.1%	0.0%	0
F14.22	Positive torque gain regulation coefficient	$50.0 \sim 150.0\%$ (This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or 2.)	0.1%	100.0%	0
F14.23	Negative torque gain regulation coefficient	$50.0 \sim 150.0\%$ (This parameter is valid when $F00.24=1$ or 2.)	0.1%	100.0%	0
F14.24	Flux braking coefficient	$0.0 \sim 300.0\%$ (This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or 2.)	0.1%	0.0%	0
F14.25	Pre-excitation start-up time constant	$0.1 \sim 3.0$ (This parameter is valid when F00.24=1)	0.1	0.5	×
F14.26	Speed loop proportional gain	$0.010 \sim 6.000$ (This parameter is valid when F00.24=3)	0.001	0.500	0
F14.27	Speed loop integral time constant	$0.010 \sim 9.999$ (This parameter is valid when F00.24=3)	0.001	0.360	0
F14.28	Motor stabilization coefficient	$10 \sim 300$ (This parameter is valid when F00.24=3)	1	100	0
F14.29	Compensation gain of vibration restrain	$100.0 \sim 130.0\%$ (This parameter is valid when $F00.24=3$ )	0.1%	100.0%	0
F14.30	Torque compensation limit frequency	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency (This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or 2.)	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0

	F15	5-Asynchronous Motor Parameter Group			
Function code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation
F15.00	Reserved				
	Asynchronous motor rated power	0.1~6553.5KW	0.1KW	Base on motor	×

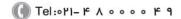
Tel:071- ۴ ۸ 0 0 0 0 ۴ 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

FAMO	
برصنعت	

				• -	
F15.03	Asynchronous motor rated current	0.1∼6553.5A	שב	رصن	<del>,</del>
F15.04	Asynchronous motor rated frequency	0.00~600.00Hz		motor type	
F15.05	Asynchronous motor rated rotational speed	0~60000r/min	1r/min	Base on motor type	×
F15.06	Asynchronous motor poles No.	1~7	1	2	×
F15.07	Asynchronous motor stator	$0.001\sim65.535\Omega$ (inverter power $\leq 7.5$ KW)	$0.001\Omega$	Base on	×
	resistance	$0.0001 \sim 6.5535\Omega$ (inverter power $\geq 7.5$ KW)	0.0001Ω	motor	
F15.08	Asynchronous motor rotor	$0.001 \sim 65.535\Omega$ (inverter power $\leq 7.5$ KW)	0.001Ω	type Base on	×
	resistance	$0.0001 \sim 6.5535\Omega$ (inverter power $\geq 7.5$ KW)	0.0001Ω	motor type	
F15.09	Asynchronous motor	0.01~655.35mH (inverter power<7.5KW)	0.01mH	Base on	×
	leakage inductance	0.001~65.535mH (inverter power≥7.5KW)	0.001mH	motor type	
F15.10	Asynchronous motor	0.1~6553.5mH (inverter power<7.5KW)	0.1mH	Base on	×
	mutual inductance	0.01~655.35mH (inverter power≥7.5KW)	0.01mH	motor type	
F15.11	Asynchronous motor no load current	0.01~655.35A	0.01A	Base on motor	×
	load current			type	
F15.12	Reserved				
F15.13	Reserved				
	Reserved				
F15.15	Reserved				
	Reserved				
F15.17	Reserved				
F15.18	Reserved	0: Inaction	1	0	
F13.19	Motor parameter self-tuning selection	O. maction I: asynchronous motor stop to self-adjusting 2: asynchronous motor rotate no-load to self-adjusting 3: Reserved Note:  ① Before adjustment, The nameplate data	1	0	×
		should be setting directly.  ② Motor parameter group can have special default values, or can be modified by users, or can be self-adjusted.  ③ when parameter F15.01 is modified, the other parameters of the motor will turn into default values automatically.			
F15.20	Reserved				
F15.21	Reserved				
F15.22	Reserved				



Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ن (جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)

، بالک ۱۲



	F	6-Closed loop encoder parameter group	عت	صنا	ىب
Function code	Name	Set Range			<del>,</del>
F16.00	Zero-speed servo	0: Zero-speed servo is invalid.	ı -	l - I	i
74604	enabled	1: Zero-speed servo is valid.		4004	
F16.01	Encoder line number	1~10000	1	1024	0
F16.02	Direction of encoder	Units digit: AB phase sequence 0: Forward direction 1:Reverse direction 1:Reverse direction 1:Reverse direction 1:Reverse direction 1:Reverse direction 0: Seeking position direction. 0: Seeking position according to command direction. 1: Seeking position according to forward direction. 2: Seeking position according to reverse	1	00	×
		Seeking position according to reverse direction.  3: Seeking position according to random direction.			
F16.03	Encoder fractional frequency coefficient	0.001~60.000	0.001	1.000	0
F16.04	Encoder filtering coefficient	5~100	1	15	0
F16.05	Position control mode	0:Position control is invalid. 1:Point positioning mode. 2:Recovery point positioning mode 3~4:Reserved Remarks: 1, This parameter is valid while F00.24=2 2, While F16.05=1, need to cooperate with multi-function input terminal function of No.66. 3,While F16.05=2, need to cooperate with multi-function input terminal function of No.69.	1	0	×
F16.06	Position control maximum frequency	0.01~100.00Hz	0.01Hz	30.00Hz	×
F16.07	Position control minimum frequency	0.01~5.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.01Hz	×
F16.08	Creeping afterpulse count before finishing the position	0~60000	1	30	0
F16.09	Positioning reaches to the pulse range	1~255	1	2	0
F16.10	Position control gain	1~5000	1	200	0
F16.11	PSG alteration point	0.01~30.00Hz	0.01Hz	5.00Hz	0
F16.12	Point positioning relative to Z-axis angle	0.00~360.00 degree	0.01	0.00	0
F16.13	Positioning control acceleration-deceleration time	1~60000	1	200	0

Tel:071- ۴ ۸ 0 0 0 0 ۴ 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

FAMCO
هاییرصنعت

		F17—Reserved Parameter Group 1	عت	مىنا	اب
Function code	Name	Set Range			••••
F17.00	Reserved		i	ı	
~					
F17.20					

F18—Enhance Control Parameter Group							
Function	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation		
F18.00	Operation panel control frequency binding	0:no binding 1:operation keyboard digital setup 2:A11 analog setup 3:A12 analog setup 4:terminal UP/DOWN adjusting setup 5:communication provide(Modbus and external bus use the same main frequency storage) 6:EA11 analog setup(extension valid) 7:EA12 analog setup(extension valid) 8:high speed pulse setup( X8 terminal need choose the relative function) 9:terminal pulse width setup(X8 terminal need choose the relative function) 10:terminal encoder provide(decide by X1, X2)	Unit 1	0	-cation		
F18.01	Terminal control	11∼15: Reserved Same as above	1	0	0		
F18.02	frequency binding  Communication control frequency binding	Same as above	1	0	0		
F18.03	Digital frequency integral function selection	Units digit: keyboard UP/DW integral control 0:integral function 1:no integral function Tens digit: terminal UP/DW integral control 0:integral function 1:no integral function	1	00	0		
F18.04	Keyboard UP/DOWN integral rate	0.01~50.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.10Hz	0		
F18.05	Keyboard no integral single step's size setup	0.01~10.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.01Hz	0		
F18.06	Terminal UP/DOWN integral rate	0.01~50.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.20Hz	0		
F18.07	Terminal no integral single step's size setup	0.01~10.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.10Hz	0		
F18.08	Droop control decline frequency	0.00~10.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	0		
F18.09	Setup accumulate power on time	0~65535 hours	1	0	0		
F18.10	Setup accumulate run time	0~65535 hours	1	0	0		

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:01 - FF99F5FP

ی (جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲



	1	,	0.00		
F18.12	Timing run stop time	0.1~6500.0Min	•• _	• -	
F18.13	Currently run arrival time	0.0∼6500.0Min	کت	صنا	پر
F18.14	Keyboard UP/DOWN selection under monitor mode	0:keyboard frequency provide value adjusting 1:PID digital provide value adjusting 2~6: Reserved		l I	·
F18.15	V/F vibration restrain end frequency	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	0
F18.16	Torque closed loop control selection	Torque open-loop control     Torque closed-loop control     Note: This parameter is valid when F00.24=1 or     2	1	1	0
F18.17	cooling fan control selection	Units digit: Fan control mode 0:Smart fan 1:Inverter is running all the time after power on 2:No running for fan, but it starts automatically when the temperature is higher than 75 degree. Tens digit: Speed regulation fan control mode. 0:Smart PWM Speed regulation 1:Running at highest speed.	1	00	0
F18.18	Reserved				
F18.19	Reserved				
F18.20	Reserved				
F18.21	Reserved				
F18.22	Reserved				
F18.23	Reserved				
F18.24	Reserved				

	F19-F	Protective Relevant Function Parameter Group	,		
Function code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation
F19.00	Power off restart waiting time	$0.0 \sim 20.0s$ (0 means no start function)	0.1s	0.0s	×
F19.01	Fault self-recovery times	0~10 (0 means no automatic reset function)	1	0	×
F19.02	Fault self-recovery interval time	0.5~20.0s	0.1s	5.0s	×
F19.03	Motor overload protection action selection	0:alarm: continuous run 1:alarm, stop run as halt mode 2:fault, free halt	1	2	×
F19.04	Motor overload protection coefficient	10.0~800.0% (motor rated current)	0.1%	100.0%	×
F19.05	Inverter overload pre-alarm detection selection	0:detection all the time 1:detection as constant velocity	1	0	×
F19.06	Inverter overload pre-alarm detection level	20~180% (inverter rated current)	1%	130%	0
F19.07	Inverter overload pre-alarm delay time	0.0~20.0s	0.1s	5.0s	0
F19.08	Motor underload alarm detection level	0.0~120.0% (motor rated current)	0.1%	50.0%	0
F19.09	Motor underload	0.1~60.0s	0.1s	2.0s	0

🗐 Fax:071 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

FA	1	C	h
			J
.". 0			4

		1:detection all the time when run 2:detection only when constant velocity Tens digit: action selection 0:alarm, continuous run 1:alarm, stop run as halt mode 2:fault, free halt	عت	رصن	÷.
F19.11	Input& output phase loss, short circuit detection action	Units digit: input phase loss 0:no detection 1:fault, free halt Tens digit: output phase loss	1	1111	0
		0:no detection 1:fault, free halt Hundreds digit: power-on on earth short circuit protect detection enable 0:no detection 1:fault, free halt Thousands digit: operation on earth short circuit protect detection enable 0:no detection 1:fault, free halt			
F19.12	Over voltage stall selection	0:forbid 1:allowed	1	1	×
F19.13	Over voltage stall protection voltage	100∼150% (rated busbar voltage)	1%	125%	×
F19.14	Automatic current limit level	50~230% (G type rated current)	1%	170%	×
F19.15	Frequency decline rate of automatic current limit	0.00~99.99Hz/s	0.01Hz/s	10.00Hz/s	×
F19.16	Automatic current limit action selection	0:constant velocity invalid 1:constant velocity valid	1	0	×
F19.17	Rapid current-limiting coefficient	150%~250% (G type rated current)	1%	230%	×
F19.18	Motor run section selection when instant power off	0:forbid 1:allowed	1	0	×
F19.19	Frequency droop rate when instant power off	0.00~99.99Hz/s	0.01Hz/s	10.00Hz/s	×
F19.20	Voltage rebound estimate time when instant power off	0.00~10.00s	0.01s	0.10s	×
F19.21	Action estimate voltage when instant power off	$60\sim100\%$ (rated busbar voltage)	1%	80%	×
F19.22	Allowed the longest off time when instant power off	0.30~5.00s	0.01s	2.00s	×
F19.23	Terminal external device fault action selection	0:alarm, continuous run 1:alarm, stop run as halt mode 2:fault, free halt	1	2	×
F19.24	Power on terminal protection selection	0:invalid 1:valid	1	0	×
F19.25	Provide lost detection value	0~100%	1%	0%	0
F19.26	Provide lost detection	0.0~20.0s	0.1s	0.5s	0

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:01 - ##99#5#P

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲

FAMCO و Functio

F19.28	Feedback lost	0.0~20.0s			_
1.7.20	detection time		<u></u> .e	رصن	
F19.29	Deviation magnitude	0~100%		رس	•••
	abnormal detection				•
	value		1		
F19.30	Deviation magnitude	0.0~20.0s	0.1s	0.5s	0
	abnormal detection time				
F19.31	Protection action	Units digit: PID provide loss detection act	1	000	0
	selection 1	0:no detection			
		1:alarm, continue run			
		2:alarm, stop run as halt mode			
		3:fault, free halt			
		Tens digit: PID feedback loss detection act			
		0:no detection			
		1:alarm, continue run			
		2:alarm, stop run as halt mode			
		3:fault, free halt			
		Hundreds digit: PID error value abnormal detect			
		action			
		0:no detection			
		1:alarm, continue run			
		2:alarm, stop run as halt mode			
F19.32	Protection action	3:fault, free halt	1	1200	
F19.32	selection 2	Units digit: communication abnormal	1	1200	×
	selection 2	action: include communication time out and error			
		0:alarm, continue run			
		1:alarm, stop run as halt mode			
		2:fault, free halt			
		Tens digit: E <sup>2</sup> PROM abnormal action			
		selection			
		0:alarm, continue run			
		1:alarm, stop run as halt mode			
		2:fault, free halt			
		Hundreds digit: contactor abnormal action			
		0:alarm, continue run			
		1:alarm, stop run as halt mode			
		2:fault, free halt			
		Thousands digit: running lack-Voltage fault			
		display action selection.			
		0:no detection			
		1:fault, free halt			
F19.33	Reserved				
F19.34	Reserved				
F19.35	Fault indication and	Units digit: fault indication selection during the	1	00	×
	clock during the period	period of fault reset automatically			
	of recovery	0:action 1:no action			
		Tens digit: fault clock function selection: to achieve fault display before power down: etc.			
		achieve fault display before power down: etc.  0:forbid			
		1:open			
F19.36	Continuous		1	0	.,
F19.30	Continuous run frequency selection	Match up with protect action 0:run at the frequency setup by now	1	U	×
	when alarm	1:run at the frequency setup by now			
	when alaim	1.1un at the frequency of upper minit		l	

ncocorp.com



F19.37	Abnormal standby frequency	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	عت	صن	ىب
F19.38	Encoder disconnection detection time	0.0~8.0s(No detection when value is 0)		,	****
F19.39	Over speed (OS) detection time	0.0~120.0%(equals upper limit frequency)	1		
F19.40	Over speed (OS) detection time	$0.00 \sim 20.00s$ (No detection when value is 0)	0.01s	0.00s	0
F19.41	Detection value when speed deviation is too large	0.0~50.0%(equals upper limit frequency)	0.1%	10.0%	0
F19.42	Detection time when speed deviation is too large	$0.00{\sim}20.00s$ (No detection when value is 0)	0.01s	0.00s	0
F19.43	Overvoltage suppression coefficient	0.0~100.0%	0.1%	90.0%	0
F19.44	Reserved				

F20—Internal Virtual Input Output Node Parameter Group							
Function code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation		
F20.00	Virtual input VDI1 function selection	0~90	1	0	0		
F20.01	Virtual input VDI2 function selection	0~90	1	0	0		
F20.02	Virtual input VDI3 function selection	0~90	1	0	0		
F20.03	Virtual input VDI4 function selection	0~90	1	0	0		
F20.04	Virtual input VDI5 function selection	0~90	1	0	0		
F20.05	Virtual output VDO1 function selection	0~60	1	0	0		
F20.06	Virtual output VDO2 function selection	0~60	1	0	0		
F20.07	Virtual output VDO3 function selection	0~60	1	0	0		
F20.08	Virtual output VDO4 function selection	0~60	1	0	0		
F20.09	Virtual output VDO5 function selection	0~60	1	0	0		
F20.10	Virtual output VDO1 open delay time	0.00~600.00s	0.01s	0.00s	0		
F20.11	Virtual output VDO2 open delay time	0.00~600.00s	0.01s	0.00s	0		
F20.12	Virtual output VDO3 open delay time	0.00~600.00s	0.01s	0.00s	0		
F20.13	Virtual output VDO4 open delay time	0.00~600.00s	0.01s	0.00s	0		
F20.14	Virtual output VDO4 open delay time	0.00~600.00s	0.01s	0.00s	0		
F20.15	Virtual output VDO1	0.00~600.00s	0.01s	0.00s	0		

(1) Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:011 - FF99F9FP

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، بالک ۱۲



F20.17 Virtual ou close dela	tput VDO3 y time	0.00~600.00s	عت	مين	
F20.18 Virtual ou close dela	tput VDO4  y time	0.00~600.00s	_		***
F20.19 Virtual ou close dela	tput VDO5  y time	0.00~600.00s	- 		
F20.20 Virtual in control	put VDI enable	00∼FF	1	00	0
F20.21 Virtual in digital set	put VDI status up	00∼FF	1	00	0
F20.22 Virtual in connection	put/output n	00-FF Bit0:VDI1 and VDO1 connection 0:positive logic 1:negative logic Bit1:VDI2 and VDO2 connection 0:positive logic 1:negative logic 1:negative logic 1:negative logic 1:negative logic 1:negative logic 1:negative logic Bit3:VDI4 and VDO4 connection 0:positive logic 1:negative logic 1:negative logic Bit4:VDI5 and VDO5 connection 0:positive logic 1:negative logic 1:negative logic 1:negative logic	1	00	0

F21—Reserved Parameter Group 2							
Function code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation		
F21.00~ F21.21	Reserved						

	F22—Reserved Parameter Group 3							
Function code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation			
F22.00~ F22.17	Reserved							

	F23—Reserved Parameter Group 4							
Function code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation			
F23.00~ F23.17	Reserved							

		F24—Reserved Parameter Group 5			
Function code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation

Теl:о۲1- ۴ Л о о о о Р 9

(□) Fax:∘۲1 – ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



	F2:	5—User Definition Display Parameter Group	حب	رصت	<b></b>
Function code	Name	Set Range	I Unit	I Dafault	
F25.00	User Function Code 1	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	Default 25.00	-cation
F25.00	User Function Code 2	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.02	User Function Code 3	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.03	User Function Code 4	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.04	User Function Code 5	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.05	User Function Code 6	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.06	User Function Code 7	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.07	User Function Code 8	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.08	User Function Code 9	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.09	User Function Code 10	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.10	User Function Code 11	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.11	User Function Code 12	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.12	User Function Code 13	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.13	User Function Code 14	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.14	User Function Code 15	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.15	User Function Code 16	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.16	User Function Code 17	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.17	User Function Code 18	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.18	User Function Code 19	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.19	User Function Code 20	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.20	User Function Code 21	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.21	User Function Code 22	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.22	User Function Code 23	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.23	User Function Code 24	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.24	User Function Code 25	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.25	User Function Code 26	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.26	User Function Code 27	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.27	User Function Code 28	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.28	User Function Code 29	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0
F25.29	User Function Code 30	F00.00~F25.xx	0.01	25.00	0

	F26—Fault Record Function Parameter Group								
Function Code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation				
F26.00	The last fault record	0:no fault 1:overcurrent at acceleration 2:overcurrent at deceleration 3:overcurrent at constant speed 4:overvoltage at acceleration 5:overvoltage at deceleration 6:overvoltage at constant speed 7:overvoltage at motor halt 8:undervoltage at run 9:drive overload protection	1	0	*				

📵 Tel:ⴰዮ۱– ۴ ለ ◦ ◦ ◦ ◦ ۴ ٩

🗐 Fax:0۲1 – ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

6 Function FAMCO

		12:input phase loss		'	
		13:output phase loss		رصن	
		14:inverter module protection		رسب	
		15:short circuit to earth at run			•
		16:short circuit to earth when power on			
		17:drive overheat	ĺ		
		18:external device fault			
		19:current detect circuit fault			
		20:external interference			
		21:internal interference—main clock etc			
		22:PID provide lost			
		23:PID feedback lost			
		24:PID error value abnormal			
		25:terminal protection activate			
		26:communication fault			
		27~29:reserve			
		30:EEROM read-write error			
		31:temperature detection disconnection			
		32:auto-tunning fault			
		33:contactor abnormal	1		
		34:factory fault 1			
		35:factory fault 2			
		36:capacitor overheat(few mode with overheat			
		protection)			
		37:encoder disconnection			
		38:over-speed protection			
		39:protection when speed deviation is too large			
		40: Fault of Z pulse loses			
		41∼50: Reserved			
F26.01	The last two fault	Same as above	1	0	*
120.01	records	Same as assive			
F26.02	The last three fault	Same as above	1	0	*
1 20.02	records	Sume us usove		V	
F26.03	The last four fault	Same as above	1	0	*
1 20.03	records	Same as above	1	U	
F26.04	Setup frequency at the	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	*
1.70.04	last one fault	0.00112 upper mint frequency	0.01112	0.00112	
F26.05	Output frequency at the	0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	*
F20.03		0.00Hz/~upper limit frequency	0.01HZ	0.00HZ	
F26.06	last one fault Output current at the last	0.0∼6553.5A	0.1A	0.0A	*
F26.06	1	0.0∼6553.5A	0.1A	0.0A	*
F2( 07	one fault	0.0 (552.5)	0.137	0.017	*
F26.07	DC busbar voltage at the	0.0~6553.5V	0.1V	0.0V	*
F2 ( 02	last one fault	0. 105%	100	0.00	*
F26.08	Module temperature at	0~125℃	1℃	0℃	*
F2 ( 00	the last one fault				,44.
F26.09	Input terminal status at		1	0	*
	the last one fault				
F26.10	Accumulated run time at	0∼65535min	1min	0min	*
	the last one fault				
F26.11	Setup frequency at the	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	*
	last two fault				
	Output frequency at the	0.00Hz∼upper limit frequency	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	*
F26.12					
	last two fault				
F26.12 F26.13			0.1A	0.0A	*

ncocorp.com

6	Eupotion	parameter	cohodula	aranh
О	runction	parameter	schedule	grapn

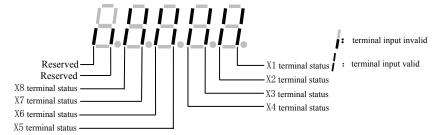
the last two fault

o i unc	tion parameter senedan	Siupii	
F26.15	Module temperature at the	0~125℃	
	last two fault		ەابىرمىنعت
F26.16	Input terminal status at		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	the last two fault		
F26.17	Accumulated run time at	0~65535min	

F27—Password and Manufacturer Function Parameter Group							
Function Code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation		
F27.00	User password	00000~65535	1	00000	0		
F27.01	Manufacturer password	00000~65535	1	00000	0		

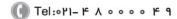
C-Monitor Function Parameter Group					
Function Code	Name	Set Range	Min. Unit	Factory Default	Modifi -cation
C-00	Display the parameter of F00.01, F00.07 definition				
C-01	Display the parameter of F00.02, F00.08 definition				
C-02	Display the parameter of F00.03, F00.09 definition				
C-03	Display the parameter of F00.04, F00.10 definition				
C-04	Display the parameter of F00.05, F00.11 definition				
C-05	Display the parameter of F00.06, F00.12 definition				

(1)corresponding relationship of input terminal status as below:



corp.com

ncocorp.com

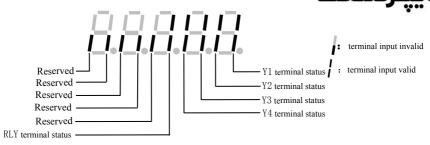




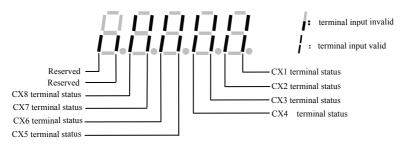
ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲



(2)Corresponding relationship of standard output terminal status as belov



(3)Corresponding relationship of communication virtual input terminal status as below:



## (4)Drive status:

BIT0:1=busbar voltage setup

BIT1:1=common run command valid

BIT2:1=jog run command valid

BIT3:1=drive run period

BIT4:1=current run direction to reverse

BIT5:1=run command direction to reverse

BIT6:1=deceleration brake period

BIT7:1=motor acceleration period

BIT8:1=motor deceleration period

BIT9: 1= drive alarm

BIT10: 1= drive fault

BIT11: 1= current limited period

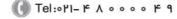
BIT12: 1= fault self-recovery period

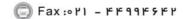
BIT13: 1= self-adjusting period

BIT14: 1= free halt status

BIT15: 1= speed tracking start

corp.com mcocorp.com





ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

ں، یلاک ۱۲



## 7 Detailed function specifica

The parameter function code of this chapter listed content as

Code	Description	Satura Danas /Franks at an	ractory
No.	Description	Setup Range/Explanation	Default

## 7.1 System Parameter Group: F00

F00.00 Parameter group display control	Range: 0~3	0
--	------------	---

- **0: Basic list mode.** Display only F00, F01, F02, F03 basic control parameter group and F26 fault record parameter group.
- **1: Middle list mode.** Display all parameter except for extension: virtual and reserve parameter group.
  - **2: Senior list mode.** All parameter groups can be displayed.
- **3:** User list mode. Display parameter defined by user: and monitor parameter: F00.00 display all the time.



F00.00 display all the time. Under intermediate menu mode: irrelevant parameter group can be covered according to different control mode.

F00.01	C-00 display parameter selection when operation	Range: 0~65	51
F00.02	C-01 display parameter selection when operation	Range: 0~65	2
F00.03	C-02 display parameter selection when operation	Range: 0~65	4
F00.04	C-03 display parameter selection when operation	Range: 0~65	5
F00.05	C-04 display parameter selection when operation	Range: 0~65	6
F00.06	C-05 display parameter selection when operation	Range: 0~65	9

The above parameter display when inverter run by C-00 $\sim$ C-05 parameter groups, pressing  $(\gt\gt)$  to switch between these parameters.

Pressing ( and then return to C-00 parameter monitor.

For example: pressing >> parameter switch from C-00 to C-01: continuous pressing the same button: parameter switch from C-01 to C-02: then pressing return to C-00 parameter monitor.

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 0

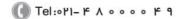
(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

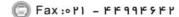
ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۲



- 0: Main setup frequency (0.01Hz)
- 1: Auxiliary setup frequency (0.01Hz)
- 2: Setup frequency (0.01Hz)
- 3: Output frequency (0.01Hz)
- 4: Output current(0.1A) (display 0.01A below 11KW)
- 5: Output voltage (1V)
- 6: DC busbar voltage (0.1V)
- 7: Motor speed (1 circle/min)
- 8: Motor line velocity (1 circle/min)
- 9: Inverter temperature (1℃)
- 10: Run time already this time (0.1min)
- 11: Current accumulate run time (1h)
- 12: Current accumulate power-on time (1h)
- 13:Inverter status (displays the working state of inverter, show it with decimalism, after change it into binary, the definition is on the parameter details.)
- 14: Input terminal status
- 15: Output terminal status
- 16: Extension output terminal status
- 17: Extension input terminal status
- 18: Communication virtual input terminal status
- 19: Internal virtual input node status
- 20: Analog input AI1 (after checkout)(0.01V / 0.01mA)
- 21: Analog input AI2 (after checkout)(0.01V / 0.01mA)
- 22: Extension analog input EAI1 (after checkout)(0.01V / 0.01mA)
- 23: Extension analog input EAI2 (after checkout)(0.01V / 0.01mA)
- 24: Analog AO1 output (after checkout) (0.01V/0.01mA)
- 25: Analog AO2 output (after checkout) (0.01V or 0.01mA)
- 26: Extension analog EAO1 output (0.01V/0.01mA)
- 27: Extension analog EAO2 output (0.01V/0.01mA)
- 28: External pulse input frequency (1Hz)
- 29: Reserved
- 30: Process PID provide (0.01V)
- 31: Process PID feedback (0.01V)
- 32: Process PID deviation (0.01V)
- 33: Process PID output (0.01Hz)
- 34: Simple PLC current segment No.







- 36: Constant pressure water supply provide pressur
- 37: Constant pressure water supply feedback pressu
- 38: Constant pressure water supplies relay status
- 39: Current length (1M)
- 40: Accumulate length (1M)
- 41: Current internal count value
- 42: Current internal time value (0.1s)
- 43: Run command setup channel (0: keyboard 1: terminal
  - 2: communication)
- 44: Main frequency provide channel
- 45: Auxiliary frequency provide channel
- 46: Rated current (0.1A)
- 47: Rated voltage (1V)
- 48: Rated power (0.1KW)
- 49, 50: Reserved
- 51: The frequency after deceleration (0.01Hz)
- 52: Motor rotator frequency (0.01Hz) (the frequency estimate on the open-loop actual measurement for close-loop)
- 53: Present provide torque (relative to rated torque, it has direction)
- 54: Present output torque (relative to rated torque, it has direction)
- 55: Present torque current (0.1A)
- 56: The present flux current (0.1A)
- 57: Setting motor rotate speed (r/min)
- 58: Output power (active power) (0.1KW)
- 59~65: Reserved

F00.07	C-00 display parameter selection when stop	Range: 0~65	2
F00.08	C-01 display parameter selection when stop	Range: 0~65	6
F00.09	C-02 display parameter selection when stop	Range: 0~65	48
F00.10	C-03 display parameter selection when stop	Range: 0~65	14
F00.11	C-04 display parameter selection when stop	Range: 0~65	20
F00.12	C-05 display parameter selection when stop	Range: 0~65	9

The above parameter display when inverter stop by C-00~C-05 parameter group.

corp.com

(1) Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



Fax:011 - FF99F9FF



return to C-00 parameter monitor. For example: pressing from C-00 to C-01, continuous pressing the same button: ENTER return to C-00 param C-01 to C-02: then pressing contents various as different monitor parameter: refer to parameter F00.01.



Monitor parameter group C-00~C-05 have run and stop modes. For example C-00 display different physical value under run and stop two modes.

parameter selection	F00.13	Power-on fault monitor parameter selection	Range: 0~5	0
---------------------	--------	--	------------	---

When the parameter power on first time: C monitor parameter group display under drive run or stop status. For example F00.13=1, power on or stop to monitor, display parameter setup by C-01; when F00.02=3, F00.08=6, power on, inverter stops, busbar voltage display; inverter runs, output frequency and keypad display. Pressing (ENTER) monitor C-00 for the setting motor value.

	Parameter operation	Range: units digit: 0~2	
F00.14 control		tens digit: 0~5	000
	Control	hundreds digit: 0~4	

Units digit: To define which parameters will be allowed to modify.

- 0: All parameters are allowed to modification.
- 1: Excerpt this parameter, the other parameter is not allowed to modification.
- 2: Except F01.01, F01.04 and this parameter, the others parameter are not allowed to modification.

Tens digit: To define which parameters will be resumed factory default value

- 0: No action.
- 1: All parameters return to default.(not include fault record parameter group(F26 group) parameter).
- 2: Except for motor parameter: all parameters return to default. (not include F15 and F26 group parameter).
- 3: Extension parameter return to default.(only F21~F24 group parameter return to default).
- **4: Virtual parameter return to default.**(only F20 group parameter return to default).
  - 5: Fault record return to default. (Only fault record parameter group (F26 group) restores factory default).

Hundreds digit: Locked key that definite the keypad when locking function is valid.

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0

Fax:011 - FF99F5FF



1: Except  $\left(\frac{\text{STOP}}{\text{RESET}}\right)$  button: the others locked.

2: Except  $\bigwedge$   $\bigvee$ , (stop) button: the others locked

3: Except (RUN), (STOP) button: the others locked

4: Except (>>), (stop) button: the others locked

1. In factory status, the unit of this function code parameter is 0, and it is default and allowed to change all the other function code parameters: when user finish: and want to change the function code setup: this function code parameter should set up 0 first. When all changes finish and need to do parameter protect: this function code setup into the IP grade you need.

2. The decade recovers to 0 automatically after record remove or factory default operation.

3. When the third of parameter F00.14 finish setup:  $\frac{\text{entry}}{\text{DATA}}$  button pressing lasting for 2 seconds to lock keyboard and relevant keyboard key: when need to unlock the keyboard: press the  $\frac{\text{ESC}}{\text{MENU}}$  button for 2 seconds.

		Range: units digit: 0,1	
F00.15	<b>Button function selection</b>	tens digit: 0~9	0001
100.13	Button function selection	hundreds digit: 0,1	0001
		thousands digit: 0,1	

Units digit: panel (REV ) button selection

0: Reversal command action button

1: Jog action button

Tens digit: multi-function ( button function selection

0: Invalid.

1: Jog run. Multi-function button as jog run button: run direction decided by unit bit of F01.16. After setting (NO) function, the jog run function on the keypad is invalid.

2: For/rev switching. Press this button to change the run direction when run: then press the same button change to another direction. This function key is not used as start key, only for signal switch

**3: Free stop.** Setup free stop function and stop mode F02.11 the same function with 1 Jog run.

4: Switching to run command provide mode as the setup order of

corp.com

Note

(1) Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:011 - FF99F5F1

، پلاک ۱۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



5: For/rev torque switching. After this function is v direction switching after torque model.

6~9: Reserved

Hundredth: terminal run command control

0: keypad  $\binom{\text{STOP}}{\text{RESET}}$  is invalid.

1: keypad (STOP) is valid.

Thousandth: communication run command control

0: keypad  $\left(\frac{\text{STOP}}{\text{RESET}}\right)$  is invalid.

1: keypad (STOP) is valid.

F00.16	Multi-function key run command	Range: 0~3	0
100.10	channel switching order selection	Range. 0 5	v

- 0: Keyboard control-terminal control-communication control
- 1: Keyboard control←→terminal control
- 2: Keyboard control ← → communication control
- **3:** Terminal control←→communication control

These parameters cooperate with multi-function key to run command channel switching function: with special switch to command channel switching order.



1.Command channel priority terminal switch to(terminal function code 49,50,51)→terminal run command channel selection(terminal function code 52,53)→multi-function key switch→F01.15,when switching to terminal control, be sure the terminal command invalid. Terminal switch to and terminal run command channel selection refer to F08 group parameter about the detailed description of terminal function.

2. We suggest alter the mode at the stop state.

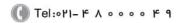
F00.17	Motor speed display coefficient	Range: 0.1~999.9%	100.0%
--------	---------------------------------	-------------------	--------

This function code is used to check speed scale display error, there is no effect to motor actual speed

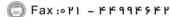
F00.18	Line velocity display coefficient	Range: 0.1~999.9%	1.0%

This function code is used to check speed scale display error, there is no effect to motor actual speed.

ncocorp.com



ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



FAMCO هایپرسنعت

- 1: Reserved
- 2: Multi pump water supply card
- 3: Incremental PG encoder
- 4~10: Reserved

This function is for extended port expansion card parameter, after setting expansion card, F00.19 will choose the expansion card number accordingly, then we can use the expansion card normally. For example, when Extended Port add PG expansion card, F00.19 should be set to 3.

		Range: units digit: 0,1	
F00.20	Analog input terminal	tens digit: 0,1	0000
100.20	configuration	hundreds digit: 0~2	0000
		thousands digit: 0~2	

This parameter can configurate analog input AI1, AI2, EAI1, EAI2 to be current input type or voltage input type.

Units digit: AI1 configuration

0:0~10V input

1:4~20mA input

Tens digit: AI2 configuration

0:-10~10V input

1:4~20mA input

Hundreds digit: EAI1 configuration

0:0~10V input

1:-10~10V input

2:4~20mA input

Thousands digit: EAI2 configuration

0:0~10V input

1:-10~10V input

2:4~20mA input

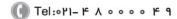


Dial switching(SW1,SW2)under the left corner of CPU to the corresponding position: when AI1,AI2 configuration.

		Range: units digit: 0,1	
F00.21	Analog output terminal	tens digit: 0,1	0000
100.21	configuration	hundreds digit: 0,1	0000
		thousands digit: 0,1	

This parameter can configurate AO1, AO2, EAO1, EAO2 analog signal output to be voltage type or current type.

corp.com mcocorp.com



(a) Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

ں، پلاک ۱۲



#### 1:4~20mA output

Tens digit: AO2 configuration

0:0~10V output

1:4~20mA output

Hundreds digit: EAO1 configuration

0:0~10V output

1:4~20mA output

Thousands digit: EAO2 configuration

0:0~10V output

1:4~20mA output



Dial switching(SW1,SW2)under the left corner of CPU to the corresponding position: when AI1,AI2 configuration.

F00.22	Y output terminal	Range: units digit: Reserved tens digit: Reserved	0000
100.22	configuration	hundreds digit: Reserved thousands digit: 0,1	

Units digit ~ hundreds digit: Reserved

Thousands digit: Y4 output configuration

0: Open collector output

1: DO output

The thousands digit decide the Y4 output terminal type, when 0 means open collector output, when 1 means high speed pulse DO output.

F00.23 G/P type setup	Range: 0, 1	0
-----------------------	-------------	---

**0:G type.** Adapt to constant torque load type.

1:P type. Adapt to fan & pump load type.

EN500/EN600 integrates G/P type design in full power range. F15 group motor relative parameter will change automatically according to the G or P type.



P type machine only can support V/F control.

	F00.24	Motor control model	Range: 0~2	0
--	--------	---------------------	------------	---

#### 0: V/F control

If we need to start the fan and water pump application, or the inverter should drive one more AC motors, please choose the V/F control mode, when drive parts of the synchronous machines, we also can choose V/F control.

1: Sneedless Vector Control 1 (Comparing with the speed vector control 2.

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



FAMCO هاییرسنعت

supporting the speed and torque control)

Speedless sensor vector control run mode, mainly used to v control in the application site which require high contro

better control performance, we need to set up motor parameter group F15 according to the motor nameplate details, and doing the self-learning to motor parameter. One VFD can only drive one motor in vector control mode, and VFD power need match up with motor, normally one class less or more of the VFD power than motor is allowed.

2: with speed sensor vector control (support the speed and torque control)

When choose the closed-loop vector control mode, the AC motor should be installed with an encoder, and the inverter should be installed with the same type of the encoder. It can be used on the high-accuracy speed control & torque control application. One inverter only can drive one AC motor, like Paper-make machine, cranes, and elevator.

When using the closed-loop control, including setting motor parameter (F15 group), we should also set the encoder parameter group (F16), and the Extended Port (F00.19) parameter.

When user choose EN-LED4-D keypad, under monitoring mode we can use F00.25 parameter to modify monitoring content of keypad digital display (LED2). When user choose EN-LCD1 or EN-LCD2 keypad, under monitoring mode we can use F00.25 parameter to change monitoring content of below LED.

For monitoring content of F00.25 parameter, please refer to description of F00.01

F00.26 Busbar voltage adjustment Range: 0.900~1.100	1.000
---	-------

We can use this parameter to adjust the busbar voltage; to make the inverter bus voltage is accordingly to the exact figures.

	2 3		
F00.2	Parameter copying and language selection	Range: units digit: 0~2 tens digit: 0~2	00

Units digit: language selection. (Only valid for LCD keypad)

- 0: Chinese
- 1: English
- 2: Reserve

Tens digit: parameter upload and download (valid for LCD and digital potentiometer keypad)

- 0: No action
- 1: Parameter upload
- 7. Parameter download

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:011- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:01) - FF99F9FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، ىلاك ٢



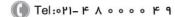
### 7.2 Basic Run Function Parameter Group:F01

H ( )   ( ) ( )	Main frequency input	Range: 0~14
	channel selection	8

Total 15 types input channel for selection to chose inverter input channel of the main provide frequency, among 11~14 are reserve channel, currently there is no corresponding function.

- **0:Operation keyboard digital setup.** When main frequency setup initial value to F01.01: modify F01.01 parameter to change main setting frequency with operation keyboard: or with  $(\land)$ ,  $(\lor)$  button to modify the value of F01.01
- **1:AI1 analog setup.** Main frequency setup confirmed by AI1 analog voltage/ current, input range: 0~10V (AI1 jumper wire selection V side)or 4~20mA(AI1 jumper wire selection A side).
- **2:AI2 analog setup.** Main frequency setup confirmed by AI2 analog voltage/current, input range: -10~10V (AI2 jumper wire selection V side)or 4~20mA(AI2 jumper wire selection A side).
- **3:Terminal UP/DOWN adjusting setup.** When main frequency initial value is parameter F01.01, through terminal UP/DOWN function to adjust the main setting frequency. Terminal function setup into 16(frequency increase progressively (UP))or 17(frequency decrease progressively control(DOWN)).
- **4:Communication provide(Communication address:1E01).** Main frequency provide by selection communication mode.
- **5:EAI1 analog setup.** When extension analog input EAI1 is valid,main frequency confirmed by EAI1 analog voltage/current,input range:- $10\sim10V(EAI1)$  jumper wire selection V side)or  $4\sim20$ mA(EAI1 jumper wire selection Aside). Relevant extension card selection needed to use this setup function.
- **6:EAI2 analog setup.** when extension analog input EAI2 valid,main frequency setup by EAI2 analog voltage / current,input range:- $10\sim10V(EAI2)$  jumper wire selection V side) or  $4\sim20mA(EAI2)$  jumper wire selection A side). Relevant extension card selection needed to use this setup function.
- **7:High speed pulse setup.** main frequency setup by frequency signal of terminal pulse(only X8 input),input pulse specification:voltage range 15~30V; frequency range 0.00~50.00KHz.
- **8:Terminal pulse setup.** main frequency setup by pulse width signal of terminal pulse(only X8 input),input pulse specification:voltage range 15~30V; pulse width range 0.1~999.9ms.
  - 9:Terminal encoder setup.main frequency setup by terminal encoder

corp.com ncocorp.com







10∼14: Reserved

Analog provide is positive and negative polarity command direction control: when main freq AI2,EAI1,EAI2: and setup provide to be -10~10V,run direction confirmed by analog provide signal polarity completely, when PID run is valid, run direction confirmed by PID error polarity and parameter F11.21 completely.



Excerpt terminal encoder provide (F01.00=9), main and auxiliary provide channel cannot be set into the same frequency source: if they are the same: then panel would be light (ALM) and display A-51.

F01.01	Main frequency digital setup	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	50.00Hz
--------	------------------------------	------------------------------------	---------

When F01.00=0.3 or 4.F01.01 is the initial value of main frequency.

F01.02	Main frequency digital control	Range: 00~11	00	l
--------	--------------------------------	--------------	----	---

Units digit: power down reserve setup

0:Main frequency power down reserve. When main frequency channel provide is valid, power down in run status, current main frequency of run frequency is recorded in parameter F01.01.

1: Main frequency power down no reserve.

Tens digit: halt reserve setup

0:Halt main frequency hold. When main frequency channel provide is valid, current run frequency only recorded after halt.

1:Halt main frequency recovery F01.01. main setting frequency recorded in software is recovery to value of parameter F01.01 after halt.

Hundreds digit: Set of communication presetting frequency dimension. (It is valid for both main and salve frequency communication presetting)

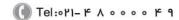
0:Preset of absolute frequency mode(preset 5000 represent 50.00Hz).

1:Preset 10000 represent upper limit frequency (F01.11).



Only when parameter F01.00=0, 3, 4, it can be valid, after power-fail or Stop storage function both are valid, stop the machine first, it also can serve.

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax: 0 11 - FF99F9F1



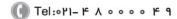
Auxiliary frequency input F01.03 channel select

Range: 0~20

VFD auxiliary provides frequency input channel has 2 selection, for them 11~20 are Reserved channels, and currently there is no relevant function:

- **0:Keyboard operation digital setup.** When auxiliary frequency setup initial value is parameter F01.04, modify parameter F01.04 to change auxiliary setting frequency: or with  $(\land)$ ,  $(\lor)$  button modify the value of parameter F01.04
- 1:AI1 analog setup. Auxiliary frequency setup confirmed by AI1 analog voltage /current, input range: 0~10V (AI1 jumper wire selection V side)or 4~20mA(AI1 jumper wire A side).
- 2:AI2 analog setup. Auxiliary frequency setup confirmed by AI2 analog voltage/current, input range: -10~10V (AI2 jumper wire selection V side) or 4~20mA (AI2 jumper wire selection A side).
- 3:Terminal UP/DOWN adjusting setup. Auxiliary frequency initial value is parameter F01.04, through terminal UP/DOWN function to adjust auxiliary setting frequency.
- 4:communication setting( Communication address:1E01). The initial value of auxiliary frequency is for F01.04, it will determine by F05.00 of the communication setting.
- **5:EAI1 analog setup.** When extension analog input EAI1 is valid, auxiliary frequency setup confirmed by EAI1 analog voltage/current, input range: -10~10V (EAI1 jumper wire selection V side)or 4~20mA(EAI1 jumper wire selection A side).
- **6:EAI2 analog setup.** When extension analog input EAI2 is valid, auxiliary frequency setup confirmed by EAI2 analog voltage/current, input range: -10~10V (EAI2 jumper wire selection V side) or 4~20mA (EAI2 jumper wire selection A side).
- 7:High speed pulse setup. Auxiliary frequency setup by frequency signal of terminal pulse (only X8 input), input pulse specification: voltage range 5~30V; frequency range 0.00~50.00 KHz.
- **8:Terminal pulse width setup.** Auxiliary frequency setup by pulse width signal of terminal pulse (only X8 input), input pulse specification: voltage range 15~30V; pulse width range 0.1~999.9ms.
- 9:Terminal encoder provide. Auxiliary frequency setup by terminal encoder pulse (only X3 or X4 input), 0.01Hz is a fixed adjusting precision.

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:011 - FF99F5FF





Analog provide is positive and negative polarity command direction control: when auxiliary frequency

AI2,EAI1,EAI2 ,and setup provide is to be -10~10 v,run urrection confirmed by analog provide signal polarity completely.



Except terminal encoder provide (F01.03=9),main and auxiliary provide channel cannot setup to the same frequency source,when they are the same, then panel light(ALM), and A-51 display.

F01.04	Auxiliary frequency digital setup	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.00Hz
--------	-----------------------------------	---------------------------------------	--------

When F01.03=0, 3 or 4, F01.04 is the initial frequency value of auxiliary frequency.

F01.05	Auxiliary frequency digital control	Range: 00~11	11
--------	-------------------------------------	--------------	----

Units digit: power down reserve setup

**0:Auxiliary frequency power down reserve.** When auxiliary frequency channel provide is valid and power down at run mode, the current auxiliary setting frequency reserve in parameter F01.04.

1: Auxiliary frequency power down no reserve.

tens digit: halt reserve setup

**0:Halt auxiliary frequency hold.** When auxiliary frequency channel provide is valid, recording current run frequency only after halt.

1:Halt auxiliary frequency recovery parameter F01.04 .auxiliary setting frequency in software recording is recovered the value of parameter F01.04 after halt



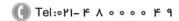
Only when F01.03=0,3,4 is valid.

F01.06 Main and auxiliary provide calculating setup Range: 0~7
--

This parameter is to select frequency provide channel: and through the complex of main frequency source and auxiliary frequency source to achieve frequency provide.

**0:Main frequency.** Complex frequency of current is main frequency.

corp.com



Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲



frequency.

- 2: Plus(polarity oppose of complex and main frequer is zero).
- 3:Minus(polarity oppose of complex and auxiliary trequency, complex frequency is zero).
- **4:Multiplication**(polarity opposed of main and auxiliary frequency: complex frequency is zero).
  - **5:Max**(the max frequency of main and auxiliary absolute value).
  - **6:Min**(the min frequency of main and auxiliary absolute value).
- 7:Selection no-zero value(auxiliary is not negative, main frequency prior; auxiliary is negative, complex frequency is zero)



1. The initial polarity of main and auxiliary frequency cannot change after main and auxiliary operation.

2. When main and auxiliary frequency channel are complex value, and both setup into power down reserve: parameter F01.01 and F01.04 reserve separately the changed part of main frequency and auxiliary frequency in the complex frequency when power

F01.07 Auxiliary frequency provide coefficient	Range: 0.00~10.00	1.00
--	-------------------	------

Parameter F01.07 can adjust auxiliary provide frequency gain.

F01.08	Coefficient after complex of main and auxiliary frequency	Range: 0.00~10.00	1.00
--------	---	-------------------	------

This parameter is to setup frequency flexibly and calculates the gain of complex setting frequency by main and auxiliary frequency.

F01.09 Auxiliary frequency range selection	Range: 0, 1	0
--	-------------	---

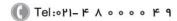
**0:Relative high limit frequency.** Auxiliary frequency setup range: 0.00Hz~high limit frequency×F01.10.

1:Relative main frequency. Auxiliary frequency setup range: 0.00Hz~main frequency×F01 10

Troquen			
F01.10	Auxiliary frequency source scope	Range: 0.00~1.00	1.00

This parameter cooperate with F01.09 define the scope of auxiliary provide frequency. Auxiliary provide frequency high limit value is restrained by the frequency selected by parameter F01.09 through parameter F01.10 gain

ncocorp.com



Fax:011 - FF99F5FF



F01.11	Upper limit frequency	Range: lower limit frequency~60

This parameter's max setting frequency of all run modes s carefully according to the motor nameplate details.

F01.12	Low limit frequency	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.40Hz
F01.13	Low limit frequency run mode	Range: 0~3	2
F01.14	Sleep run hysteresis frequency	Range: 0.01Hz~upper limit frequency	0.01Hz

0: As low limit frequency run.

1: As setting frequency run.

2: As zero frequency run.

3: Sleep: PWM clocked at sleep mode.

When actual setting frequency lower than low limit frequency, low limit frequency run mode selection 0,then drive run at low limit frequency; low limit frequency run mode selection 1,drive continuously run according to setting frequency; low limit frequency run mode selection 2,drive continuously low output frequency and run at zero frequency; low limit frequency run mode selection 3,immediately clock the output and display frequency decline slowly to zero, when provide value over low limit frequency, drive restart to accelerate run from 0Hz to provide value after through F01.14 stagnant loop.



When F01.13=3: this parameter can finish sleep function to achieve energy saving run and avoid drive to start frequently at threshold value through width of return difference.

F01.15	Run command channel selection	Range: 0~2	0
--------	-------------------------------	------------	---

0: Operation keyboard run control. Start and stop with

**1: Terminal run command control.** Terminal X1 is forward (FWD),X2 is reverse(REV)during the function code X1~X8 setup. Other terminal can also be regarded as for/rev input terminal.

2: Communication runs command control. Start and stop with communication mode.

corp.com

( Tel:011- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FP

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۲





multi-function key,terminal command chani run, carefully modify command channel after c permission to run command channel modification. After the command channel modification: keyboard  $\left(\frac{\text{STOP}}{\text{RFSET}}\right)$  button setup valid or not by parameter F00.15.

1.Drive can change run command channel t

2. After run command channel modification, frequency channel can be defined by parameter F18.00,F18.01,F18.02 .or defined by parameter F01.00,F01.03,F01.06 and multi-function terminal.

F01.16	Run direction setup	Range: units digit: 0,1 tens digit: 0~2	00
		tens digit. 0 2	

Units digit: Keyboard command for/rev setup (only valid to keyboard inching command)

0: Forward.

1: Reverse.

Tens digit: for/rev forbid (suitable for all command channel, not include inching function)

0: For/rev available.

1: Reverse not available (imposing on reverse, stop as the halt mode).

2: Forward not available (imposing on forward, stop as the halt mode).

F01.17	Acceleration time 1	Range: 1~60000	Depend on type
F01.18	Deceleration time 1	Range:1~60000	Depend on type

Acceleration time is interval accelerate from zero frequency to high limit frequency, deceleration time is the interval decelerate from high limit frequency to zero frequency. The unit defined by F01.19. Example: F01.17=100, F01.19=1, acceleration time 1 is 10.0 seconds.



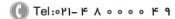
1.EN500/EN600 series drive defines 15 acceleration deceleration time, only acceleration and deceleration time 1 defined here, acceleration and deceleration 2~15 defined in parameter F04.16~F04.43.

2.acceleration and deceleration 1~15 select time unit through parameter F1.19, factory default unit is 0.1 second.

	F01.19	Accelerate/decelerate time unit	Range: 0~2	1
--	--------	---------------------------------	------------	---

This function can define acceleration and deceleration time unit.

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax: 0 11 - F 4 9 4 5 F P

FAMCU ھاپيرمنعت

1:0.1s

2:1s



1. The function is valid to all acceleration and defor inching run.

2.Advise to select 0.1s as the time unit.

	F01.20	Accelerate/decelerate mode selection	Range: 0, 1	0
--	--------	--------------------------------------	-------------	---

**0:Line acc/dece mode.** Output frequency raises or decline as the constant slope, as fig.7-1.

**1: S curve acc/dece mode.** Output frequency raise or decline as the S curve: as fig.7-2.

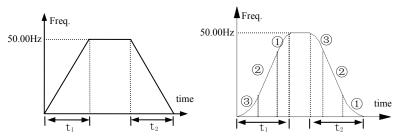


Fig. 7-1 Line acc/dece

Fig. 7-2 S curve acc/dece

F01.21	S curve acceleration initiation segment time	Range: 10.0%~50.0%	20.0%
F01.22	S curve acceleration up segment time	Range: 10.0%~70.0%	60.0%
F01.23	S curve deceleration initiation segment time	Range: 10.0%~50.0%	20.0%
F01.24	S curve deceleration up segment time	Range: 10.0%~70.0%	60.0%

F01.21~F01.24 select S curve acceleration and deceleration mode(F01.20=1)valid only under acceleration and deceleration, and F01.21+F01.22 $\leq$ 90% , F01.23+F01.24 $\leq$ 90%.

S curve starts interval time as fig.7-2③, output frequency changed slope increase slowly from zero.

S curve up interval time as fig.7-22, output frequency changed slope is constant.

S curve ends interval time as fig.7-2①, output frequency changed slope decrease slowly to zero

corp.com

(1) Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، يلاک '





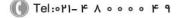
S curve acc/dece mode is suitable for the start ar conveyor belt, transport and transfer load so on.

F01.25	Keyboard jog run frequency	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	5.00Hz
F01.26	Terminal jog run frequency	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	5.00Hz
F01.27	Jog interval time	Range: 0.0~100.0s	0.0s
F01.28	Jog acceleration time	Range: 0.1~6000.0s	20.0s
F01.29	Jog deceleration time	Range: 0.1~6000.0s	20.0s

F01.25, F1.26 defines keyboard jog and terminal jog run frequency, when jog run: accelerate as the zero frequency, and not effect by the start mode defined by parameter F02.00. When jog command revocation, stop as setting halt mode, when input another command during the deceleration, accelerate or decelerate according to the current frequency.

F1.27 defies valid command interval time at continuously jog. When jog command invalid, the time restart jog command is short than jog interval time, jog command ignore here.

F1.28, F1.29 defines jog run acceleration and deceleration time, fixed unit is 1s.



# **FAMCO**

# 7.3 Start, stop, forward/reverse, brake function F02

E02 00	Start running mode	Dangar 0~2	
102.00	Start running mode	Range: 0~2	U

- **0: Start from starting frequency**. After receiving start command by setting F02.01 delay time, the inverter starts after setting F02.02 starting frequency and F02.03 starting frequency duration.
- 1: First brake, and then start from starting frequency. First brake the current from DC and then from time (F02.04, F02.05), and then start after setting starting frequency and starting frequency duration set by F02.03.
- **2: Speed tracking start.** This mode can be supported by the entire motor control model at the present.
  - 1.Start-up mode 0: It is suggested to use Start-up mode 0 for general purpose applications and for general drive synchronous motor.
  - 2. Start-up mode 1: Suitable for small inertia load, for example, forward and reverse occurs when the motor is not driven.
  - 3. Start-up mode 2: Suitable for the starting of large inertia load before stopping stably. Generally this mode is used when restarting after power failure, fault self-recovery and other functions. The following points need to be noticed when this Start-up mode is used:
  - 3.1 When the inverter stops freely, restart the inverter after a few seconds. If over-current fault occurs when starting, please extend the F02.08 time.
  - 3.2 Do not modify the set frequency when the inverter starts in slow down process.
  - 4. When torque model is valid, we suggest use the start mode 2.

F02.01	Starting delay time	Range: 0.0~60.0s	0.0s

Starting delay time refers to the waiting time before the inverter is started after receiving running command.

		Range: 0.0~10.00Hz	0.00Hz
F02.03	Starting frequency duration time	Range: 0.0~60.0s	0.0s

Starting frequency refers to the initial frequency when the inverter is started, as shown in Fig. 7-3 fs; starting frequency holding time refers to consecutive running time during which the inverter runs at the starting frequency, as shown in Fig. 7-3

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴9۴۲

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲



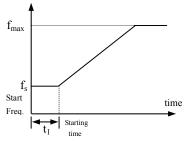


Fig. 7-3 Starting frequency and starting time

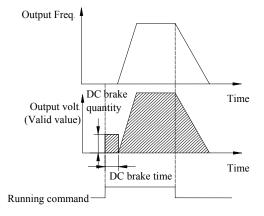


Starting frequency is not limited by lower limit frequency.

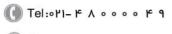
F02.04		Range: 0.0 ~ 100.0% (G type inverter rated current)	30.0%
F02.05	DC braking time when starting	Range: 0.0~30.0s 0.0s	

When F02.00=1, F02.04, F02.05 valid, and stop mode is deceleration stop, as shown in Fig. 7-4.

The setting of starting DC braking current is with respect to the percentage of inverter rated output current. When starting DC braking time is 0.0 second, no DC braking process.



corp.com ncocorp.com



ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



F02.06	Speed track starting frequency selection	Range: 0~2
^ -		

0: Current setting frequency.

1: Running frequency before power down.

2: Speed track auxiliary starting frequency.

Select frequency closed to the current running frequency of the motor so as to track the current running revolving speed of the motor. For example, when current running frequency is closed to current setting frequency, then select 0 and start to search from current setting frequency.

H H H / H /		Range:0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	30.00Hz
-------------	--	------------------------------------	---------

This parameter defines when 2 is selected in F02.06 parameter, the starting searching frequency when revolving track is started.

F02.	08	Speed track starting waiting time	Range: 0.00~10.00s	0.10s

When 2 is selected in F02.00, if the inverter checks that the running command is valid, the revolving speed is searched after the time defined by F2.08.

F02.09	Speed track current control coefficient	Range: 1~20	2
--------	---	-------------	---

This parameter define the speed search process tracking current, the bigger of the value, the faster it can track.

F02.10	Speed track searching speed time	Range: 0.1~30.0	4.00
--------	----------------------------------	-----------------	------

This parameter can be modified to improve speed track time.

On SVC control, the minimum unit of speed tracking for search speed time is 0.1s;

On V/F control, the minimum unit of speed tracking for search speed time is 1s;

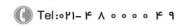


- 1. F02.06~F02.09 parameter only can be started on the speed variator, the start is valid.
- 2.F02.10 parameter can be used for both  $\ensuremath{V\!/F}$  model and  $\ensuremath{SVC}$  model .

F02.11 Stop mode Range: 0~2 0
-------------------------------

**0: Deceleration stop.** After receiving stop command, the inverter reduces output frequency gradually according to the set deceleration time, the inverter

corp.com ncocorp.com



🗐 Fax:071 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲



immediately, and the load stops freely according to mechani

2: Deceleration + DC braking stop. After receivir inverter reduces output frequency gradually according to the

When reaching F02.14 starting frequency of stop braking, After F02.15 defines DC braking waiting time, the inverter starts DC braking, as shown in Fig. 7-5.

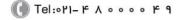
F02.12	frequency	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limiting frequency	0.00Hz
F02.13	Deceleration stop holding time	Range: 0.00~10.00s	0.00s

The parameters F02.12 and F02.13 define inverter's deceleration stop holding function. When the frequency reaches set value of F02.12 in deceleration, it stops deceleration, and maintains the set time of F02.13, and enters deceleration state. This parameter is only valid for stop mode 0.

F02.14	Stop DC braking starting frequency	Range: 0.00~15.00Hz	0.50Hz
F02.15	Sop DC braking waiting time	Range:0.00~30.00s	0.00s
F02.16	Stop DC braking current	Range: 0.0~100.0% (G type machine rated current)	0.0%
F02.17	Stop DC braking time	Range: 0.0~30.0s	0.0s
F02.18	Stop auxiliary braking current	Range: 0.0~100.0% (G type machine rated current)	0.0%
F02.19	Stop auxiliary braking time	Range: 0.0~100.0s	0.0s

 $F02.14 \sim F02.19$  parameter defines the current and duration inputting to the motor in the stop DC braking state. If F02.17, F02.19 or F02.14 parameter is 0.0s, then no DC braking process.

Auxiliary DC brake means when the inverter stops DC brake is finished give the second stage DC braking. Role in some special circumstances require rapid braking, and stop long time in the state of DC braking, but to prevent motor heat circumstances.





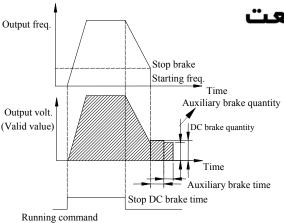


Fig. 7-5 Deceleration stop + DC braking

F02.2	20	Forward/reverse dead zone time	Range:0.0~3600.0s	0.0s
F02.2	21	Forward/reverse switching mode	Range: 0, 1	0

#### 0: Over zero switchover

#### 1: Over starting frequency switchover

Forward/reverse dead zone time refers to the process in which the inverter operates from forward to reverse or from reverse to forward. After output frequency reaches the defined frequency in switchover mode, entering in to the transition time, as shown in Fig. 7-6 t<sub>1</sub>, within transition time t1, output frequency is 0Hz.

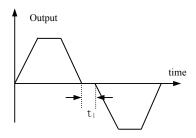


Fig. 7-6 Forward/reverse dead zone time

corp.com ncocorp.com

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲



F02.22	Energy consumption braking selection	Range: 0~2
--------	--------------------------------------	------------

- 0: No energy consumption braking.
- 1: Energy consumption braking 1(No braking while natung).
- **2:** Energy consumption braking 2(Braking while halting). This option can prevent over-voltage fault caused by high busbar voltage during the halting process.



Please set the function parameter correctly according to the actual use condition. Otherwise, control feature will be affected. Before starting this function, make sure the inverter has built-in brake unit and brake resistor.

F02.23	Energy consumption braking voltage	Range:100.0~145.0% (rated busbar voltage)	125.0%
F02.24	Energy consumption braking use rate	Range:0.0~100.0%	100.0%

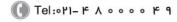
Energy consumption braking function is only valid for built-in brake unit. F02.23 defines energy consumption braking busbar voltage threshold value, F02.24 parameter adjusts duty ratio brake unit. The higher the brake use rate is, the greater the brake unit duty ratio is, and the more apparent the brake effect is, but when fluctuation of the brake process busbar voltage is more apparent, user needs to select proper parameter based on brake resistor and brake power.

F02.25 Encryption time	Range:0~65535h	0
------------------------	----------------	---

When F02.25>1, the encryption time is available. When the running time exceed the time defined by F02.25, the inverter will stop and it will restart after decode.

F02.26	Reserved		
--------	----------	--	--

corp.com mcocorp.com





ر جادہ مخصوص کرج)

# FAMCO هاسرسنعت

### 7.4 V/F control parameter group: F03

F03.00	V/F curve set	Range: 0~4
--------	---------------	------------

0: Constant torque curve.

1: Degression torque curve 1.

2: Degression torque curve 2.

3: Degression torque curve 3.

**4:** V/F curve setting (V/F frequency and voltage cannot be 0 or Max. value).

This function code defines EN500/EN600 flexible V/F setting mode to satisfy different load characteristics. 4 kinds of fixed curves and one customized curve can be selected according to definition of F03.00.

When F3.00=0, V/F curve is Constant torque curve feature, as shown in Fig. 7-7a curve 0.

When F03.00=1, V/F curve is 2.0 order power degressive torque characteristic, as shown in Fig. 7-7a curve 3.

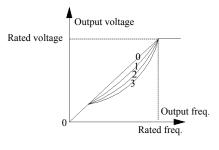
When F03.00=2, V/F curve is 1.7 order power degressive torque characteristic, as shown in Fig. 7-7a curve 2.

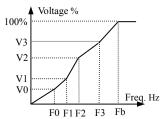
When F03.00=3, V/F curve is 1.2 order power degressive torque characteristic, as shown in Fig. 7-7a curve 1.

User can choose 1, 2, 3 V/F curve running mode according to load characteristic to reach better energy-saving effect when the inverter drives degressive torque load such as blower and water pump etc.

When F03.00=4, user can set V/F curve by setting F03.04  $\sim$  F03.11 parameter.

As shown in Fig. 7-7b, V/F curve can be defined freely by setting (V1, F1), (V2, F2), (V3, F3), (V4, F4) to meet special load environment.





V0~V3: The 1st-4th voltage percentage of multi section V/F F0~F3: The 1st-4th frequency points of multi section V/F Fb: Rated frequency

Fig. 7-7 a V/F curve

b User-setting V/F curve

corp.com mcocorp.com

Tel:∘۲1- κ Λ ∘ ∘ ∘ κ α

(a) Fax:071 - FF99F9F7

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲



F03.01	Torque boost mode	Range: 0, 1

**0: Manual boost.** Torque boost voltage is totally F03.02, whose feature is that the boost voltage is fixed, but the motor is occurs often to the light-load.

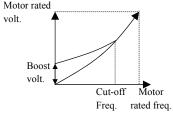
Boost voltage = 
$$\frac{\text{F03.02}}{100}$$
 ×motor rated voltage

1: Auto torque boost. Torque boost voltage changes when the stator current of the motor changes, the greater the stator current is, magnetic saturation boost voltage is.

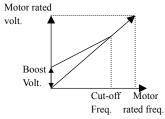
Boost voltage = 
$$\frac{\text{F03.02}}{100}$$
 × motor rated voltage ×  $\frac{\text{Inverter output current}}{2 \times \text{inverter rated current}}$ 

F03.02	Torque boost	Range: 0.0~12.0%	Depend on type
F03.03	Torque boost cut-off frequency	Range:0.0~100.0% (motor rated frequency)	100.0%

Improving inverter low torque characteristic, the output voltage can be compensated



a Degression torque curve Torque boost



b Constant torque curve Torque boost

Fig. 7-8 Torque boost



1.F03.02 for increasing torque setting to this parameter can cause motor heating or over current protection.

2.When driving synchronous machine ,User is advised to adopt manual torque boost and adjust V/F curve according to motor parameter and usage occasion when driving synchronous motor.

corp.com ncocorp.com

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



F03.04	V/F frequency value 0	Range: 0.00~V/F freq value1	يبرصن
F03.05	V/F voltage value 0	Range: 0.00~V/F volta value1	
F03.06	V/F frequency value1	Range: V/F frequency value 0~V/F frequency value2	20.00Hz
F03.07	V/F voltage value1	Range: V/F voltage value0~ V/F voltage value2	40.00%
F03.08	V/F frequency value2	Range: V/F frequency value1~ V/F frequency value3	25.00Hz
F03.09	V/F voltage value2	Range: V/F voltage value1~ V/F voltage value3	50.00%
F03.10	V/F frequency value3	Range: V/F frequency value2~ upper limiting frequency	40.00Hz
F03.11	V/F voltage value3	Range: V/F voltage value2~ 100.00%(motor rated voltage)	80.00%

 $F03.04 \sim F03.11$  defines multi-step V/F curve. Note that 4 voltage points and frequency points relationship shall be satisfied: V0<V1<V2<V3, F0<F1<F2<F3, for details, please refer to Fig. 7-8b.

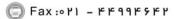
If the voltage at low frequency is set too high, motor overheat or even over burning may cause, over current protection may occur to the inverter.

F03.12	V/F oscillation suppression factor	Range: 0~255	10
--------	------------------------------------	--------------	----

Under V/F control, this parameter can be set properly to prevent motor vibration of the motor. When the inverter operates at low frequency without load, the greater the motor power is, the greater the vibration of motor will be. This parameter can be increased to restrain the vibration of motor. When carrier freq. is smaller, this parameter can be adjusted lower to reduce vibration.

corp.com

( Tel:011- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9



ی (جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲



# 7.5 Auxiliary running parameter group: F04

			عاسدا الشاك
F04.00	Jump freq. 1	Range: 0.00Hz~upper frequency	,,,
F04.01	Jump freq. 1 range	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limiting frequency	0.00Hz
F04.02	Jump freq. 2	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limiting frequency	0.00Hz
F04.03	Jump freq. 2 range	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limiting frequency	0.00Hz
F04.04	Jump freq. 3	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limiting frequency	0.00Hz
F04.05	Jump freq. 3 range	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limiting frequency	0.00Hz

 $F04.00 \sim F04.05$  is set to keep inverter's output frequency away from resonance frequency of mechanical load. Inverter setting frequency can jump around some frequency point according to mode as shown in Fig. 7-9, 3 jumping ranges can be defined at most.

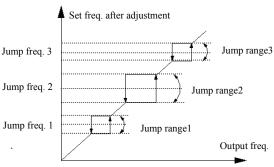


Fig. 7-9 Jump freq. and range

F04.06	Slip freq. gain	Range: 0.0~300.0%	0.0%
F04.07	Slip compensation limit	Range: 0.0~250.0%	100.0%
F04.08	Slip compensation time constant	Range: 0.1~25.0s	2.0s

This function can adjust output frequency properly as the load varies to compensate slip frequency of the asynchronous motor dynamically, so that control motor speed is in constant value. If acting with automatic torque boost function, better low speed moment characteristic can be obtained. As shown in Fig.7-10. Slip compensation range = Slip compensation limit (F04.06)× Rated slip . Rated slip = F15.03 ×60 / Np - F15.04.

corp.com mcocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ں (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



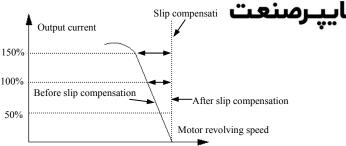


Fig. 7-10 Slip freq. Compensation

F04.09	Carrier frequency	Range: 0.5~16.0K	Depend on
104.09	Carrier frequency	Kange. 0.3 10.0K	type

Carrier freq. mainly affects motor noise and heat loss when running. Relationship among carrier freq, motor noise, and leak current is as follows:

When carrier freq. goes up  $(\uparrow)$ , the motor noise is reduced  $(\downarrow)$ , leakage current of the motor is increased  $(\uparrow)$ , and the interference is increased  $(\uparrow)$ ;

When carrier freq. goes down ( $\downarrow$ ), the motor noise is increased ( $\uparrow$ ), leakage current of the motor is decreased ( $\downarrow$ ), and the interference is decreased ( $\downarrow$ ).

When the ambient temperature is high, and the motor load is heavy, reduce the carrier freq. properly to reduce thermal loss to the inverter.

Model Max. Carrier freq. Factory Default 0.4KW~1.5KW 16KHz 6KHz 2.2KW~11KW 16KHz 5KHz 15KW~55KW 8KHz 4KHz 75~200KW 6KHz 2KHz 220KW above 4KHz 2KHz

Table 7-1 model and Carrier freq. relationship



- 1.To get better control characteristic, it is suggested that the ratio of max. running frequency between carrier frequency and inverter be not smaller than 36.
- 2.Error exists in current displayed value when carrier frequency is small.

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:011- + V 0 0 0 0 + d

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ر (جاده مخصوص کرج)

، پیاک ۱۲



F04.10 PWM optimized adjustment

Range: units of tens di hundro thousa

Units digit: Carrier freq. is adjusted automatically according to temperature

0: Banned.

1: Allowed.

Carrier frequency changes based on temperature, which refers to inverter check that the radiator temperature is relatively high, it automatically reduces carrier freq., so as to reduce inverter temperature rise. When radiator temperature is relatively low, carrier freq. gradually restores to set value. This function can reduce inverter overheat alarm.

Digit: low speed carrier freq. limit mode

0: No limit.

1: Limit. Limit carrier wave at low speed, improve stability performance of revolving speed at low speed.

Hundreds digit: carrier wave modulation system

0: 3 phase modulation.

1: 2 phase and 3 phase modulation.

Thousands digit: Asynchronous modulation, synchronization mode (valid under V/F control)

0: Asynchronous modulation.

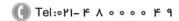
1: Synchronous modulation (under 85Hz: Asynchronous modulation).

1. When units digit is set as 1, after reaching overheat warning

alarm point, carrier wave will decrease to 1.5KHz; when the temperature decrease to 5°C lower than overheat warning alarm point, carrier freq. will automatically rise to the set carrier freq. 2. Synchronous modulation, it means that carrier freq. changes when output frequency changes, it guarantees that the ratio (carrier ratio) between the two does not change, generally used when output frequency is high, conducive to input voltage quality. When output frequency is low(85Hz or below, generally no need of synchronous modulation, so at this time carrier freq. and output frequency ratio is relatively high, advantages of asynchronous modulation are more apparent. When operating frequency is higher than 85Hz, Synchronous modulation is valid, frequency lower than this is fixed with asynchronous modulation mode.







F04.11 AVR function Range: 0~2



AVR namely automatic voltage regulation function, it ind can output constant voltage by AVR function when the i fluctuates.

- 0: No action
- 1: Action all the time
- 2: No action only during deceleration

1. When input voltage is higher than rated value, under normal situation, F04.11=1 shall be set. F02.11=0 namely inverter is in deceleration stop, motor deceleration time short time running current will be greater. But the motor decrease speed placidly with small run current and long Dec time if choose AVR action all the time.



2. When motor system vibration occurs due to AVR function, set F04.11= 0, namely AVR function is invalid.

3. This function is valid in V/F control mode.

F04.12 Reserved
-----------------

F04.13 Automatic energy saving operation	Range: 0, 1	0
--	-------------	---

0: No action

1: Action

To reach better energy-saving effect, automatic energy-saving purpose can be obtained by checking load current.

When motor runs with no-load or light-load, energy-saving can be realized by checking load current, and properly adjusting input voltage. Auto energy-saving operation is mainly used in applications like stable load and revolving speed.



1. This function is generally used in load like blower and water pump.

2. This function is valid only in V/F mode.

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:011- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9



ن (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۲



F04.14	Range: 0.00Hz~limit frequency
F04.15	Range: 0.00Hz~limit frequency

This function is used in the process of the inverter running, and we should adopted the acceleration time and deceleration for different applications.

During the acceleration process, if the frequency is lower than F04.14, we choose acceleration time 2, if the running frequency is bigger than F04.14, we choose acceleration time 1, during the deceleration process, if the running frequency is bigger than F04.15, then we choose deceleration time 1, if the running frequency is lower than F14.05, then we choose deceleration time 2.



When using terminal for choose the deceleration time, F04.14, F04.15 function is invalid.

F04.16	Acceleration time 2	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.17	Deceleration time 2	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.18	Acceleration time 3	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.19	Deceleration time 3	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.20	Acceleration time 4	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.21	Deceleration time 4	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.22	Acceleration time 5	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.23	Deceleration time 5	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.24	Acceleration time 6	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.25	Deceleration time 6	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.26	Acceleration time 7	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.27	Deceleration time 7	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.28	Acceleration time 8	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.29	Deceleration time 8	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.30	Acceleration time 9	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.31	Deceleration time 9	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.32	Acceleration time 10	Range: 1~60000	200

corp.com mcocorp.com

( Tel:011- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



			1 1 11 1
F04.34	Acceleration time 11	Range: 1~60000	ب صنعت
F04.35	Deceleration time 11	Range: 1~60000	
F04.36	Acceleration time 12	Range: 1~60006	200
F04.37	Deceleration time 12	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.38	Acceleration time 13	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.39	Deceleration time 13	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.40	Acceleration time 14	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.41	Deceleration time 14	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.42	Acceleration time 15	Range: 1~60000	200
F04.43	Deceleration time 15	Range: 1~60000	200

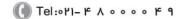
EN500/EN600 defines 15 kinds of acceleration/deceleration time, select acceleration/deceleration time 1  $\sim$  15 during the inverter running by different combinations of control terminal. Please refer to the definitions of acceleration/deceleration time terminal function in F08.18  $\sim$  F08.25. Cooperating with simple PLC function can also realize each step of PLC adopting different acceleration/deceleration time to complete specific requirements.

The time unit of acceleration/deceleration time  $2 \sim 15$  above is the same as that of acceleration/deceleration time 1, all are decided by F01.19 parameter of acceleration/deceleration time unit.



Acceleration/deceleration time 1 is defined in F01.17 and F01.18.

corp.com ncocorp.com





ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲



# 7.6 Communication control parameter group: F

F05.00 Protocol selection	Range: 0~6
---------------------------	------------

- 0: Modbus protocol.
- 1: Reserved.
- 2: Profibus protocol, external expansion card needs to be purchased if needed.
- 3: CANlink protocol, external expansion card needs to be purchased if needed.
- 4: CANopen protocol, external expansion card needs to be purchased if needed.
- 5: Free protocol 1. Can realize the revision of all EN500/EN600 function parameters
- 6: Free protocol 2. Can only realize the revision of part EN500/EN600 function parameters

	Baud rate	Range: units digit: 0~8	
F05.01	configuration	tens digit: 0~3	005
	Configuration	hundreds digit: 0~6	

F05.01 is for choosing communication baud rate when using different communication modules.

Units digit: Free protocol and Modbus Baud rate selection

0:300BPS

1:600BPS

2:1200BPS

3:2400BPS

4:4800BPS

5:9600BPS

6:19200BPS

7:38400BPS

8:57600BPS

Tens digit: Profibus DP Baud rate selection

0: 115200BPS

1: 208300BPS

2: 256000BPS

3: 512000BPS

Hundreds digit: CanLink and CANopen Baud rate selection

0:20K

ncocorp.com

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

FAMCO هایپرسنعت

3:125K

4:250K

5:500K

6:1M

		Range: units digit:0~5	
F05.02	Data format	tens digit :0~3	000
		hundreds digit: 0,1	

Units digit: Free protocol and Modbus protocol data format

- **0: 1-8-1 format, no parity, RTU.** 1 for start bit, 8 for data bits, 1 for stop bit, no parity's RTU communication mode.
- **1: 1-8-1 format, even parity, RTU.** 1 for start bit, 8 for data bits, 1 for stop bit, even parity's RTU communication mode.
- **2: 1-8-1 format, odd parity, RTU.** 1 for start bit, 8 for data bits, 1 for stop bit, odd parity's RTU communication mode.
- **3: 1-7-1 format, no parity, ASCII.** 1 for start bit, 7 data bits, 1 for stop bit, no parity's ASCII communication mode.
- **4: 1-7-1 format, even parity, ASCII.** 1 for start bit, 7 data bits, 1 for stop bit, even parity's ASCII communication mode.
- **5: 1-7-1 format, odd parity, ASCII.** 1 for start bit, 7 data bits, 1 for stop bit, odd parity's ASCII communication mode.

Tens digit: Profibus DP protocol data format

- 0: PPO1communication format
- 1: PPO2communication format
- 2: PPO3communication format
- 3: PPO5communication format

Hundreds digit: Modbus agreement or free protocol response selection Under the condition that Modbus or protocol agreement and the hundreds of F05.02 is 1, when slave sends mainframe the demand of running, frequency revise and hide parameter inside, the slave is without response to increase the slave response speed. But when mainframe reads inverter parameter, status or revises inverter any parameter, the hundreds of F05.02 would not influence the slave response.

F05.03   Local address   Range: 0~247   1
---

During serial port communication, this function code is used to identify inverter's address.

Under free protocol communication, 00 is set and the inverter is master station, can be the Master-slave communication.

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲



while cannot respond to upper computer.

F05.04	Communication overtime checkout time	Range:0.0~1000.	ـرصت
	ial part communication fails on	d its continuous til	

When serial port communication fails and its continuous time exceed ser value of this function code, the inverter judges it as communication failure.

The inverter would not detect serial port communication signal, namely this function ineffective when set value is 0.

F05.05	Communication error checkout time	Range: 0.0~1000.0s	0.0s
--------	-----------------------------------	--------------------	------

When serial port communication fails and its continuous time exceed set value of this function code, the inverter judges it as communication failure.

The inverter would not detect serial port communication signal, namely this function ineffective when set value is 0.

F05.06 Local response d	lay time Range: 0~200ms (Modbus is valid)	5ms
-------------------------	---	-----

Local response delay time represents the time within which the inverter serial port receives and executes command from upper device and then responds to upper device.

F05.07 Main & sub communicating setting perce	on frequency Range: 0~500%	100%
---	----------------------------	------

After setting this parameter proportion when frequency sent from main inverter, as the input source of communication frequency of sub inverter, one inverter can control multiple devices with different proportional frequency.



This parameter is valid only when inverter is master slave station and the frequency given channel is communication given.

F05.08	Communication virtual input terminal enabled	Range: 00~FFH	00Н
--------	--	---------------	-----

Bit0: CX1 virtual input terminal enabled

Bit1: CX2 virtual input terminal enabled

Bit2: CX3 virtual input terminal enabled

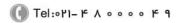
Bit3: CX4 virtual input terminal enabled

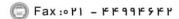
Bit4: CX5 virtual input terminal enabled

Bit5: CX6 virtual input terminal enabled

Bit6: CX7 virtual input terminal enabled

corp.com





ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



Communication virtual input Range: 0,1 F05.09 terminal joining node

0: Independent node. Communication virtual terminal F05.10 ~ F05.17.

1: Terminal node. Communication virtual terminal function is only set in F08.18 ~ F08.25, regardless of X1 ~ X8 valid, or CX1 ~ CX8 valid all execute this setting function .  $X1 \sim X8$  corresponds to  $CX1 \sim CX8$ .

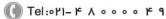
F05.10	Communication virtual terminal CX1 function	Range: 0~90	0
F05.11	Communication virtual terminal CX2 function	Range: 0~90	0
F05.12	Communication virtual terminal CX3 function	Range: 0~90	0
F05.13	Communication virtual terminal CX4 function	Range: 0~90	0
F05.14	Communication virtual terminal CX5 function	Range: 0~90	0
F05.15	Communication virtual terminal CX6 function	Range: 0~90	0
F05.16	Communication virtual terminal CX7 function	Range: 0~90	0
F05.17	Communication virtual terminal CX8 function	Range: 0~90	0

Communication virtual terminal CX1 ~ CX8 function and terminal X1 ~ X8 function is different.



The communication virtual terminal function is realized by setting the Modbus address and 1D09

F05.18	Input mapping application parameter 1	Range: F00.00~F26.xx	25.00
F05.19	Input mapping application parameter 2	Range: F00.00~F26.xx	25.00
F05.20	Input mapping application parameter 3	Range: F00.00~F26.xx	25.00
F05.21	Input mapping application parameter 4	Range: F00.00~F26.xx	25.00
F05.22	Input mapping application parameter 5	Range: F00.00~F26.xx	25.00
F05.23	Input mapping application parameter 6	Range: F00.00~F26.xx	25.00
	Innut manning annication		



Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ncocorp.com

corp.com



F05.25	Input mapping application parameter 8	Range: F00.00~F	يرصنعنا
F05.26	Input mapping application parameter 9	Range: F00.00~F	•
F05.27	Input mapping application parameter 10	Range: F00.00~F26.xx	x 25.00

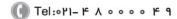
Input parameter address mapping.

This parameter is used for mapping waiting for input. Integral part corresponds with group no. of the parameter, while decimal part corresponds with intra-class reference (parameter series no. within group parameter). For example: Setting F05.18=00.00 indicates that mapping F05.18=00.00 as input parameter1.

- 1. xx represents function code.
- 2. F25.xx represents not mapping.
- 3. By this way, some incontinuity parameter can be together to read the data, and using the input mapping application parameter to increase the communication efficiency. For example, if reading F01.10, F02.02 and F03.04, vou above-mentioned parameters to F05.18, F05.19, F05.20, F05.21 and F05.22. Under RTU communication mode, only 1 continuous reading 5 groups of parameter commands (01 03 05 12 00 05 24 D1) can read 5 groups of parameter values, thus improving communication efficiency.

F05.28		
~	Reserved	
F05.39		

corp.com ncocorp.com







## 7.7 Setting curve parameter group: F06

			Range: units digit: 0~2	· · ·
	F06.00	Setting curve	tens digit: 0~2	
FU0.00	selection	hundreds digit: 0-	~2	
			thousands digit: 0	<b>√2</b>

Units digit: AI1 curve selection

0: curve 1.

1: curve 2.

2: curve 3.

Tens digit: AI2 curve selection

Same as units digit.

Hundreds digit: rapid pulse curve selection

Same as units digit.

Thousands digit: Pulse width setting curve selection

Same as units digit.

This function code tens digit, hundreds digit and thousands digit are used to select analog quantity input AI1, AI2, rapid pulse input and pulse width input signal setting curve. Curve 1 and 2 are 3 point curve, curve 3 is 4 point curve. User can select different curves for adjustment based on characteristic requirement of the input signal so as to realize specific input.

F06.01	Curve 1 min. setting	Range: 0.0% ~ curve 1 Inflexion setting	0.0%
F06.02	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 1 min. setting	Range: 0.0 ~ 100.0%	0.0%
F06.03	Curve 1 inflexion setting	Range: curve 1 min. setting ~ curve 1 Max. setting	50.0%
F06.04	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 1 inflexion setting	Range: 0.0 ~ 100.0%	50.0%
F06.05	Curve 1 Max. setting	Range: curve 1 inflexion setting ~100.0%	100.0%
F06.06	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 1 Max. setting	Range: 0.0 ~ 100.0%	100.0%
F06.07	Curve 2 min. setting	Range: 0.0% ~ curve 2 inflexion setting	0.0%
F06.08	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 2 min. setting	Range: 0.0 ~ 100.0%	0.0%

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:011- + A 0 0 0 0 + 9

( Fax:01 - FF99F9FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲

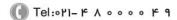


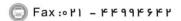
F06.10	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 2 inflexion setting	Range: 0.0 ~ 100.0%	پرسن
F06.11	Curve 2 Max. setting	Range: curve 2 infle setting ~ 100.0%	100.0%
F06.12	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 2 Max. setting	Range: 0.0 ~ 100.0%	100.0%
F06.13	Curve 3 min. setting	Range: 0.0% ~ curve 3 inflexion 1 setting	0.0%
F06.14	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 3 min. setting	Range: 0.0 ~ 100.0%	0.0%
F06.15	Curve 3 inflexion 1 setting	Range: curve 3 min. setting ~ curve 3 inflexion 2 setting	30.0%
F06.16	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 3 inflexion 1 setting	Range: 0.0 ~ 100.0%	30.0%
F06.17	Curve 3 inflexion 2 setting	Range: curve 3 inflexion 1 setting ~ curve 3 Max. setting	60.0%
F06.18	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 3 inflexion 2 setting	Range: 0.0 ~ 100.0%	60.0%
F06.19	Curve 3 Max. setting	Range: curve 3 inflexion 1 setting ~100.0%	100.0%
F06.20	Corresponding physical quantity of curve 3 Max. setting	Range: 0.0 ~ 100.0%	100.0%

Take curve 1 as an example:

Parameter F06.01 ~ F06.06 is used to set analog quantity input voltage and its representative set value relationship. When analog quantity input voltage is greater than the set "Max. input" (F06.05), analog quantity voltage is calculated based on "Max. input"; similarly, When analog input voltage is smaller than the set "min. input "(F06.01), Set based on " curve lower than min. input setting selection" (F06.21), calculated by min. input or 0.0%.

ncocorp.com









1. For function and usage of curve 2, please instruction.

2. Curve 3 function is similar to curve 1 and currand 2 are three-point straight line, while curve 3 is four-point curve, which can realize more flexible corresponding relationship.

- 3. The output positive/negative polarity of curve 1, 2, 3 is decided by the features of input analog signal. Curve will not change output positive/negative polarity.
- 4. As frequency setting, 100.0% setting corresponding physical quantity is upper limit frequency F01.11.

F06.21	Curve lower than min. input corresponding selection	Range: units digit: 0,1 tens digit: 0,1 hundreds digit: 0,1 thousands digit: 0,1	11111
	selection	ten thousands digit: 0,1	11111

Units digit: curve 1 setting

0: Corresponds to min. setting corresponding physical quantity.

1: 0.0% of the corresponding physical quantity.

Tens digit: curve 2 setting

Same as units digit.

Hundreds digit: curve 3 setting

Same as units digit.

Thousands digit: extended curve 1

Same as units digit.

Ten thousands digit: extended curve 2

Same as units digit.

This parameter is used to set, when curve's corresponding analog quantity input voltage is smaller than the min. setting, how to decide corresponding setting analog quantity.

For example, F06.21 units=0, when analog quantity input is lower than F06.01, this curve output F06.02 corresponding physical quantity value. If F06.21 units=1, when analog quantity input is lower than F06.01, this curve output is 0.

Take  $0 \sim 10V$  AI1 for setting frequency as an example: AI1 selects curve 1, setting frequency and AI1 relationship as shown in Fig. 7-11.

corp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9



ر جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۲

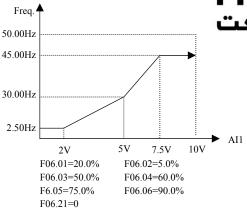


Fig. 7-11 AI1 selects curve 1 frequency setting



## 7.8 Analog quantity, Pulse input function param

F07.00	AI1 input filter time	Range: 0.000~9.9	• •••
F07.01	AI1 setting gain	Range: 0.000~9.999	1.006
F07.02	AI1 setting bias	Range: 0.0~100.0%	0.5%

All input filter time, is used to set All software filter time. When field analog quantity is easily interrupted, increase filter time to make the analog quantity check stable, but when filter time is greater, the response time of analog quantity check is slower. Please set according to the actual situation.

AI1 setting bias is indicated with Max. input (10V or 20mA) percentage, which is used to set up and down translation quantity of AI1 analog input. Take voltage input, bias positive as an example, the adjustment relationship of setting bias and gain adjustment before and after adjustment is as follows:

Analog input AI1 (after revise) = input gain (F07.01)  $\times$  Analog input AI1 (before revise) + setting bias (F07.02)  $\times$ 10V

Taking current input and bias positive as an example, the adjustment relationship between gain adjustment and setting bias is as follows:

Analog input AI1 (after revise) = input gain (F07.01)  $\times$  Analog input AI1 (before revise) +setting bias (F07.02)  $\times$ 20mA

F07.03	AI2 input filter time	Range: 0.000~9.999s	0.050s
F07.04	AI2 setting gain	Range: 0.000~9.999	1.003
F07.05	AI2 setting bias	Range: 0.0~100.0%	0.1%

Parameter  $F07.03 \sim F7.05$  is used to set analog quantity input AI2 filter time, gain and setting bias, For detail using method, please refer to analog quantity input AI1. Take voltage input, bias positive as an example, the adjustment relationship between gain adjustment and setting bias is as follows:

Analog input AI2(after revise) = input gain(F07.04) $\times$  Analog input AI2(before revise) +setting bias (F07.05)  $\times$ 10V

Taking current input and bias positive as an example, the adjustment relationship between gain adjustment and setting bias is as follows:

Analog input AI2(after revise) = input gain(F07.04) $\times$  Analog input AI2(before revise) +setting bias (F07.05)  $\times$ 20mA

	HU / U6	Analog setting bias polarity	Range: units digit: 0,1 tens digit: 0,1	01
-		polarity	tens aigit: 0,1	

Units digit: All setting bias polarity

A. Positive nolarity

corp.com

Теl:۰۲۱– ۴ л о о о о к 9

( Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ر جاده مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲



Tens digit: AI2 setting bias polarity

0: Positive polarity.

### 1: Negative polarity.

Parameter F07.06 is used to set analog quantity AI1 and when AI2 counts the polarity of bias. Take voltage input as an example, when F07.06 units are set as 0: Analog input AI1(after revise) = input  $gain(F07.01) \times Analog$  input AI1(before revise) + Setting  $bias(F07.02) \times 10V$ 

When F7.06 units are set as 1:

Analog input AI1(after revise) = input gain(F07.01)×Analog input AI1(before revise)— Setting bias(F07.02)×10V

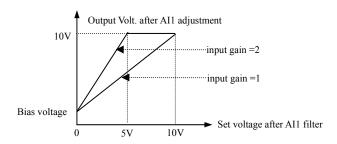


Fig. 7-12 AI1 adjustment

F07.07	Pulse input filter time	Range: 0.000~9.999s	0.000s
F07.08	Pulse input gain	Range: 0.000~9.999	1.000
F07.09	Pulse input Max. frequency	Range: 0.01~50.00KHz	10.00KHz

F07.07, F07.08 parameter defines filter time and gain when frequency channel selection terminal pulse is set. When setting filter time, Please be noted that the longer the filter time is, the slower the change rate of output frequency is. So set filter time properly according to the actual situation. Pulse width gain is for impulse quantity of current input impulse terminal.

F7.09 parameter defines frequency input range when frequency setting channel selection terminal pulse is set. When actual input frequency is greater than the set Max. frequency, deal with it according to Max. frequency. When the external input pulse is less than 2Hz, disposed as 0Hz.

	F07.10	Pulse width input filter time	Range: 0.000~9.999s	0.000s
)	.com	0 -		

ncocorp.com

corp



, (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



F07.12	Pulse width input logic setting	Range: 0,1
F07.13	Pulse width Max. input width	Range: 0.1~9

F07.10, F07.11 parameter defines filter time and gain when request, common selection terminal pulse width is set. When setting filter time, Please be noted that when the Max. pulse width set in F07.13 is smaller, the filter time is not suggested to be set too long, otherwise the response time of output frequency will be very slow. Pulse width gain is for impulse width duty cycle of current impulse width input terminal

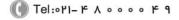
0: Positive logic.

## 1: Negative logic.

F07.12 defines valid level of digital quantity input X8 channel input pulse when frequency channel selection terminal pulse width is set. The applications shall go with double polarity working state of X input terminal.

F07.13 parameter defines the width range of input valid pulse when frequency setting channel selection terminal pulse width is set.

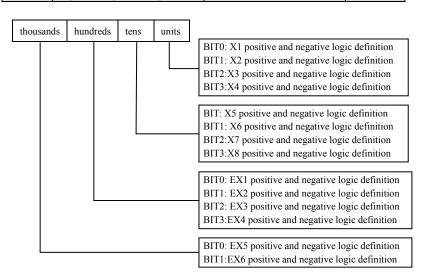
F07.14	Reserved	
F07.15	Reserved	
F07.16	Reserved	
F07.17	Reserved	





# 7.9 On-off input function parameter group: F08

F08.00 Input terminal positive and negative logic setting Range: 0000~FF

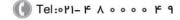


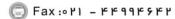
The setting of this parameter is finally converted to binary setting, relationship between binary setting and hexadecimal is as shown in table 7-2.

Table 7-2 Relationship between binary setting and bit displayed value

	Binary setting			Hexadecimal
BI3	BIT2	BIT1	BIT0	(bit displayed value)
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	2
0	0	1	1	3
0	1	0	0	4
0	1	0	1	5
0	1	1	0	6
0	1	1	1	7
1	0	0	0	8
1	0	0	1	9
1	0	1	0	A
1	0	1	1	В
1	1	Λ	^	

corp.com ncocorp.com





ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

1	1	1	0	
1	1	1	1	



Bit refers to units, tens, hundreds or thousands displayed in

F08.00 parameter defines valid logic state of Xi input terminar.

Positive logic: Xi terminal and corresponding common port closed valid, opened invalid:

Negative logic: Xi terminal and corresponding common port closed invalid, opened valid;

When BIT selects 0, it indicates positive logic; 1 indicates negative logic. Proper setting of this parameter can realize correct logic input without changing terminal wiring.

F08.01	Input terminal filter time	Range: 0.000~1.000s	0.010s
	24 1 21		

F08.01 parameter sets filter time of input terminal check. When input terminal state is changed, the terminal state change is valid only when the set filter time is unchanged. Otherwise, it will remain the last state, thus effectively reduce malfunction caused by interruption. The group C monitor state is for the state of the disposed parameter. When demand terminal as the high speed function, low down the value of this parameter is needed in case losing the signal.

F08.02	X1 Input terminal closed time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.03	X1 Input terminal opened time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.04	X2 Input terminal closed time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.05	X2 Input terminal opened time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.06	X3 Input terminal closed time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.07	X3 Input terminal opened time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.08	X4 Input terminal closed time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.09	X4 Input terminal opened time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.10	X5 Input terminal closed time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.11	X5 Input terminal opened time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.12	X6 Input terminal closed time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.13	X6 Input terminal opened time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.14	X7 Input terminal closed time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s
F08.15	X7 Input terminal opened time	Range: 0.00~99.99s	0.00s

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



F08.17 X8 Input terminal opened time Range: 0.00~

F08.02 ~ F08.17 parameter defines the corresponding determinal from closed to opened or opened to closed so as t requirements. This parameter does not affect the monitor value of input terminal state. You can revise the parameter to control the filtering when the interruption is strong.

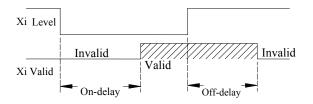


Fig. 7-13 closed and opened delay

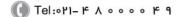
F08.18	Input terminal X1 function selection	Range: 0~96	1
F08.19	Input terminal X2 function selection	Range: 0~96	2
F08.20	Input terminal X3 function selection	Range: 0~96	0
F08.21	Input terminal X4 function selection	Range: 0~96	0
F08.22	Input terminal X5 function selection	Range: 0~96	0
F08.23	Input terminal X6 function selection	Range: 0~96	0
F08.24	Input terminal X7 function selection	Range: 0~96	0
F08.25	Input terminal X8 function selection	Range: 0~96	0

Multi-functional input terminal  $X1 \sim X8$  provides users with up to 95 selections, which can be selected based on actual applications. For details, please refer to parameter function Table 7-3.

Table 7-3 Multi-functional input selection function table

Content	Function	Content	Function
0	Leave control terminal unused	49	Command switchover to panel
1	Forward running FWD terminal	50	Command switchover to terminal
2	Reverse running REV terminal	51	Command switchover to communication
3	External forward jogging control	52	Running command Channel selection terminal 1
4	External reverse jogging control	53	Running command Channel selection terminal 2

corp.com ncocorp.com



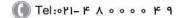
Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴9۴۲

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



			Reverse pro (Stop acco		
	N 16 4 1 4 1 1 1 2		Reverse pro		
6	Multi-step speed control terminal 2	55	(Stop acco invalid for j		
			ilivalid for j		
7	Multi-step speed control terminal 3	56	Swinging frequency input		
8	Multi-step speed control terminal 4	57	Resetting state of swinging frequency		
9	Acceleration/deceleration time selection terminal 1	58	Interior counter reset end		
10	Acceleration/deceleration time selection terminal 2	59	Interior counter input end		
11	Acceleration/deceleration time selection terminal 3	60	Internal timer resetting		
12	Acceleration/deceleration time selection terminal 4	61	Internal timer triggering		
13	Main and auxiliary frequency operational rule selection terminal 1	62	Length count input		
14	Main and auxiliary frequency operational rule selection terminal 2	63	Length reset		
15	Main and auxiliary frequency operational rule selection terminal 3	64	Reset this operation time		
16	Frequency ascending command (UP)	65	Speed/torque control switching		
17	Frequency descending command (DOWN)	66	Point positioning enabled terminal(F00.24=2 valid).		
18	Frequency ascending/descending frequency resetting	67	Zero-speed servo enabled terminal(F00.24=2 valid).		
19	Multi-step closed loop terminal 1	68	Motor position reset terminal(F00.24=2 valid).		
20	Multi-step closed loop terminal 2	69	Recovery point positioning terminal (F00.24=2 valid).		
21	Multi-step closed loop terminal 3	70	Reserved		
22	External equipment failure input	71	Reserved		
23	External interruption input	72	Reserved		
24	External resetting input	73	Reserved		
25	Free stop input	74	Reserved		
26	External stop instruction—Stop according to the stop mode	75	Reserved		
27	stop DC braking input command DB	76	Reserved		
28	inverter running prohibited—Stop according to the stop mode	77	Reserved		
29	Acceleration/deceleration prohibited command	78	Reserved		
30	Three-wire running control	79	Reserved		
31	Process PID invalid	80	Reserved		
32	Process PID stop	81	Reserved		
33	Process PID integral holding	82	Reserved		
34	Process PID integral resetting	83	Reserved		
	D DID C +: +:		1		

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴9۴۴

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



	negation)		•• -• -
36	Simple PLC invalid	85	Reserved Caracian Reserved
37	Simple PLC halted	86	Reserved
38	Simple PLC stop state resetting	87	Reserved
39	Main frequency switchover to digit (keypad)	88	Reserved
40	Main frequency switchover to AI1	89	Reserved
41	Main frequency switchover to AI2	90	Reserved
42	Main frequency switchover to EAI1	91	Pulse frequency input (X8 VALID)
43	Main frequency switchover to EAI2	92	Pulse width PWM INPUT (X8 VALID)
44	Main frequency setting channel selection terminal 1	93	Reserved
45	Main frequency setting channel selection terminal 2	94	Reserved
46	Main frequency setting channel selection terminal 3	95	Reserved
47	Main frequency setting channel selection terminal 4	96	Reserved
48	Auxiliary frequency reset	-	-

Function introduction in Table 7-3 is as shown below:

- 1, 2: External command terminal. When running command channel is terminal running command, control inverter's forward and reverse by external terminal.
- 3, 4: External jogging command terminal. Set as any running command channel setting running command, control inverter's jogging forward and jogging reverse by external terminal.
- $5 \sim 8$ : Multi-step running terminal. By setting these functions' terminal ON/OFF combination, up to 15 multi-step running frequencies can be set. The increase and decrease time of each step corresponds to the each step time. The corresponding motor running direction of each phase in multi-speed is determined by the ten's place of F10.01~F10.15.

Table 7-4 Multi-step running selection table

			- 0	
$K_4$	K <sub>3</sub>	K <sub>2</sub>	$K_1$	Frequency setting
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Other running frequencies
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	Multi-step frequency 1
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	Multi-step frequency 2
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Multi-step frequency 3
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Multi-step frequency 4
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	Multi-step frequency 5
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	Multi-step frequency 6
OFF	ON	ON	ON	Multi-step frequency 7

corp.com ncocorp.com

FAMCO	<b>b</b>
پيرسنعت	ھا

ON	OFF	ON	UFF	IVIUI
ON	OFF	ON	ON	يىرمىيعت <sub>Mul</sub>
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	Mul
ON	ON	OFF	ON	Mul
ON	ON	ON	OFF	Multi-step frequency 14
ON	ON	ON	ON	Multi-step frequency 15
ON	ON	ON	ON	Multi-step frequency 15

OFF

ON

When using multi-step speed to run and simple PLC to run, use multi-step speed frequency (F10.31 ~ F10.45) above, take multi-step speed running as an example: Define control terminal X1, X2, X3, X4:

When F08.18=5, F08.19=6, F08.20=7, F08.21= 8, X1, X2, X3, X4 are used to define multi-step speed running, as shown in Fig. 7-14.

In fig7-14. Take the example of terminal running command channel, the ten's place of F10.01~F10.15 are both 2, and X5 is set as forward running terminal, X6 is reverse running terminal, for the running control of forward direction and reverse direction.

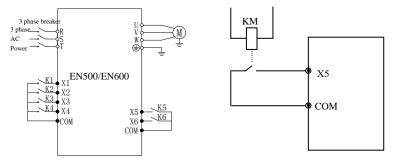


Fig. 7-14 Multi-step speed running wiring Fig. 7-15 Peripheral equipment fault Normally Open

9 ~ 12: Acceleration/deceleration time terminal selection. By ON/OFF of acceleration/deceleration time terminal, acceleration/deceleration time  $1 \sim 15$  can be selected. For details, see Table 7-5:

Table 7-5 Acceleration/deceleration time terminal selection

Acceleration/	Acceleration/	Acceleration/	Acceleration/	
deceleration	deceleration	deceleration	deceleration	Acceleration/deceleration time
time selection	time selection	time selection	time selection	selection
terminal 4	terminal 3	terminal 2	terminal 1	
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	Acceleration/deceleration time 1
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	Acceleration/deceleration time 2
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Acceleration/deceleration time 3
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Acceleration/deceleration time 4

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

🗇 Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۲



a	Accelera	ON	ON	ON	OFF
ــرصنعت	Accelera	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
ra •••	Accelera	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
- ra	Accelera	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
ration/deceleration time 11	Accelerat	ON	ON	OFF	ON
ration/deceleration time 12	Accelerat	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
ration/deceleration time 13	Accelerat	ON	OFF	ON	ON
ration/deceleration time 14	Accelerat	OFF	ON	ON	ON
ration/deceleration time 15	Accelerat	ON	ON	ON	ON

13 ~ 15: Main and auxiliary frequency operational rule selection terminal. By ON/OFF of frequency setting channel selection terminal 13, 14, and 15, 7 kinds of main and auxiliary frequency operational rules defined in F01.06 parameter can be realized. Switchover between main and auxiliary operational rule terminal is prior to function code F01.06 setting. For details, please see table 7-6

Table 7-6 Selection table of terminal main and auxiliary frequency operational rule

Main and auxiliary operational rule selection terminal 3	Main and auxiliary operational rule selection terminal 2	Main and auxiliary operational rule selection terminal 1	Main and auxiliary operational rule selection
OFF	OFF	OFF	Decided by F01.06
OFF	OFF	ON	Synthesized frequency is sub-frequency
OFF	ON	OFF	Operation rule: addition
OFF	ON	ON	Operation rule: subtraction
ON	OFF	OFF	Operation rule: multiplication
ON	OFF	ON	Synthesized frequency is Max. value
ON	ON	OFF	Synthesized frequency is min. value
ON	ON	ON	Synthesized frequency is nonzero value

16, 17: Frequency ascending command UP/descending command DOWN. Realize frequency ascending or descending by control terminal, substitute operation keypad for remote control. Normal running F01.00 or F01.03 set as 3 is valid. Ascending/descending rate is set in F18.06 and F18.07.

# 18: Frequency ascending/descending frequency resetting.

When frequency setting is set as terminal UP/DOWM, this terminal can eliminate the set frequency value by terminal UP/DOWN.

19 ~ 21: Multi-step closed loop setting terminal. By ON/OFF of multi-step closed loop setting terminal, Table 7-7 Multi-step closed loop setting selection can be realized.

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- ۴ ۸ 0 0 0 0 F 9



Tab	le	7-7	Mu	lti-ster	closed	loop	setting selec

Multi-step closed			
loop setting	loop setting	setting	•
selection terminal 3	selection terminal 2	selection terminal 1	
OFF	OFF	OFF	Closed loop setting decided by F11.01
OFF	OFF	ON	Multi-step closed loop setting 1
OFF	ON	OFF	Multi-step closed loop setting 2
OFF	ON	ON	Multi-step closed loop setting 3
ON	OFF	OFF	Multi-step closed loop setting 4
ON	OFF	ON	Multi-step closed loop setting 5
ON	ON	OFF	Multi-step closed loop setting 6
ON	ON	ON	Multi-step closed loop setting 7

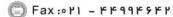
- 22: External equipment failure jump-in. with this terminal, peripheral equipment fault signal can be input, which is convenient for inverter to perform fault monitoring for peripheral equipment, as shown in Fig. 7-15.
- **23:** External interruption input. When the inverter is running, after receiving external interruption signal, it blocks output, and runs with zero frequency. Once external interruption signal is released, and inverter running command is still valid, inverter auto revolving speed tracking starts, the inverter restarts.
- **24: External resetting input.** When fault alarm occurs to the inverter, you can reset fault by this terminal. Its function and operation keypad (RESET) key function are in accordance.
- **25:** Free stop input. The purpose of this function and free stop set in F02.11 is the same, but here it uses control terminal to realize, which is convenient for remote control.
- **26:** External stop instruction. This command is effective for all running command channel, when this function terminal is effective, the inverter stops running according to mode set by F2.11.
- 27: Stop DC braking input command DB. Implement DC braking to the motor during stop by control terminal so as to realize emergency stop and accurate position of the motor. During deceleration stop, if this function terminal closed, when frequency is lower than the brake starting frequency F02.14, it will brake according to brake current defined in F02.16. It will not stop until terminal is opened.

28: Inverter running prohibited. The running inverter stops freely when

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)



، پلاک ۱۲



applied to occasion needing safe linkage.

**29:** Acceleration/deceleration prohibited command. valid, keep the motor away from any external signal (e: maintain current revolving speed running.



This function is invalid in normal deceleration stop process.

- **30: Three-wire running control.** Refer to F08.26 operating mode (Three-wire operating mode) function introduction.
- **31: Process PID invalid.** Realize flexible switchover in low-level running mode under closed-loop running status.

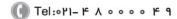


- 1. Switchover between closed-loop and low level running mode can be available only when the inverter runs in closed-loop mode (F11.00=1 or F12.00=1).
- 2. When switching to low-level running mode, start-stop control, direction and acceleration/deceleration time comply with relevant setting of running mode.
- **32: Process PID stop.** Invalid when PID stops, when inverter maintains current output frequency, PID regulation of frequency source is no more performed.
- **33: Process PID integral holding.** PID integral impact maintains, and will not regulate according to the output quantity.
- **34: Process PID integral resetting.** When the terminal is valid, PID integral regulation function halts, but PID proportional control and differential control function are still valid.
- **35: Process PID function negation.** When the terminal is valid, direction of PID effect and setting direction of F11.13 is opposite.
- **36: simple PLC invalid.** Realize flexible switchover in low-level running mode under PLC running status.



- 1. Switchover between PLC and low level running mode can be available only when the inverter runs in PLC mode (F10.00 unit's digit is not 0).
- 2. When switching to low-level running mode, start-stop control, direction and acceleration/deceleration time comply with relevant setting of running mode.

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ر جاده مخصوص کرج)



**37: Simple PLC halted.** It is to control the stop of reterminal is valid, the inverter runs at zero frequency, PLC after invalid implementation, auto revolving speed tracking running PLC.

- **38: Simple PLC stop state resetting.** Under stop status of PLC running mode, will clear PLC run step, runtime, run frequency etc. recorded when PLC running stops if this terminal is effective, please see F10 group function description.
- **39:** Main frequency switchover to digital setting (keypad). The main frequency provision channel is switched to keypad digital provision when this terminal is valid (setting frequency by keypad up and down key).
- **40: Main frequency switchover to AII.** The main frequency provision channel is switched to analog quantity AI1 provision when this terminal is valid
- 41: Main frequency switchover to AI2. The main frequency provision channel is switched to analog quantity AI2 provision when this terminal is valid
- **42: Main frequency switchover to EAI1.** When extended analog quantity is valid, the main frequency provision channel is switched to extended analog quantity EAI1 provision when this terminal is valid,
- **43: Main frequency switchover to EA12.** When extended analog quantity is valid, , the main frequency provision channel switchover to extended analog quantity EAI2 provision when this terminal is valid.
- 44 ~ 47: Main frequency setting channel selection terminal. By ON/OFF of selection terminal  $1 \sim 4$ , Free selection of main frequency setting channel can be realized by terminal. The priority of main frequency setting channel selection terminal (terminal function  $44 \sim 47$ ) is higher than the main frequency switchover to (terminal function 41 + 42 + 43). For details, see table 7-8

to (terminal function 41, 42, 43). For details, see table 7-8.

Table 7-8 Main frequency setting channel selection terminal

Channel Channel Channel Selection Selection Selection terminal 4 terminal 3 terminal 2 terminal 1

Channel selection terminal 4	Channel selection terminal 3	Channel selection terminal 2	Channel selection terminal 1	Main frequency setting channel selection terminal
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	Operation keypad digital setting
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	AI1 analog setting
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	AI2 analog setting
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Terminal UP/DOWN setting
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	Communication setting
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	EAI1 analog setting (extended)
OFF	ON	ON	ON	EAI2 analog setting (extended)
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	rapid pulse setting (X8)
ONT	OPP	OFF	ONT	n. 1

( Tel: 0 ۲ 1 – ۴ 人 0 0 0 0 F



Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)

ncocorp.com

corp.com

، یناک ۱۲



_					
					X2)
I	ON	OFF	ON	ON	Keypa setting
	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	Reserv
Ι	ON	ON	OFF	ON	Reserved
ſ	ON	ON	ON	OFF	Reserved

- 48: Auxiliary frequency reset. Only valid for digit auxiliary frequency, when this function terminal is valid, reset auxiliary frequency setting quantity, setting frequency is completely decided by main frequency setting channel.
- 49: Command switchover to panel. When current command source is reset by terminal or communication, switchover between current command source and keypad command setting can be realized by this terminal.
- 50: Command switchover to terminal. When current command source is reset by keypad or communication, switchover between current command source and terminal command setting can be realized by this terminal.
- 51: Command switchover to communication. When current command source is reset by keypad or terminal, switchover between current command source and communication command setting can be realized by this terminal.
- 52, 53: Running command Channel selection terminal. For details, please refer to Table 7-9.

Table 7-9 Running command channel logic mode

	9	
Running command channel selection terminal 2	Running command channel selection terminal 1	Running command channel
OFF	OFF	Invalid
OFF	ON	Operation keypad running command channel
ON	OFF	Terminal running command channel
ON	ON	Communication running command channel

- 54: Forward prohibited command. Enable this terminal during the forward running process, and the inverter stops according to the stop mode. First enable this terminal, and then forward running enters zero frequency running status. Jogging running is not affected by this.
- 55: Reverse prohibited command. Function and "Forward prohibited command" are opposite.
- 56: Swinging frequency input. When the starting mode of swinging frequency is manual input, this terminal is valid, and swinging frequency function is valid. See F13 group function parameter instruction. When swinging frequency is set as manual input, this terminal is invalid, run with preset frequency of

corp.com

Tel:071- 4 A 0 0 0 0 4 9



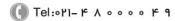


**57: Resetting state of swinging frequency.** Whe frequency function, no matter auto or manual input mode will clear state information of swinging frequency memory.

When opening this terminal, swinging frequency restarts. For details, please see F13 group function.

- **58: Interior counter reset end.** Reset inverter built-in counter, and go with counter triggering signal input. For details, please see parameter F08.27, F08.28.
- **59: Interior counter input end.** Interior counter's counting pulse input port, pulse max. frequency: 50.0KHz.
- **60: Interior timer reset end.** Reset inverter built-in timer, goes with timer triggering-end signal input.
  - **61: Interior timer triggering end.** See parameter F08.29 function.
  - **62: Length count input.** Length counting input terminal, see fixed length function of F13 group parameter.
- **63: Length reset.** When the terminal is valid, reset internal length value, see F13 fixed length function of parameter group.
- **64: Reset this operation time.** When the terminal is valid, the running counting time of this inverter is reset, see timing running defined in F18 group.
- **65: speed/torque control switching.** The function of this terminal is only effective under the mode of Speed Mode, this terminal can realize the dynamic switching between torque Mode and Speed Mode.
- **66:** Point positioning enabled terminal(F00.24=2 valid). See the parameter description at group 16.
- **67: Zero-speed servo enabled terminal(F00.24=2 valid).** See the parameter description at group 16.
- **68: Motor position reset terminal(F00.24=2 valid).** See the parameter description at group 16.
- **69:** Recovery point positioning terminal(F00.24=2 valid). See the parameter description at group 16.
  - 70~90: Reserved
- **91:** Pulse frequency input (X8 valid). Only valid for multi-functional input terminal X8, this function terminal accepts pulse signal as frequency setting, relationship between the input signal pulse frequency and setting frequency is as shown in F06 and F07 group parameter.
- **92:** Pulse width PWM input (X8 valid). Only valid for multi-functional input terminal X8, this function terminal accepts PWM signal, check pulse width as frequency setting, relationship between input PWM Pulse width and setting

corp.com



(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲



93~96:Reserved

F08.26 FWD/REV operating mode selection Ra	nge:
--	------

This parameter defines five different modes by contro inverter running.

#### 0: Two-wire control mode 1

K2	K1	Operating command
0	0	Stop
1	0	REV
0	1	FWD
1	1	Stop

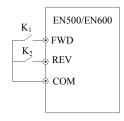


Fig. 7-16 Two-wire operating mode 1

#### 1: Two-wire control mode 2

K2	K1	Operating command
0	0	Stop
1	0	Stop
0	1	FWD
1	1	REV

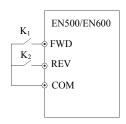
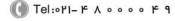


Fig. 7-17 Two-wire operating mode 2

## 2: Two-wire control mode 3 (monopulse control mode)

Monopulse control is triggered-type control. After triggering SB1 once, it forwards runs. Retriggering SB1 once, it stops. Triggering SB1 once, it reversely runs. Retriggering SB2 once, it stops. If it is forward running, the inverter stops when triggering SB2 once. Retriggering SB1 once, it stops. If it is reverse running, the inverter stops when triggering SB1 once.

corp.com ncocorp.com





ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



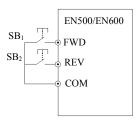


Fig. 7-18 Two-wire control mode 3

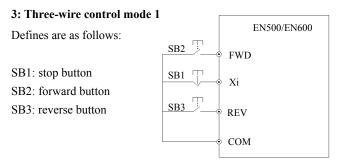
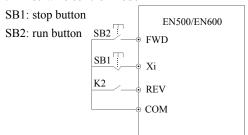


Fig. 7-19 Three-wire operating mode 1

Xi is  $X_1 \sim X_8$ 's Multi-functional Input terminal, at this moment, define its corresponding terminal function as "Three-wire running control" function of No.30.

#### 4: Three-wire control mode 2

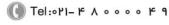


K2	Running direction selection
0	Forward
1	Reverse

Fig. 7-20 Three-wire operating mode 2

Xi is  $X_1 \sim X_8$ 's Multi-functional input terminal, At this moment, define its corresponding terminal function as "Three-wire running control" function of No. 30.

corp.com



Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲



F08.28 | Specify internal count to setting | Range: 0~6

F08.27 and F08.28 are to additionally define functions of 30 When Xi (Counting trigger signal input function terminal

F08.27 defined value, Y1 (Y1 is set as internal count value final value to) outputs one indicating signal, as shown in Fig. 7-21, When Xi inputs the eighth pulse, Y1outputs one indicating signal. At this moment, F8.27=8.

When Xi (Counting trigger signal input function terminal) output pulse reaches F08.28 defined value, Y2 (Y2 is set as internal counter specified value to) outputs one indicating signal, until set count value arrives.

As shown in Fig. 7-21, when Xi inputs the fifth pulse, Y2 starts outputting one indicating signal. Until set count value 8 arrives, F08.28=5. When specified count value is greater than set count value, specified count value Invalid.

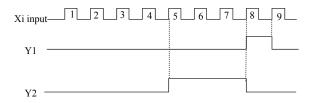


Fig. 7-21 set count value setting and specified count value setting

I	F08.29	Internal timer timing setting	Range: 0.1~6000.0s	60.0s
ı				

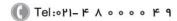
This parameter sets timing time of inverter internal timer, timer is triggered by external triggering terminal (Xi terminal function no. is 61), the timer starts timing upon receiving external triggering signal. After reaching timing time, Yi terminal outputs a breadth of 0.5s valid pulse signal. When internal timer clearing terminal is valid (Xi terminal function is set as 60), internal timer is reset.

This parameter defines main frequency regulation speed during terminal pulse encoder setting frequency (F01.00=9). Main frequency terminal encoder pulse input can only choose channel X1 and X2 combination; auxiliary frequency terminal encoder pulse input can only choose channel X3 and X4 combination, and the rate of the auxiliary frequency encoder frequency is the fixed rate.



When 9 is selected in F01.00 and F01.03, X1~X4 can only be used as encoder frequency setting. Other terminal functions defined by F08.18~F08.21 are invalid.

corp.com ncocorp.com





ر (جاده مخصوص کرج)



# 7.10 Switch output function parameter group: F

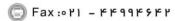
F09.00	Open-collector output terminal Y1 output setting	Range: 0	
F09.01	Open-collector output terminal Y2 output setting	Range: 0~60	0
F09.02	Open-collector output terminal Y3 output setting	Range: 0~60	0
F09.03	Open-collector output terminal Y4 output setting	Range: 0~60	0
F09.04	Programmable relay output setting	Range: 0~60	22

Functions of the above parameters are used to select Y1 ~ Y4 and relay output terminals. Table 7-10 shows the functions of the above 4 terminals. One function can be selected repeatedly.

Open-collector (Yi) and high-speed pulse (DO) output share terminal Y4. Y4 terminal as the high-speed pulse function to be modified F00.22 thousands place to 1.

Table 7-10 Output terminals function selection diagram

Setting	Function	Setting	Function	
0	No output	31	Set count value reached	
1	Frequency inverter running(RUN)	32	Designated count value reached	
2	Frequency inverter Forward running	33	Shutdown time arrival of the running	
3	Frequency inverter Reverse running	34	Time arrival of the running	
4	Frequency inverter DC brake	35	Setup running time arrived	
5	Frequency inverter Ready for operation(RDY)	36	Setup power-on time arrived	
6	Shutdown command indicator	37	1st pump variable frequency	
7	Zero current state	38	1st pump frequency	
8	Over current state	39	2nd pump variable frequency	
9	Current 1 arrived	40	2nd pump frequency	
10	Current 2 arrived	41	Communication given	
11	Frequency inverter Zero-frequency output	42	Torque control speed limiting	
12	Frequency arriving signal (FAR)	43	Torque arriving output	
13	Frequency level detection signal 1 FDT1	44	Positioning completion	
14	Frequency level detection signal 2(FDT2)	45	Reserved	
15	Output frequency arriving upper limit(FHL)	46	Reserved	
16	Output frequency arriving lower limit(FLL)	47	Reserved	
17	Frequency 1 arrived	48	Reserved	
18	Frequency 2 arrived	49	Reserved	
	Eraguanay invertor avarland are alarm			



ncocorp.com

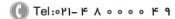


20	Frequency inverter Low voltage lock-up signal(LU)	51	Reserved	بامنعا
21	External stopping command(EXT)	52	Reserved	
22	Frequency inverter fault	53	Reserved	
23	Frequency inverter warning	54	Reserved	
24	Simple PLC operation running	55	Reserved	
25	Completion of simple PLC operation	56	Reserved	
26	Simple PLC cycle-running completed	57	Reserved	
27	Simple PLC suspended	58	Reserved	
28	Upper and lower limit of Wobble	59	Reserved	
29	Setup length arrived	60	Reserved	
30	Internal counter final value arrived	-	-	

The instructions of the function output terminals listed in table 7-10 are as below:

- 0: The terminal function is idle.
- 1:Frequency inverter is running(RUN). The Drive is in the running state, output the indicator signal.
- 2. Frequency inverter is forward running. The Drive is in the forward running state, output the indicator signal.
- 3. Frequency inverter is reversed running. The Drive is in reversed running state, output the indicator signal.
- **4.Frequency inverter is DC braking.** The Drive is in DC braking state, output the indicator signal.
- 5. Frequency inverter is ready to run. This signal being valid means that the Drive bus voltage is normal, the Drive is running and forbidding the terminal is invalid, it can accept a start command.
- 6. Shutdown command indicator. When the shutdown command is valid, output the indictor signal.
- 7. Zero current is arrived. When detected the output meet the zero current state, output the indicator signal. Please refer to the instruction of F09.12and F09.13parameters for details.
- **8. Over current is arrived.** When the output current meet the over current detection conditions, output the indicator signal. Please refer to the instruction of F09.14 and F09.15 parameters for details.
- 9. Current 1 arrived. When the output current reaches the detection conditions to meet the current 1, output the indicator signal. Please refer to the instruction of F09.16and F09.17 parameters for details.
- 10. Current 2 arrived. When the output current reaches the detection conditions to meet the current 2, output the indicator signal. Please refer to the instruction of F09.18 and F09.19 parameters for details.

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

FAMCO هاييرسنعت

instruction of F09.10and F09.11.

- 12. Frequency arriving signal(FAR). Please refer to t of F09.05
- **13. Frequency level detection signal 1(FTD1).** Please refer to the function instruction of F09.06, F09.07.
- **14. Frequency level detection signal 2(FTD2).** Please refer to the function instruction of F09.08. F09.09.
- **15. Output frequency reaches upper limit (FHL).** When the running frequency reaches upper limit, the output is indicator signal.
- **16. Output frequency reaches lower limit (FHL).** When the running frequency reaches lower limit, the output is indicator signal.
- **17. Frequency 1 arriving output.** Please refer to the function instruction of F09.20, F09.21.
- **18. Frequency 2 arriving output.** Please refer to the function instruction of F09.22, F09.23.
- **19.** Frequency inverter overload pre-alarm signal. Frequency inverter output current exceeds F19.06 overload pre-alarm detection levels, and time is greater than F19.07 overload pre-alarm delay time, output the indicator signal.
- **20.** Frequency inverter Low voltage lock-up signal (LU). When the frequency inverter is running, the DC bus voltage below the limit level, output indication signal.
- **21. External fault shutdown (EXT).**When the frequency inverter appears external fault trip alarm (E-18), output indication signal.
- **22. Frequency inverter fault.** When the frequency inverter detects fault, the output is indication signal.
- **23. Frequency inverter warning.** When the frequency inverter detects alarm, the output is indication signal.
- **24. Simple PLC during operating.** The simple PLC is enabled, and enter into operation state, output indication signal
- **25. Simple PLC stage operation completed.** When the simple PLC stage operation is completed, output indication signal (single pulse signal, the width is 500ms).
- **26. Simple PLC ends after running a cycle.** After the completion of a cycle of simple PLC, output indication signal (single pulse signal, the width is 500ms)
- **27. Simple PLC pause.** When the simple PLC is running into the pause state, output is indication signal.
  - 28. Wobble upper and lower limit. If the frequency fluctuation range

corp.com

( Tel:011- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲



limit F01.12 after selecting the wobble function, it will outp shown in Figure 7-22.

هايپرصنعت

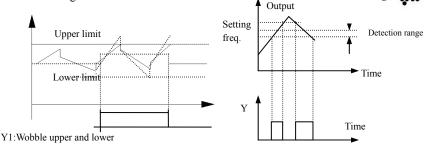


Fig.7-22 Wobble amplitude limit

Fig.7-23 Freq. arrival signal output diagram

- **29. Setup length arrived.** When detected the actual length exceeds a set value F13.08, output indication signal.
- **30.** Internal counter final value arrived. Please refer to the function instruction of F08.27.
- **31. Internal counter specified value arrived.** Please refer to the function instruction of F08.28.
- **32.** Internal counter timing meter arrival. Please refer to the function instruction of F08.29.
- **33. Shutdown time arrival of the running.** Frequency inverter runs longer than the setting time of F18.12, output indication signal.
- **34. Time arrival of the running.** Frequency inverter runs longer than the setting time of F18.13, output indication signal.
- **35. Setup time arrived.** Accumulated running time of the frequency inverter reaches the set accumulated running time (F18.10), output indication signal.
- **36. Setup power-on time arrived.** Accumulated power on time of the frequency inverter reaches the set accumulated running time (F18.09), the output indication signal.
  - 37: 1st pump variable frequency.
  - 38: 1st pump frequency.
  - 39: 2<sup>nd</sup> pump variable frequency.
  - 40: 2<sup>nd</sup> pump frequency

When using Y1  $\sim$  Y4 achieve two pumps constant pressure water supply, Y1  $\sim$  Y4 functions are arranged in order of 37 to 40. Under constant pressure water supply mode, the four parameters must all set to this value, the terminal functions can be achieved

41: Communication given. In this moment the output of Yi is controlled by

corp.com mcocorp.com

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)





**42: torque control speed limiting.** Under the mode of the actual output frequency is greater than or equal to frequency, this output terminal is effective. The value of sp by parameter F14.16 to F14.19.

**43: Torque arriving output.** Under the torque control, when the motor torque reaches to the torque command which is after the acceleration and deceleration, and continue for the time defined by F09.48, then output active level

**44: Positioning completion.** Under the positioning control, when motor position reaches to the designated spot, then output active level.

## 45~60:Reserved

F09.05 Detection amplitude of frequency arrival(FAR)	Range: 0.00~50.00Hz	5.00Hz
--	---------------------	--------

This parameter is added in the definition of Table 7-10 on the 12th functions. As shown in Figure 7-23, when the inverter output frequency in the setting frequency of positive and negative detection width output indication signal

F09.06	FDT1(frequency level)level	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	10.00Hz
F09.07	FDT1 lag	Range: 0.00~50.00Hz	1.00Hz
F09.08	FDT2(frequency level)level	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	10.00Hz
F09.09	FDT2 lag	Range: 0.00~50.00Hz	1.00Hz

F09.06, F09.07 is in the

definition of Table 7-10 on the 13<sup>th</sup>
Functions, F09.08, F09.08 is in the definition of Table 7-10 on the 14<sup>th</sup> functions, take an example of 13<sup>th</sup> functions: When the output frequency exceeds a certain setting frequency (FDT1 level), output indicator Signal, until the output frequency drops below the certain frequency FDT1 frequency level (FDT1 level -FDT1 lag). As shown in Figure 7-24

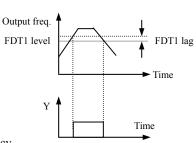


Fig.7-24 Freq. level detection diagram

118010 /			
F09.10	Zero-frequency signal detection value	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.00Hz
F09.11	Zero-frequency backlash	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.00Hz

corp.com mcocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F

( Fax:07) - FF99F9FP

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲



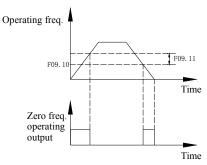


Fig.7-25 Zero-frequency signal detection

Parameter F09.10, F09.11 defines the zero frequency output control function. When the output frequency is within the zero-frequency signal detection range, if Yi output function selects 11, then the output of Yi is indication signal.

11 output	runction selects 11, then the ou	tput of 11 is marcution signar.	
F09.12	Zero current detection amplitude	Range: 0.0~50.0%	0.0%
F09.13	Zero current detection time	Range: 0.00~60.00s	0.1s

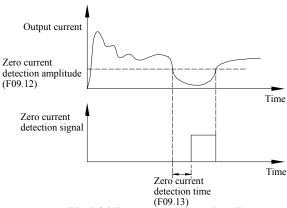


Fig.7-26 Zero current detection diagram

When the output current of the inverter is less than or equal to zero current detection level, and lasts longer than the zero current detection time, then the output of frequency inverter multifunction Yi is indication signal. Figure 7-26 is the schematic of zero current detection.

F09.14	Over-current detection value	Range: 0.0~250.0%	160.0%
F09.15	Over-current detection time	Range: 0.00~60.00s	0.00s

corp.com

( Tel:011- + 1 0000 + 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

(جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲



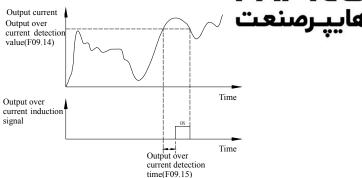


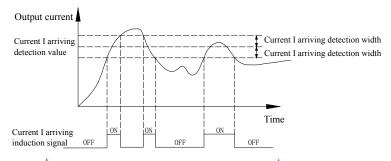
Fig.7-27 Output over-current detection diagram

When the output current of the inverter is greater than the over-current detection points, and lasted longer than the over-current detection time, frequency inverter multifunction Yi output indication signal, Figure 7-27 is the schematic of output over-current detection.

F09.16	Current 1 arriving the detection value	Range: 0.0~250.0%	100.0%
F09.17	Current 1 width	Range: 0.0~100.0%	0.0%
F09.18	Current 2 arriving the detection value	Range: 0.0~250.0%	100.0%
F09.19	Current 2 width	Range: 0.0~100.0%	0.0%

When the output current of frequency inverter is within the positive and negative detection width of setting current arrival, then the output of frequency inverter multifunction Yi is indication signal.

EN500/EN600 provides two current arrival and detection width parameters, table 7-28 is the function schematic diagram.



corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:0۲1-ドハ ○ ○ ○ ○ ド 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

ں، پلاک ۱۲



F09.20	Frequency 1 arriving	Range:0.00Hz~u	• _
F 09.20	detection value	limit frequency	ييرصن
F09.21	Frequency 1 arriving	Range:0.00Hz~u	
FU9.21	detection width	limit frequency	
F09.22	Frequency 2 arriving	Range:0.00Hz~upper	50.00Hz
FU9.22	detection value	limit frequency	30.00112
F09.23	Frequency 2 arriving	Range:0.00Hz~upper	0.00Hz
FU9.23	detection width	limit frequency	U.UUIIZ

When the output frequency of frequency inverter reaches detecting value of the positive and negative detecting width range, then the output of multifunctional Yi is indication signal.

EN500/EN600 provides two sets of frequency arrival detecting parameters, which have set frequency value and frequency detecting width respectively. is the diagram of this function.

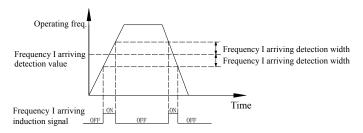
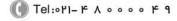


Fig.7-29 Frequency arriving detection diagram

F09.24	Positive and negative logic setting of output terminal	Range: 0000~FFFF	0000
--------	--	------------------	------

This parameter defines the output logic of the standard output terminal Yi, relay RLY and expand output terminal EYi, relays ERIY1, ERLY2.

- 0: positive logic, output terminal and the common terminal close to the valid state, disconnect invalid state
- 1: reverse logic, output terminal and the common terminal close to the invalid state, disconnect valid state





thousands	hundreds	The tens	the units	BIT0:Y1 positive an
				BIT1:Y2 positive an BIT2:Y3 positive and negative logic definition BIT3:Y4 positive and negative logic definition
			BIT1: BIT2:6	fault relay 1 positive and negative logic definition expand OC1 positive and negative logic definition expand OC2 positive and negative logic definition expand OC3 positive and negative logic definition
		I	BIT1: expan	nd OC4 positive and negative logic definition d fault relay1 positive and negative logic definition d fault relay2 positive and negative logic definition ed
			BIT	T0~BIT3: reserved

F09.25	Y1 output closed delay time	Range: 0.000~50.000s	0.000s
F09.26	Y1 output disconnected delay time	Range: 0.000~50.000s	0.000s
F09.27	Y2 output closed delay time	Range: 0.000~50.000s	0.000s
F09.28	Y2 output disconnected delay time	Range: 0.000~50.000s	0.000s
F09.29	Y3 output closed delay time	Range: 0.000~50.000s	0.000s
F09.30	Y3 output disconnected delay time	Range: 0.000~50.000s	0.000s
F09.31	Y4 output closed delay time	Range: 0.000~50.000s	0.000s
F09.32	Y4 output disconnected delay time	Range: 0.000~50.000s	0.000s
F09.33	Relay output closed delay time	Range: 0.000~50.000s	0.000s
F09.34	Relay output disconnected delay time	Range: 0.000~50.000s	0.000s

Parameter F09.25  $\sim$  F09.34 defines the corresponding delay time from connect or disconnect to frequency level of the multifunction output terminals. Table 7-30 is the schematic of multi-function output terminal operation.

corp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 0

(a) Fax:071 - FF99F5FP

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲





Fig.7-30 Multifunction output terminal action diagram

F09.35	Analog output (AO1) selecting	Range: 0~25	0
F09.36	Analog output (AO2) selecting	Range: 0~25	0
F09.37	DO function selecting(reuse with Y4)	Range: 0~25	0

0:output frequency before slip compensation(0.00Hz~ upper limit frequency)

1:output frequency after slip compensation  $(0.00 Hz \sim upper limit frequency)$ 

2: setup frequency(0.00Hz~ upper limit frequency)

3:master setup frequency(0.00Hz~ upper limit frequency)

4:auxiliary setup frequency(0.00Hz~ upper limit frequency)

5:current output 1(0~2×rated current of frequency inverter)

6:current output 1(0~3×rated current of frequency inverter)

7:output voltage(0~1.2×rated voltage of load motor)

8: bus voltage (0~1.5×Rated bus voltage)

9:motor speed( $0\sim3 \times rated speed$ )

10:PID given(0.00~10.00V)

11:PID feedback(0.00~10.00V)

12:AI1(0.00~10.00V or 4~20mA)

13:AI2(-10.00~10.00V or 4~20mA)

14: communication given(AO output is controlled by communication, please refer to the related communication protocol for details.)

15:motor rotate speed (0.00Hz~upper limit frequency)

16:current given torque (0~2 times of rated torque)

17:current output torque(0~2 times of rated torque)

18:current torque current(0~2 times of rated motor current)

19:current flux current(0~1 times of rated motor flux current)

20~25:Reserved

corp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

🗐 Fax:071 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ن (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲





1.Terminal AO1 and AO2 are optional output to or 4~20mA which can satisfy the variety needs o

2.By disposing F00.21 analog output, output of

AO2 can be 0~10V or 4~20mA to satisfy the variety needs of customer.

3. The unit's place of F00.22 is set to 1 when DO output pulse signal.

4.Rated flux current=current value of F15.11 parameter.

Rated torque current=sqrt (rated motor current×rated motor

Current-rated flux current × rated flux current)

F09.38 Reserved
-----------------

F09.39	Analog output (AO1) filter time	Range: 0.0~20.0s	0.0s
F09.40	Analog output (AO1) gain	Range: 0.00~2.00	1.00
F09.41	Analog output (AO1) bias	Range: 0.0~100.0%	0.0%

Parameter F09.39 defines the filter time of A01 output, its reasonable setting can improve stability of analog output. But a higher setting will influence the rate of change, which can not reflect the instantaneous value of corresponding physical quantity.

If users want to change the display range or error correction table headers, you can achieve it by adjusting the output gain and bias of AO1.

When AO1 output voltage, the adjustment is as follows:

Analog output AO1(after revise)=output gain(F09.40)×analog output AO1(before revise)+output bias(F09.41)×10V

When AO1 output current, the adjustment is as follows:

Analog output AO1(after revise)=output gain(F09.40)×analog output AO1(before revise)+output bias(F09.41)×20mA



This function code will influence analog output during modify processes.

F09.42	Analog output (AO2) filter time	Range: 0.0~20.0s	0.0s
F09.43	Analog output (AO2) gain	Range: 0.00~2.00	1.00
F09.44	Analog output (AO2) bias	Range: 0.0~100.0%	0.0%

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



F09.45	DO filter time	Range: 0.0~20.0s	برسنعت
		Range: 0.00~2.00	,,,
F09.47	DO maximum pulse output frequency	Range: 0.1~20.0k	.Hz 10.0KHz

Please refer to the function introduce of parameters F09.39~F09.41.

Maximum pulse output frequency of terminal DO corresponds to maximum select value of F09.37. For example, F09.31=0, terminal DO's function is: output frequency before slip compensation, which means Maximum pulse output frequency corresponds to upper frequency.

Note: When the output frequency of DO port is less than 1.5Hz, disposed as 0Hz.

F09.48 Torque reaches to the detection time	Range: 0.02~200.00s	1.00s
---	---------------------	-------

F09.49	Reserved	
F09.50	Reserved	

corp.com ncocorp.com



# 7.11 Simple PLC/Multi-speed function paramete

		Range: unitdigit	• ••
F10.00	Simple PLC operate setting	tens digit. 0 2 hundreds digit: 0,1 thousands digit: 0,1	0000

The simple PLC operation mode, re-start mode after interruption, unit of running time and the storage mode when power off can be set in different bit of parameter F10.00, details as follows:

Unit digit: simple PLC operation mode.

- 0:No action.PLC operation mode is disabled.
- 1:**Stop after single cycle**. as show in Fig.7-31, the drive stops automatically after one cycle of operation and will not start only when receiving RUN command again.
- 2: Maintain final value after one cycle, as show in Fig.7-32, the drive will keep running with the final value and the direction after complete one cycle operation, the drive won't stop according to the set stop mode until the stop command is available.
- 3: Continuous operation, as show in Fig.7-33, the drive will start next cycle of operation automatically after completing one cycle of operation until receiving STOP command then stop according the set stop mode.

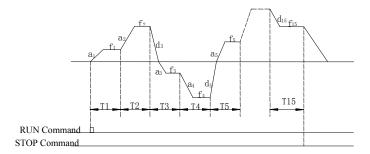


Fig.7-31 PLC stop operating after one cycle mode

corp.com

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲

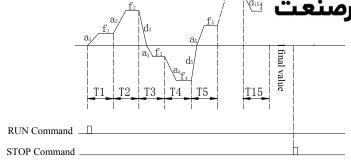


Fig.7-32 PLC holds the final value after one cycle mode

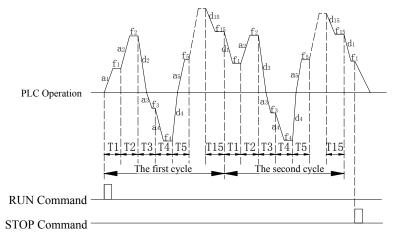


Fig7-33 PLC continuous operation mode

a1~a15:The Acc time of different steps

d1~d15:The Dec time of different steps

f1~f15:The frequency of different steps

There are 15 steps can set in Fig.7-31, 7-32, 7-33.

Tens digit: Restart mode after interruption.

## 0: Restart from the first step.

If the drive stops during PLC operation due to receiving STOP commands, fault alarm or power failure, it will run from the first step after restarting.

## 1: Restart from the interruption sten:

corp.com ncocorp.com

Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲

FAMCO هاييرمنعت

alarm, the drive will record the operating time of the continue from the step where the drive stops after restart at for this step with the remained time, as show in Fig.7-34.11 power off, it will not record the state and from the first step.

power off, it will not record the state and from the first step operate when restart.

## 2: Restart from the interrupted Frequency

If the drive stops during PLC operation due to receiving STOP command or fault alarm, the drive will record the operating time and the current frequency of the interrupt step, it will operating with the record time and record frequency when restart, as show in Fig7-35

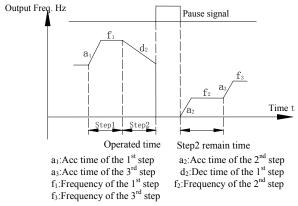
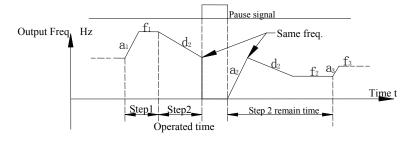


Fig.7-34 simple PLC restart mode 1



 $\begin{array}{ll} a_1\text{:Acc time of the } 1^{st} \text{ stepa}_2\text{:Acc time of the } 2^{nd} \text{ step} \\ a_3\text{:Acc time of the } 3^{rd} \text{ step} \\ f_1\text{:Frequency of the } 1^{st} \text{ step} \\ f_3\text{:Frequency of the } 3^{rd} \text{ step} \end{array}$ 

📵 Tel:۰۲۱– ۴ ለ ۰ ۰ ۰ ۰ ۴ ዓ

Fax:071 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

(جاده مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲

corp.com ncocorp.com



Hundreds digit: PLC unit of running time.

0: Seconds:

1: Minutes:

The unit is effective for the running time of different steps only, during the operation of PLC, the unit of Acc time and Dec time is defined by parameter F01.19.



1. The step is ineffective if the time of this step of PLC operation is set as 0 thereafter operate the next step.

2.Control the PLC process a pause ineffective, operate via terminal for details please refer to parameters in F8 Group that relative with terminal function.

Thousands digit: the storage mode when power off.

- **0:** No storage. No record the running state when power off, it will restart from the first step when power on again.
- 1: Storage. Records the running status which include the step, running frequency and running time when power off, it restart with the mode that set in hundreds digit after power on again.



No matter power-off storage in stop status or running status, you should set thousands digit as 1 thereafter set tens digit as 1 or 2,otherwise power-off storage function is ineffective.

F10.01	Step 1 setting	Range: 000H~E22H	000
F10.02	Step 2 setting	Range: 000H~E22H	000
F10.03	Step 3 setting	Range: 000H~E22H	000
F10.04	Step 4 setting	Range: 000H~E22H	000
F10.05	Step 5 setting	Range: 000H~E22H	000
F10.06	Step 6 setting	Range: 000H~E22H	000
F10.07	Step 7 setting	Range: 000H~E22H	000
F10.08	Step 8 setting	Range: 000H~E22H	000
F10.09	Step 9 setting	Range: 000H~E22H	000
F10.10	Step 10 setting	Range: 000H~E22H	000
F10.11	Step 11 setting	Range: 000H~E22H	000

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F G

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9F1

، (جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)

F10.13	Step 13 setting	Range: 000H~E22H
F10.14	Step 14 setting	Range: 000H~E22H
F10.15	Step 15 setting	Range: 000H~E22H



F10.01~F10.15 are used to configure the operating frequency, direction and Acc/Dec time of each PLC operating step. These functions are all selected by digits on different place of parameters. Details as below:

Unit digit: Frequency setting

**0:select multi-frequency i**.  $i=1\sim15$ , please refer to F10.31 $\sim$ F10.45 for definitions of multi-frequency.

1:the frequency is determined by the combination of the main frequency and the auxiliary frequency.

#### 2: Reserved.

Tens digit: The selection of running direction for PLC and multi-speed.

- 0: Forward.
- 1: Reversed.
- 2: Determined by operating commands (FWD, REV)

Hundreds digit: Acc/Dec time choose

- 0: Acc/Dec time 1
- 1: Acc/Dec time 2
- 2: Acc/Dec time 3
- 3: Acc/Dec time 4
- 4: Acc/Dec time 5
- 5: Acc/Dec time 6
- 6: Acc/Dec time 7
- 7: Acc/Dec time 8
- 8: Acc/Dec time 9
- 9: Acc/Dec time 10
  A: Acc/Dec time 11
- 1101100/2000 00000 11
- B: Acc/Dec time 12 C: Acc/Dec time 13
- D: Acc/Dec time 14
- B. Heer Bee time 1.

E: Acc/Dec time 15

cor

ncocorp.com

Accelerate time  $1\sim15$  defined by F01.17,F01.18,F04.16 $\sim$ F04.43. The running direction of PLC and multi-speed is determined by the ten's place of F10.01 $\sim$ F10.15.

	F10.16	Step 1 running time	Range: 0~6000.0		10.0
p.	.com	Tel·oPi	- F A o o o o F 9	1	(=.5

( Fax:011 - FF99F9FP

، باک ۱۲



	1		
F10.18	Step 3 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	رصنعت
F10.19	Step 4 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	
F10.20	Step 5 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	10.0
F10.21	Step 6 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	10.0
F10.22	Step 7 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	10.0
F10.23	Step 8 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	10.0
F10.24	Step 9 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	10.0
F10.25	Step 10 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	10.0
F10.26	Step 11 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	10.0
F10.27	Step 12 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	10.0
F10.28	Step 13 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	10.0
F10.29	Step 14 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	10.0
F10.30	Step 15 running time	Range: 0~6000.0	10.0

Parameters F10.16~F10.30 defined Running time of each PLC Step from Step 1 to Step 15.



Each step running time include Acc time and Dec time.

F10.31	Multi-Frequency 1	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit Freq.	5.00Hz
F10.32	Multi-Frequency 2	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit Freq.	10.00Hz
F10.33	Multi-Frequency 3	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit Freq.	20.00Hz
F10.34	Multi-Frequency 4	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit Freq.	30.00Hz
F10.35	Multi-Frequency 5	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit Freq.	40.00Hz
F10.36	Multi-Frequency 6	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit Freq.	45.00Hz
F10.37	Multi-Frequency 7	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit Freq.	50.00Hz
F10.38	Multi-Frequency 8	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit Freq.	5.00Hz
F10.39	Multi-Frequency 9	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit Freq.	10.00Hz
F10.40	Multi-Frequency 10	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit Freq.	20.00Hz
E10 /1	Multi Fusanana 11	Danasia aattaa aannaa limit Eusa	20 0011~

corp.com ncocorp.com

FAMCO
هاييرصنعت

F10.42	<b>Multi-Frequency 12</b>	Range:0.00Hz~upper li	پرصنع
F10.43	Multi-Frequency 13	Range:0.00Hz~upper li	<del>-</del>
F10.44	Multi-Frequency 14	Range:0.00Hz~upper hmu rr	eq. Suluunz
F10.45	Multi-Frequency 15	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit Fr	eq. 50.00Hz

Frequency will be used in Multi-speed operation mode and Simple PLC operation mode. More details please refer to the Multi-speed terminal operation function in Parameters Group F08 and Simple PLC operation function in Parameters Group F10.



#### **Closed-Loop PID operation Parameters G** 7.12

Analog feedback control system:

Pressure reference is input through the terminal AI1, and send a 4-20mA to the terminal AI2 of inverter as a feedback signal, all of them make up of analog closed-loop control system via build-in PID adjuster, as shown in Fig.7-36

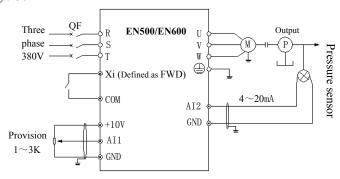


Fig.7-36 Build-in PID adjuster control system diagram



Setting the value of F11.01 can choose the channel of pressure reference.

Operating principle of built-in PID function of EN500/EN600 is shown in Fig.7-37 as below:

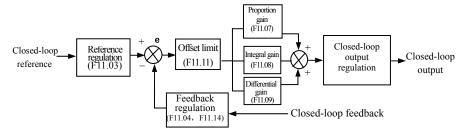
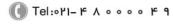


Fig.7-37 PID block control principle diagram

In above diagram, the definition of closed-loop reference, feedback error limit and PI parameters are similar with the general PID adjuster, the relationship between

corp.com ncocorp.com



ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

are converted and based on 10.00V.

In Fig.7-37, the real values of closed-loop reference regulated in Group F06 and F07, so that can reach a good pe



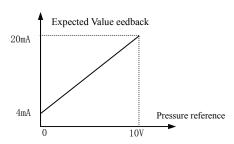


Fig.7-38 Reference and expected feedback value

After the system control mode is confirmed, follow the procedures below to set the closed-loop parameters:

- (1) Determine the closed-loop reference and feedback channel (F11.01F11.02).
- (2) The relationship between the closed-loop reference and feedback should be defined for closed-loop control (the Group F6).
- (3) Set up the closed-loop frequency presetting function (F11.19,F11.20).
- (4) Adjust the proportion gain, integral gain, differential gain, sampling cycle and error limit(F11.07 $\sim$ F11.11).

F11.00 Closed-loop control function	Range: 0,1	0
-------------------------------------	------------	---

0:PID closed-loop function disabled

1:PID closed-loop function enabled

F11.01 Reference channel choose	Range: 0~7	0
---------------------------------	------------	---

0: Digital provision

 $1{:}AI1 \ analog \ 0{-}10V \ or \ 4{-}20mA \ provision$ 

2:AI2 analog provision

3:EAI1 analog provision (Extensible)

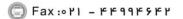
4:EAI2 analog provision (Extensible)

5: Pulse provision

**6:** Communication provision(Communication address: 1D00). Please refer to the chapter of Modbus communication.

7: Reserved

corp.com



ر جاده مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲





Except the above provision channels, Multi-Clos is available. Connecting different terminal to ch provision value which with a highest priority.

F11.02	Feedback channel selection	Range: 0∼8	0
--------	----------------------------	------------	---

0:AI1 analog input

1:AI2 analog input

2:EAI1 analog input(Extensible)

3:EAI2 analog input(Extensible)

4:AI1+AI2

5:AI1-AI2

6:Min {AI1, AI2}

7:Max {AI1, AI2}

8: Pulse input

F11.03	Provision channel filtering time	Range: 0.01~50.00s	0.20s
F11.04	Feedback channel filtering time	Range: 0.01~50.00s	0.10s
F11.05	PID output filtering time	Range: 0.00~50.00s	0.00s

The external reference signal and feedback signal usually carry some noise. those noise signal can be filtered by setting the time constant of filter in F11.03 and F11.04.The bigger the time constant is, the better the immunity capability, but with a slow response. The shorter the time constant is, the faster the response, but the immunity capability became weak.

The PID output filter time is the time of the filter for output frequency or torque, the bigger time, the slower the response output.

F11.06	Provision digital setting	Range: 0.00~10.00V	1.00V
--------	---------------------------	--------------------	-------

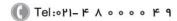
This function can realize digital setting of reference via keypad.



When the PID function is enabled, Setting F18.14 as 1 can adjust pressure reference by press  $(\land)(\lor)$ , otherwise the  $(\land)$ keys are invalid for adjusting reference in monitoring mode.

F11.07	Proportion Gain Kp	Range: 0.000~9.999	0.100
F11.08	Integral Gain Ki	Range: 0.000~9.999	0.100
E11 00	Diee di LC : IZI	D 0.000 0.000	0.000

corp.com ncocorp.com





F11.10 Sampling cycle T Range: 0.01~1.00s

The bigger of the proportion gain of Kp, the faster the re may easily occur.

If only proportion gain Kp is used in regulation, the offset cannot be eliminated completely. To eliminate the offset, please use the integral gain Ki to form a PI control system. The bigger Ki is, the faster the response, but oscillation may easily occur if Ki is big enough.

The sampling cycle T refers to the sampling cycle of feedback value. The PI D regulator calculates once in each sampling cycle. The bigger the sampling cycle is, the slower the response.

F11.11	Deviation limit	Range: 0.0~20.0%	2.0%
--------	-----------------	------------------	------

If defines the max. Deviation of the output from the reference, as shown in Fig.7-39, the PID adjuster stops operation when the feedback value within this range. Setting this parameter correctly will improve the moderation of the accuracy and stability of the system

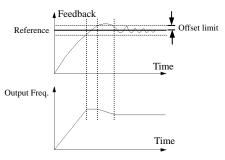


Fig.7-39 Offset limit



F11.13

ncocorp.com

Offset limit is the percentage refer to the value of reference.

In the PID regulator, the effect of differential is too sensitive too easy to cause system oscillation, therefore limit the effect of differential PID in a smaller range,

F11.12 the parameter that used to set the output range of PID differential.

**0:** Positive effect. When the provision increases, select while requiring speed

Range: 0,1

of motor increase. corp.com

Closed-loop regulation characteristic

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0



speed of motor decrease.

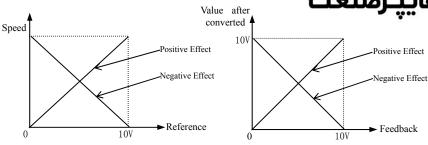


Fig.7-40 Closed-loop characteristic

Fig.7-41 Feedback characteristic

F11.14 Feedback channel positive-negative characteristic	Range: 0,1	0
--	------------	---

**0:** Positive characteristic. The relationship between reference and feedback is positive

1: Negative characteristic. The relationship between reference and feedback is negative

This parameter is used to change the feedback characteristic of the feedback signal. After input into inverter through the feedback channel, the feedback pressure will compare with the reference after regulated by the positive and negative characteristic regulation, as shown in Fig.7-41

F11.15	PID regulation upper limit frequency	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limit Frequency	50.00Hz
F11.16	PID regulation lower limit frequency	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limit Frequency	0.00Hz

User can set up the parameters F11.15 and F11.16 to define the output lower limit and upper limit frequency of the PID regulator.

F11.17	Integral regulation selection	Range: 0,1	0

- 0: Stop integral regulating when the comparison value of the reference and feedback reaches the range of threshold for integral separation
- 1: Keep integral regulating even thought the comparison value of the reference and feedback reach the range of threshold integral separation

Adjusting this parameter can avoid integral saturation and improve the response of the system.

F11.18 PID threshold of the integral separation	Range: 0.0~100.0%	100.0%
---	-------------------	--------

ncocorp.com



reference and feedback is bigger than this threshold. WI smaller than this threshold, the integral regulating will be the response speed of system by adjusting this parameter.

F11.19	Preset Closed-loop frequency	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.00Hz
F11.20	Holding time of preset Closed-loop frequency	Range: 0.0~6000.0s	0.0s

This function can make the closed-loop adjuster into the stable status quickly.

When the closed-loop function start, the output frequency will ramp up to the preset closed-loop frequency(F11.19) within the Acc time, and keep running the time that set in F11.20 then start the closed-loop operation as shown is Fig.7-42

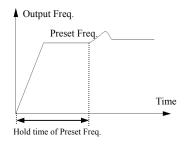


Fig.7-42 Preset closed-loop operating



Preset closed-loop Function is ineffective when set F11.19 and F11.20 as 0.

F11.21	Closed-loop output reversion selection	Range: 0~2	2
--------	--	------------	---

- 0: The inverter will runs with the low limit frequency when the closed-loop output value is negative
- 1:The inverter will reverse running when the value of the closed-loop output is negative(be opposite of the initial direction )
- **2:** determined by running demand. The motor running direction is determined by demand direction.



The comparison value can be display in the PID monitor parameters, it's positive when the reference bigger than the feedback value, and negative when reference smaller than feedback value.

corp.com mcocorp.com

(a) Fax:071 - FF99F9F7

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲



reversion frequency	Range: 0.00Hz~u Frequency

The PID regulator is a kind of bipolar adjustment. By setting ...... can choose whether the inverter reverse run in some degree frequency or not.

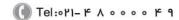
	o willound the miveles leveles than m	to the same of the same of the same of	
F11.23	Multiple closed-loop provision 1	Range: 0.00~10.00V	0.00V
F11.24	Multiple closed-loop provision 2	Range: 0.00~10.00V	0.00V
F11.25	Multiple closed-loop provision 3	Range: 0.00~10.00V	0.00V
F11.26	Multiple closed-loop provision 4	Range: 0.00~10.00V	0.00V
F11.27	Multiple closed-loop provision 5	Range: 0.00~10.00V	0.00V
F11.28	Multiple closed-loop provision 6	Range: 0.00~10.00V	0.00V
F11.29	Multiple closed-loop provision 7	Range: 0.00~10.00V	0.00V

Among the closed-loop reference channel, besides the 7 channels defined by F11.01, the closed-loop reference can also be defined in F11.23~F11.29. The priority of multi-closed-loop reference control is higher than the reference channels that defined by F11.01.

Multi-closed-loop reference 1~7 can be selected by external terminals. Please refer to the terminal function 19~21 of introductions to F08.18~F08.25. When the function of Constant water supply is enable, the reference of constant water pressure is decided by the multi-closed-loop reference which selected by external terminals.

Computational formula: constant pressure reference = F12.06 × Multi-closed-loop reference/10.00V.By using this functions can realize different times with a different constant water pressure.

corp.com ncocorp.com





### FAMCO هايپرسنعت

### 7.13 Constant pressure water supply function parar

7.10 Constant pressure water supply function parar			
F12.00	Constant pressure water supply mode selection	Rang	
0 1: 11 1			

- 0: disabled.
- 1: Inverter works in one-drive-two-pump mode.
- 2: Choose extensible constant pressure board acts in one-drive-two-pump mode.
- 3: Choose extensible constant pressure board acts in one-drive-three-pump mode.
- 4: Choose extensible constant pressure board acts in one-drive-four-pump mode.
- 5: Select inverterY1,Y2 as the double pump timing alternate constant pressure water supply mode. While F12.00=5,F09.00=37,F09.01=38, realize the timing alternate constant pressure water supply control between two pumps, only one motor is running at most at any time, the time of timing alternate is defined by F12.10. While F12.10=0, no alternate control, While F12.10=1, switch a running pump while starting.

This function can be used to choose different kinds of constant pressure water supply mode, and you should choose an extensible constant pressure board to realize one-drive-three mode and one-drive-four mode and F00.19 should be set to 2.

When modify F12.00 from 0 to water supply mode is valid, C-04,C-05 automatically relate constant pressure water supply setting pressure and feedback pressure (including the display of halting and running).

1. The function of Group F11 will be effective automatically when the constant pressure supply function is enabled.

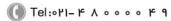


- 2. Except for the related parameters in Group F11 and F12 for Closed-loop, the function of Yi should be enabled in F9 for the inverter works in one-drive-two-pump mode without an extend board.
- 3. Output terminal Y4/DO should be set to Y4.
- 4. When one inverter drive one pump with constant pressure water supply, the parameter F09.00~F09.03 (Y1~Y4) can not be set 37~38.

F12.01 Ta	arget pressure setting	Range: 0.000~the range of long-distance manometer	0.200Mpa
-----------	------------------------	---	----------

This parameter defined the target pressure of the constant pressure supply system

corp.com ncocorp.com



(جادہ مخصوص کرج)





F11 02

· · · · - ·		_***_	<b>A</b> A
F12.02	Sieen treamency threshold	Range: 0.00Hz~	پرسنع
710.00		Range: 0.000~F	
F12.03	Revival pressure threshold	Mpa	0.150Mpa

The function of Sleep frequency threshold: To save energy and protect the motor, when the water feedback pressure within the offset limit (F11.11), and the operating frequency is under in the sleep frequency threshold (F12.02), after a sleep delay time (F12.04), the system will enter a sleep mode and the operating frequency will drop to 0.00Hz

Revival function: When the system is in the sleep mode, if the feedback water pressure keep less than F12.03 (the revival pressure) a delay time (F12.05), the system will revival from the sleep mode.

F12.04	Sleep delay time	Range: 0.0~6000.0s	0.0s
--------	------------------	--------------------	------

This parameter is the delay time that from the feedback pressure meets the sleep conditions to the system enter in sleep mode.

Within the sleep delay time, if the feedback pressure does not meet the sleep conditions, the system will not enter into sleep mode

Sleep function is disabled when F12.04=0.

F12.05	Revival delay time	Range: 0.0~6000.0s	0.0s
--------	--------------------	--------------------	------

When the constant pressure supply system in the sleep state, if the feedback pressure of system less than F12.11 which defined the revival pressure threshold, the system will revival and get out of sleep mode after the revival delay time

F12.06 The range of long-distance manometer Range: 0.001~9.999Mpa 1.000Mpa
--

This parameter defines the range of long-distance manometer. Setting this parameter can correspond to the maximum feedback pressure with the analog feedback signal 10V or 20mA

F12.07	Allowed deviation of upper limit frequency or lower limit frequency when add or reduce pump	Range: 0.1~100.0%	1.0%
--------	--	-------------------	------

When output frequency reaches the deviation range of upper limited frequency and the feedback is less than given value, adding pumps judge is available. When output frequency reaches the deviation range of lower limited frequency and the feedback is more than given value, decreasing pumps judge is available.

When F12.07=0.0%, output frequency reach upper or lower limitation frequency

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



F12.08 | Pump switch judging time | Range: 0.0~999

When the output frequency up to the upper limit frequency pressure still not meeting the requirement, the system winjudging time.

When the output frequency down to the lower limit frequency (F11.16) but the pressure still not meeting the requirement, the system will reduce pump after the judging time.

F12.09	Electromagnetic contactor switching delay time	Range: 0.1~10.0s	0.5s
--------	--	------------------	------

This parameter defines the action delay time of magnetic control conductor when it's switch from power source supply to variable or from variable frequency control to power source supply.

F12.10	Automatic switching interval	time Range: 0000~65535 minute	0
--------	------------------------------	-------------------------------	---

By setting this parameter can avoid the rust of motor when it's not work long time. The inverter will switch the work status of the working pump and static pump automatically and smartly under the switch interval.

The automatic switch function is disabled when set the parameter as 0000. The system will switch one time when each restart of system as this parameter is 0001. If the value of this parameter is bigger than 0002, the system will switch automatically according the switch interval.

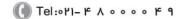
F12.11	Revival mode selection	Range: 0,1	0
F12.12	Revival pressure coefficient	Range: 0.01~0.99	0.75

When F12.11=0, the revival pressure of the constant pressure supply is the value of F12.03.

WhenF12.11=1, the revival pressure is the calculating value of F12.12\*F12.01

***************************************	in it, the review pressure	is the eareanating variet of f 12:12	1 12.01
F12.13	Reserved		
F12.14	Reserved		

corp.com ncocorp.com





ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲



### 7.14 Traverse, Fixed-length control Function P F13

F13.00 Traverse function selection Range: 0,1

0: Disabled
1: Enabled

F13.01	Traverse operating mode	Range: unit digit: 0,1 tens digit: 0,1 hundreds digit: 0,1 thousands digit: 0,1	0000

Unit digit: Start mode 1st

- **0: Auto start.** The drive operates at the preset frequency of traverse for a certain time thereafter enter traverse mode automatically.
- 1: Terminal manual mode. Choosing multi-function terminal ( $Xi = X1 \sim X8$ ) as 56 function, when the terminal is enabled, the drive will enter traverse mode. The drive will exit traverse operation and operate at the pre-set traverse frequency when it's disabled.

Tens digit: Traverse amplitude AW mode choosing

- **0:** Variable swing. Amplitude AW changes with the central frequency and the change rate relate to the definition of F13.02.
- **1: Fixed swing.** Traverse operating amplitude AW is determined by Upper limit Frequency and F13.02.

Note: The traverse central frequency is set by the main frequency.

Hundreds digit: Restart mode

0: Restart at the initial state.

1: Restart at the memorized state before stopping

Thousands digit: Traverse state saving when power off.

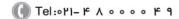
This function is effective when the start mode is Restarting from the reserved memory state, and saving operating state when power off.

0: Not save

1: Save



When in variable amplitude mode, the channel of central frequency is confirmed by F01.06. During the traverse frequency operation, the Acc and Dec time are controlled only by traverse frequency circle F13.04 when adjusting the central frequency.





F13.02	Traverse frequency swing value	Range: 0.0~
--------	--------------------------------	-------------

Variable amplitude: AW= the central frequency ×F13.02 Fixed amplitude: AW=Upper limit frequency ×F13.02



The traverse operating frequency is restricted by the upper and lower limit of frequency. Incorrectly setting the frequency will lead to abnormal of traverse operation.

F13.03 Sudden-jump fre	equency Range:0.0~50.0%	2.0%
------------------------	-------------------------	------

As shown in Fig.7-43, there is not a jitter frequency when F13.03=0.

F13.04 Traverse cycle	Range:0.1~999.9s	10.0s
-----------------------	------------------	-------

F13.04 defines a complete cycle of traverse operation which including rising and falling processed.

H H I 3 O 5 H	Triangular wave rising time	Range:0.0~98.0%(Traverse cycle)	50.0%
---------------	-----------------------------	---------------------------------	-------

Definition traverse rising time= $F13.04 \times F13.05$  (s), the traverse falling time= $F13.04 \times (1-F13.05)$ (s).

Please refer to Fig.7-43

F13.06	Preset frequency of Traverse	Range:0.00~400.00Hz	0.00Hz
1 15.00	reset frequency of fraverse	Range.o.oo 400.00112	0.00112

F13.06 defines the operating frequency of the Drive before entering traverse operation.

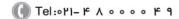
|--|

F13.07 defines the operating time of Preset frequency before entering Traverse operation when auto-start mode is enabled.

If manual start mode is available, F13.07 is disabled.

Please refer to Fig.7-43 as below.

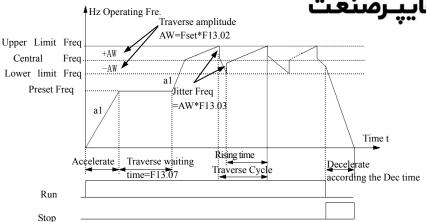
corp.com ncocorp.com





ر جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یناک ۱۲



**Traverse operation** Fig.7-43

F13.08	Setting length	Range: 0~65535m	0m
F13.09	Number of pulses for axis per circle	Range: 1~10000	1
F13.10	Perimeter of shaft	Range: 0.01~100.00cm	10.00cm
F13.11	Reserved		
F13.12	Correction coefficient of length	Range: 0.001~1.000	1.000

Set length, Actual length and Numbers of pulses per cycle are used for fixed length control.

The Actual length is calculated by the number of pulses collected by terminal  $Xi(i=1\sim8)$ .

Allocate corresponding Xi terminal with 62(Length count input).

Actual length=(The number of Pulses×F13.10×F13.12)/ F13.09.

When the actual length (F00.02 = 39) exceeds the set length (F13.08), the drive can output a "Length reached" signal via Yi or relay.



When F00.02=39, Actual length can be monitored by C-01 in running state, Count length function is available both V/F control mode and Vector Control mode.

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0

Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

FAMCO هایپرسنعت

F13.13 Processes when reaching the set length Range: 0.

0: Reset

When reaching the set length, the counter reset automatically.

Restart counting with the coming of next pulse.

#### 1: Keep the record

When reaching the set length, the counter keep the record at present.

F13.14 Processes of length record when stop Range: 0,1	1
--	---

0: Reset

The counter reset automatically when stop the drive.

1: Keep the record.

When stop or power off, the length of current record keeps constant.

corp.com

ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 6

(a) Fax:071 - F#99F9F7

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۲



#### 7.15 Vector Control parameters Group: F14

F14.00 Sp	eed/Torque control selection	Range: 0,1
-----------	------------------------------	------------

0: Speed control mode

**1: Torque control mode** (this parameter is effective when set F00.24 as 1 or 2).

When the control mode is vector control with PG or without PG, the user can select torque control or speed control by setting the parameter of F14.00 or through control multi-function terminal which selected as No.65 function.

through control muta-function terminal which selected as 10.03 function.			
F14.01	4.01 Speed loop high speed Range: 0.1~40.0 (Valid when proportional Gain F00.24=1 or 2)		20.0
F14.02	Speed loop high speed integral time	Range: 0.001~10.000s(Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	0.040s
F14.03	Speed loop low speed proportional Gain	Range:0.1~80.0(Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	20.0
F14.04	Speed loop low speed integral time	Range:0.001~10.000s(Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	0.020s
F14.05	Speed loop parameter switching frequency	Range: 0.00Hz~20.00Hz(Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	5.00Hz

Through F14.01 to F14.05, you can set the proportional gain and integral time of Speed loop regulator, so as to change the speed response characteristic under vector control mode.

The system dynamic response of speed loop can be faster if the proportional gain is increased or the integral time is decreased. However, if the proportional gain is too large or the integral time is too small, the system tends to oscillate.

The suggested adjusting way as below:

When the default parameter is not suitable, please fine adjust the parameters based on the default value. Proportional gain is usually adjusted first. Under the condition that the system is immune from oscillation, proportional gain can be increased as big as possible. Then adjust integral time so that the system responds fast and will not be over adjusted.

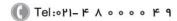
The above parameters are valid for Closed-loop or Open-loop speed control mode, invalid for V/F control and torque control mode.

H 14 06	Stable coefficient of low frequency generating	Range: 0~50(Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	16

When the motor connected to frequency inverter under a low frequency generating status, Please adjusting this parameter appropriately.

For example, the frequency inverter will be unstable when drives a potential load which is declining gradually. Increasing F14.06 will improve the stability of the

corp.com mcocorp.com



Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

) (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۲

F14.07	Current loop proportional gain	Range: 1~500(V F00.24=1 or 2)	
F14.08	Current loop integral time	Range: 0.1~100	



F14.07 and F14.08 are the PI regulator parameters of Current loop.

The system torque dynamic response can be faster if the Current loop proportional gain P is increased or Current loop integral time constant Ti is decreased.

The system stability can be improved if the Current loop proportional gain P is decreased or integral time constant Ti is increased.

In general, the above parameters don't need change.

F14.09	Motor-driven torque	Range: 50.0~250.0%(Valid	160.0%
1 17.07	current limit value	when F00.24=1 ,2 and 3)	100.0 / 0
F14.10	Braking torque	Range: 50.0~250.0%(Valid	160.0%
1.14.10	current limit value	when F00.24=1 or 2)	100.0 70

It is the range of output torque of speed loop defined by the positive torque and negative torque limit. When the application needs quick acceleration and deceleration, this parameter can be appropriately increased to meet the specific requirements. However, if it's too large, the drive tends to over-current.

In torque control mode, the range of actual torque output is restricted to the above limit too.

F14.11	Asynchronous motor flux-weakening control coefficient	Range: 20.0~100.0%(Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	80.0%
F14.12	Asynchronous motor Min. flux coefficient	Range: 10.0~80.0%(Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	10.0%

Parameters of F14.11, F14.12 Used to correcting the weakening curve in weakening field. The correction of the curve will improve the precision of speed control during weakening field. The minimum field reference is the minimum value of weakening field. And F14.12 is just available for Closed-loop vector control mode.

F14.13 Torque provision channel selection Range: 0~8 0
--

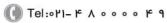
0: Digital setting

**1:AI1 analog provision**(0-10V or 4-20mA corresponds to  $0\sim$ 200.0% Rated torque current of the motor)

- 2:AI2 analog provision
- 3: Terminal UP/DOWN adjusting
- 4:Communication provision(Communication address: 1D01) . (0  $\sim$  10000 corresponds to 0  $\sim$  200.0% Rated torque current of the motor )

5.F All apalog provision (Extansible)

corp.com ncocorp.com



(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FP

ں (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲



7: High speed Pulse provision (Please choose the rela

8: Terminal width provision (Please choose the relate The range of the above channels which from the Min  $v_i$ 

corresponds to  $0.0\sim200\%$  Rated torque current of motor.

F14.14	Torque polarity setting	Range: 00~12	00
--------	-------------------------	--------------	----

Unit digit: Polarity of Torque reference

0: Positive

1: Negative

**2: Defined by running command.** While F14.13=2, and the ten's place of F00.20 equals 0, the torque direction is determined by the polarity of AI2.

Tens digit: Polarity of Torque compensation

0: Same direction with torque reference

1: Opposite direction with torque reference

F14.14 defines the polarity of torque compensation and torque reference. When select AI2, EAI1, EAI2 as provision channels and set as bipolar mode, the polarity of torque provision depends on the polarity of the analog. At this time, the units digit of F14.14 is invalid.

It's available changing the direction of torque provision through multi-function key.

F14.15	Torque digital setting value	Range:0.0~200.0%(Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	0.0%
--------	------------------------------	--	------

When F14.13=0, the value of torque provision is set by F14.15. A 100.0% value of F14.15 corresponds to the rated current of motor. The actual output torque will be decreased when the motor under a weaken field status. When choosing digital setting, press up and down keypad can revise the torque value.

Forward speed limit channel selection in torque control mode	Range: 0~8	0

0: Digital setting

1:AI1 analog provision

2:AI2 analog provision

3: Terminal UP/DOWN adjusting

4: Communication provision(Communication address: 1D0A).

5:EAI1 analog provision (Extensible)

6:EAI2 analog provision (Extensible)

7: High speed Pulse provision (Please choose the related function of X8)

8: Terminal width provision (Please choose the related function of X8)

When positive torque provided, if the load torque is smaller than the output

corp.com mcocorp.com

(1) Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)



FAMCO هایپرمنعت

frequency limit defined by limit channel (F14.16),so as to the motor.

F14.17 Reverse frequency limit channel selection in torque control mode	Range: 0~
---	-----------

0: Digital setting

1:AI1 analog provision

2:AI2 analog provision

3: Terminal UP/DOWN adjusting

4: Communication provision(Communication address: 1D0B).

5:EAI1 analog provision (Extensible)

**6:EAI2** analog provision (Extensible)

7: High speed Pulse provision (Please choose the related function of X8)

8: Terminal width provision (Please choose the related function of X8)

When negative torque provided, if the load torque is smaller than the output torque, the motor's rotational speed will rise reverse continuously to the reverse frequency limit defined by limit channel (F14.17),so as to avoiding runaway of the motor.

F14.18	Forward Speed limit in Torque control mode	Range: 0.00Hz~Upper limit freq.(Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	50.00Hz
F14.19	Reverse Speed limit in Torque control mode	Range: 0.00Hz~Upper limit freq.(Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	50.00Hz

When F14.16=0, F14.17=0, the related limit frequency of the positive torque or negative torque are confirmed by F14.18 and F14.19.

F14.20	Acc and Dec time of	Range: 0.000~60.000s Valid	0.100s
F 14.20	torque provision	when F00.24=1 or 2)	0.1008

The torque provision from the provision channel will form the final torque provision after the Acc and Dec time of F14.20.Suitable value of F14.20 can avoid vibration of the motor which caused by saltation of torque provision.

F14.21	Torque compensation	Range: 0.0~100.0% Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	0.0%
111121	rorque compensation	when F00.24=1 or 2)	0.070

Tens digit of F14.14 and F14.21 define the characteristic and value of torque compensation. When Large torque losing which caused by mechanical losing of motor, Setting torque compensation is needed.100% of F14.21 corresponds to the rated torque current of motor.

F14.22	Positive torque gain regulation coefficient	Range: 50.0~150.0% Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	100.0%
F14.23	Negative torque gain	Range: 50.0~150.0% Valid	100.0%

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:∘۲1 – ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۲



When choosing positive torque provision, adjusting F1 matching of the actual output torque and the torque unmatched

When choosing negative torque provision, adjusting F14.23 will correct the matching of the actual output torque and the torque provision if they are unmatched

F14.24	Flux braking coefficient	Range: 0.0~300.0% (Valid when F00.24=1 or 2)	0.0%
--------	--------------------------	--	------

Under open-loop and closed-loop speed control mode, increasing the strength of the field can realize fast decreasing of the motor when stop. The energy generated during the field braking process will be consumed in a form of heat inside of the motor. As a result, the temperature of motor inside will increase when field braking frequently. Please care about the temperature of the motor not over the allowed maximum value. If an operation command be given during the process of field braking, the field braking function will be canceled and the frequency inverter will operate to the set frequency again. Please disable the field braking function when using braking resistor.

F14.25	Pre-excitation start-up	Range: 0.1~3.0(Valid when	0.5
	time constant	F00.24=1)	0.3

In SVC control mode, decrease the value of F14.25 appropriately will decrease the start time of the motor, realizing fast start performance.

F14.26	Speed loop proportional gain	Range: 0.010~6.000(Valid when F00.24=3)	0.500
F14.27	Speed loop integral time constant	Range: 0.010~9.999(Valid when F00.24=3)	0.360

Adjusting F14.26 and F14.27 will change the responsive characteristic of Vector control.

F14.28	Motor stabilization coefficient	Range: 10~300(Valid when	100
	coefficient	F00.24=3)	

When the motor which connected to the drive is vibration and not stable, increasing F14.28 will get rid of the vibration.

F14.29 Compensation vibration restra		100.0%
--------------------------------------	--	--------

The compensation is 0 when F14.29=100%.Large enough of this value will lead to over-current when start operation.

F14.30	Torque compensatio	n Range: 0.00Hz~Upper limit	0.00Hz
114.50	limit frequency	Freq(Valid when F00.24=1,2)	0.00112

When the output frequency is bigger than the value of F14.30, the torque compensation defined by F14.21 is 0.And the actual torque compensation will

c o r p . c o m ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴9۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲

## FAMCO

#### 7.16 Motor parameters Group: F15

F15.00	Reserved		•
F15.01	Asynchronous motor rated power	Range: 0.1~6553.5KW	Depend on type
F15.02	Asynchronous motor rated voltage	Range: 1~690V	Depend on type
F15.03	Asynchronous motor rated current	Range: 0.1~6553.5A	Depend on type
F15.04	Asynchronous motor rated frequency	Range: 0.00~600.00Hz	Depend on type
F15.05	Asynchronous motor rated rotational speed	Range: 0~60000r/min	Depend on type
F15.06	Asynchronous motor Poles No.	Range: 1~7	2

Set the parameters according to the motor nameplate no matter whether V/F control mode or vector control mode is adopted, otherwise it may be abnormal. To achieve better V/F or vector control performance, motor auto-tuning is required.

The motor auto-tuning accuracy depends on the correct setting of motor

nameplate parameters.

F15.07	Asynchronous motor Stator	Range: 0.001~65.535Ω(AC drive power<7.5KW) Range: 0.0001~6.5535Ω(Ac	Depend on type
	resistance	drive power≥7.5KW)	type
F15.08	Asynchronous motor Rotor	Range: 0.001~65.535Ω(AC drive power<7.5KW)	Depend on
resistance		Range: 0.0001∼6.5535Ω(Ac drive power≥7.5KW)	type
E15 00	Asynchronous	Range: 0.01~655.35mH(AC drive power<7.5KW)	Depend on
F15.09 motor leakage inductance	Range: 0.001∼65.535mH (AC drive power≥7.5KW)	type	
F15.10	Asynchronous motor mutual	Range: 0.1~6553.5mH (AC drive power<7.5KW)	Depend on
F15.10	inductance	Range: 0.01∼655.35mH (AC drive power≥7.5KW)	type
D15 11	Asynchronous	Dangar 0.01 a . CEE 25 A	Depend on

corp.com

ncocorp.com

Tel:071- 4 A 0 0 0 0 4 9

Fax:011 - FF99F5FF



 $F15.07\sim F15.11$  is the characteristic parameters of asy display on the nameplate, which need detected by auto-1 good control performance, please let the motor unload

auto-tuning. For the asynchronous motor that cannot be disconnected from the load, you can choose static auto-tuning or input the motor parameters manually. Another way is just set F15.01 and used the default parameters in F15.01  $\sim$  F15.11.Meantime,Choosing different type of G and P will also change the default parameters in F15.01  $\sim$  F15.11.

F15.12		
~	Reserved	
F15.18		

F15.19	Motor parameter auto-tuning selection	Range: 0~3	0
--------	---------------------------------------	------------	---

#### 0: No action

#### 1: Static auto-tuning

It is applied to applications where the motor cannot be disconnected from the load or the process is complicated. Values on the motor's nameplate should be input correctly before staring auto-tuning(F15.01-F15.06),Set F15.11 as 1 and press (BUN) back to monitoring mode, then press (BUN) to start auto-tuning which with a "tune" symbol on the keyboard.

After auto-tuning, the Drive will exit process automatically and the detected values of the stator's resistance, rotor's resistance and the leakage inductance will be saved in F15.07-F15.09.

In static auto-tuning mode, the value of No-load current and mutual inductive reactance will not be detected. The user can input the related values with the reference of the Motor factory data or the data on the motor test report. Without related value, please adopt the Default value. Otherwise it may cause negative influence on the performance of motor.

During the process of auto-tuning, any abnormal please press (STOP) to stop auto-tuning.

#### 2: Rotating auto-tuning of Asynchronous motor

Rotating auto-tuning function is suitable for the applications which the load of motor is lighter than 30% of the rated load or some kind of small inertia load. Please try your best to disconnect the load of your motor and make the motor in static or unload state so that auto-tuning the value of motor exactly.

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴9۴۲

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۲

FAMCO هاییرسنعت

keyboard.

After auto-tuning, the Drive will exit process automatic values of the stator's resistance, rotor's resistance, the

No-load current and mutual inductive reactance will be saved in F15.07-F15.11.

During the process of auto-tuning, any abnormal please press  $\left(\frac{\text{STOP}}{\text{RESET}}\right)$  to stop auto-tuning.

#### 3: Reserved

F15.20		
~	Reserved	
F15.22		

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:011- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FP

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲



#### 7.17 Closed-loop encoder parameters Group: F1

F16.00	Zero-speed servo enabled	Range:0,1
--------	--------------------------	-----------

Zero-speed servo enabled

0: Zero-speed servo is invalid

1: Zero-speed servo is valid

While F16.00=1 or the terminal function 67 is valid, under the circumstance that there is no run command and the motor speed is less than the lower limit F01.12, the inverter is on the zero-speed control .

F16.01 Encoder line number	Range: 0~10000	1024
----------------------------	----------------	------

This parameter should be set as same as the value of encoder installed on the axis of motor, or it will lead to an offset between the monitor speed and the actual speed of the motor.

F16.02	Direction of encoder	Range: units digit:0,1 tens digit:0~3	00
--------	----------------------	--	----

Units digit: Phase sequence of AB phase

0: Forward

1: Reverse

Tens digit: Set of point positioning and seeking position direction

- 0: Seeking position according to command direction.
- 1: Seeking position according to forward direction.
- 2: Seeking position according to reverse direction.
- 3: Seeking position according to random direction.

The above parameters define the Encoder pulses per revolution and AB phase sequence of encoder, wrong phase sequence will lead to over-current alarm of the drive.

F16.03	Encoder fractional frequency coefficient	Range: 0.001~60.000	1.000
--------	--	---------------------	-------

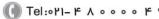
This parameter can correct the actual speed of the motor when the encoder not installed on the axis of motor.

For example, when the encoder installed on a reduction gears with a 10:1 ratio, you should set F16.02 as 10.000 so that get a correct feedback of actual motor speed.

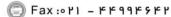
Because of encoder usually install on the axis of motor in closed-loop vector control mode, so there is no need setting this parameters in this mode.

F16.04	Encoder filtering coefficient	Range: 5~100	15
6 0 m	2.00		-

corp.com



(جادہ مخصوص کرج)



، پلاک ۱۲

FAMCO هاييرمنعت

will weaken the vibration of the motor which because of encoder signal. Meantime, a too big and too small value of vibration of the system.



Except for correct setting of F16 parameters Group, Correct setting of F00.19 is also needed for a normal Closed-loop vector control.

F16.05	Position control mode	Range: 0~4	0	
--------	-----------------------	------------	---	--

0:Position control is invalid.

1:Point positioning mode.

2:Recovery point positioning mode

3∼4:Reserved

While F16.05=1, No.66 multi-function input terminal is valid, inverter is positioned on the angle defined by F16.12 according to the position seeking mode defined by the ten's place of F16.02. Under the mode of point positioning, if losing the Z pulse, the inverter will alarm fault of E-40 (Z pulse losing)

While F16.05=2, No.69 multi-function input terminal is valid, under the non-jog running command, the motor will run to the original location recorded by system, the original location can be determined by the terminal function 68 or the first power on

F16.06	Position control maximum frequency	Range: 0.01~100.00Hz	30.00Hz
F16.07	Position control minimum frequency	Range: 0.01~5.00Hz	0.01Hz

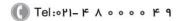
Parameter of F16.06, F16.07 are not limited by F01.11, F01.12, F01.13.

F16.08	Creeping afterpulse count before finishing the position	Range:0~60000	30
--------	---	---------------	----

Under the set of positioning control for the parameter, it is the pulse count that the motor creeps at frequency of F16.07.

The parameter setting should be reasonable, if the setting value is too low, the final positioning may overshoot, sequentially affect the ultimate positioning precision; if the setting value is too high, the final positioning may switch from the higher output frequency to the creeping frequency, sequentially cause the vibration for motor and machine system. When the inertia is high but friction is low, the setting value should be increased.

corp.com





ں (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲



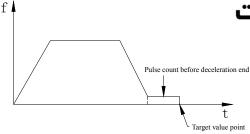


Fig. 7-44 Afterpulse when deceleration is over at positioning

F16.09 Positioning reaches to the pulse range	Range:1~255	2
---	-------------	---

The parameter is set as the positioning control, the positioning reaches within the permissible error range of position to target setting value. If set F16.09=2, within the  $\pm 2$  pulses range of target position, it defaults the position has reached, see the Fig. 7-45 Then terminal Y can output position reaching signal.

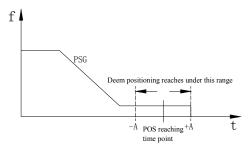


Fig. 7-45 Positioning reaches to the setting range

F16.10 Position control gain	Range:1~5000	200
------------------------------	--------------	-----

The bigger this parameter, the faster the location responds, but too higher setting value may cause the system oscillation

	3		
F16.11	PSG alteration point	Range:0.01~30.00Hz	5.00Hz

The smaller this parameter, the faster the location responds, but too lower setting value may cause the system oscillation.

F16.12	Point positioning relative to Z-axis angle	Range:0.00~360.00 degree	0.00

corp.com ncocorp.com

Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

	FAMCO
J	
- 1	هاییرصنعت

**Positioning control** acceleration-deceleration Range:1~60000 F16.13 time

The bigger this parameter, the faster the location responds, .... .... value may cause the system oscillation. The unit of time is determined by the F01.19, the factory default of F16.13 is 20.0s.

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9 Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

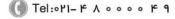




7.16 Reserveu parameters Group 1.F 17		ىيامىنىت سامىنى
F17.00		
~	Reserved	,
F17.20		

corp.com

ncocorp.com





ی (جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)

# FAMCO هاييرسنعت

#### 7.19 Enhanced Control Functions Parameters G

HIXIO	Operation panel control frequency binding	Range: 0~15
-------	---	-------------

F18.00 can bundle operation panel with frequency reference channels, to achieve synchronous switching.

- 0: No bundling
- 1: Keyboard digital provision
- 2:AI1 analog provision
- 3:AI2 analog provision
- 4: Terminal UP/DOWN adjust setting
- 5: Communication provision (MODBUS and FieldBus used a same storage registers)
  - 6:EAI1 analog provision (Extensible)
  - 7:EAI2 analog provision (Extensible)
- 8: High speed Pulse provision (Please choose the corresponding functions of X8)
- 9: Terminal pulse-width provision (Please choose the corresponding functions of X8)
  - 10: Terminal encoder provision (Defined by X1 and X2)
  - 11~15:Reserved

Different control command channels can be bundled to the same frequency reference channel. After success bundled, the bundled frequency reference channel have a highest priority and just available for Main frequency bundling.

F18.01 Terminal control frequency binding	Range: 0~15	0
---	-------------	---

Please refer to the description of F18.00

F18.02	Communication control frequency binding	Range: 0~15	0
--------	---	-------------	---

Please refer to the description of F18.00

Tunction sciection tens digit. Vii		Digital frequency integral function selection	Range: units digit: 0,1 tens digit: 0,1	00
------------------------------------	--	---	--	----

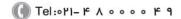
Units digit: Keyboard UP/DOWN Integration control

- 0: Integral function enabled
- 1: Integral function disabled

Tens digit: Terminal UP/DOWN Integration control

- 0: Integral function enabled
- 1: Integral function disabled

corp.com ncocorp.com



(a) Fax:011 - 44994644

ر جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲



terminal

F18.04	Keyboard UP/DOWN integral rate	Range: 0.01~50
--------	--------------------------------	----------------

When the keyboard UP/DOWN Integration is enabled, it keep augusting the frequency in the same direction, the Integration effect will be effective, and the Integration rate is determined by F18.04.

This function is suitable for the applications that need adjusting frequency quickly.

F18.05	Keyboard no integral single step's size setup	Range: 0.01~10.00Hz	0.01Hz
--------	---	---------------------	--------

When the keyboard UP/DOWN integral function disabled, the rate of adjusting frequency fixed by the value of F18 05

F18.06	Terminal UP/DOWN Integral rate	Range: 0.01~50.00Hz	0.20Hz
F18.07	Terminal no integral single step's size setup	Range: 0.01~10.00Hz	0.10Hz

Please refer to the functions of F18.04 and F18.05 for the functions of F18.06 and F18.07.

F18.08	Droop control decline frequency	Range: 0.00~10.00Hz	0.00Hz
--------	---------------------------------	---------------------	--------

When several drivers drive one load, the function can make the drives share the load equally. When the load of one drive is heavier, the drive will reduce its output frequency to shed part of the load.

This function is suitable for the share of several motors which with a common load. The value of F18.08 is the maximum reduced frequency when the drive reaches the rated power

F18.09	Setup accumulate power on time	Range: 0~65535h	0
F18.10	Setup accumulate run time	Range: 0~65535h	0

When the actual accumulate operation time reach to the set accumulated operation time (F18.10), the drive will output an indication signal. Please refer to the description of F09.00~F09.03.

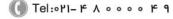
F18.09 defined the expected accumulated time of power on from Ex factory.



Power-on time and accumulated run time can be checked by monitoring parameters group C.

F18.11	Timing run function enable	Range: 0,1	0	

corp.com ncocorp.com





F18.12 Timing run stop time Range: 0.1~65

When F18.11 Timing operation function enabled, the driv with inverter start.

The drive will stop automatically and the multi-function Yi (Set Yi as the 33 function) will output an indicator signal when reach to the set stop time.



The timer of inverter start form 0 every times, the user can monitor the current operation time through the F0 Group.

F18.13 Currently run arrival time	Range: 0.0~6500.0Min	1.0Min
-----------------------------------	----------------------	--------

When the actual operation time reach to this time, the multi-function Yi (choose Yi as 34 function) will output an indicator signal of "Currently operation time reached".

F18.14 Keybunde	ooard UP/DOWN selection er monitor mode	Range: 0~6	0
-----------------	--	------------	---

0: Keyboard frequency provision frequency adjusting

1: PID digital reference value adjusting

2~6:Reserved

When F18.14 =1, UP/DOWN is used to adjust the PID digital reference value in Monitor Mode merely.

When F18.14 =0, UP/DOWN is used to adjust the frequency value not only in Monitor Mode when choose frequency digital reference channel.

I HIX IS		Range: 0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	50.00Hz
----------	--	-------------------------------------	---------

In V/F Control mode, when the output frequency of inverter is bigger than the limit frequency, the suppression of F03.12 will be disabled. Adjusting F18.15 can restrain the shake phenomenon of motor in a large range.

	- 42 to 11 t				
F18.16	Torque closed loop control selection	Range: 0,1 (when F00.24=1 or 2)	1		

When F18.16=0, torque open loop control is available

When F18.16=1, torque close loop control is available, which can increase the precision of torque control

F19 17	Cooling fan control	Range: units digit: 0~2	00
F 10.17	selection	tens digit: 0,1	00

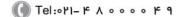
Units digit:fan control mode

0:Smart fan

1:Inverter is running all the time after power on

2:No running for fan, but it starts automatically when the temperature is

corp.com



(جادہ مخصوص کرج)



، باک ۱۲



Tens digit:Speed regulation fan control mode.

0:Smart PWM Speed regulation

1:Running at highest speed.

Under the smart control, after stopping the inverter, if the detection temperature is lower than 35 degree, the fan stop running automatically in 20s.

F18.18		
~	Reserved	
F18.24		

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9



## **الکامکار**

#### 7.20 Protective Relevant Function Parameters

F19.00	Power off restart waiting	Range: 0.0~20.0 (0 indicates disal	****
"	time	function)	

When the power is off, then power-on, whether this inverter will start automatically after a waiting time.

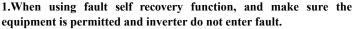
When F19.00=0.0s, after the power off then power-on, inverter will not start automatic. F19.00 $\neq$ 0.0s, after the power off then power-on again, if all is ready, inverter will run automatically with the start method defined by F02.00 after waiting the time defined by F19.00.



Conditions for repower-on after power-off: it should be in the running status before power-off; there's no fault and running signal maintained when power-on again; there's no other factors which affect normal starting.

F19.01	Fault self-recovery times	Range: 0~10 (0 indicates no self-recovery function)	0
F19.02	Fault self-recovery interval time	Range: 0.5~20.0s	5.0s

When the inverter is running, because of fluctuation of load, faults may happen in some case and it will top to output. In order not to stop the operation of equipment, choosing the recovery functions No alarm, stop in stopping mode. Inverter will recovery to run with speed-checking restart style, within the setting time, if inverter cannot run, then fault protection will begin, stop running. No alarm, when the self recovery times of fault are set to 0, self recovery function stops.





- 2.Self recovery function have the effect on power-on terminal protection, clock fault. overload and over-heated, output short-circuit, short circuit to ground ,and the lack-voltage when running of fault Protection is disabled.
- 3. When F19.00≠0, open stop and restart function. We can start this equipment without operators, so be careful to use this function.

F19.03	Motor overload protection action selection	Range: 0~2	2
.com	( Tel:∘۲1– ۴ A		مخصوص کرج)

ncocorp.com

corp

A Eavious KKOOKCKU

، باک ۱۲



- **0: Alarm, continue operation;** It happens with on overload Protection characteristic (used cautiously, at tl nothing to do with load motor for overload protection;
  - 1: Alarm, Stop according to the stop mode;
- 2: Fault, Free stop. When it is overloaded, the output of inverter is block, this AC motor free stop.

		1		
	F19.04	Motor overload protection	Range: 10.0~800.0%	100.0%
l	F19.04	coefficient	(Motor rated current)	100.0 76

To protect the loading motors with different types from overloading effectively, make sure that the parameter F15.03 (motor rated current) is set according to the motor nameplate.

The motor overloading time can be adjusted by adjusting F19.04, As shown in Fig.7-46, when the output current of motor equals 150% of motor's rated current, and continues for the time determined by 4min\*F19.04, then alarm for motor overloading protection. If F19.04=120.0%, then the overloading time is 4min\*120.0%=4.8min. The minimum overloading time of motor is 5s.

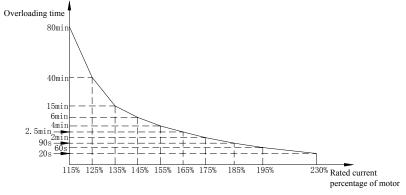


Fig.7-46 Electronic thermal relay protection

This adjustable value can base on the user's setting. In the same condition, if the AC motor is overloaded and need the fast protection, then decrease F19.04, or else increase.

	F19.05	Inverter overload pre-alarm detection selection	Range: 0,1	0
--	--------	---	------------	---

- **0: Detection all the time.** during the working process of inverter , it still work after detecting overload situation.
  - 1: Enable only constant speed detection. Only the inverter work in a

corp.com mcocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

🗐 Fax:∘۲۱ – ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲



F19.06		Range: 20~18 (Inverter rated
F19.07	Inverter overload pre-alarm delay time	Range: 0.0~20

If output current higher parameter F19.06,the set electrical level will go though delay time of F19.07,open collector will output enabled signal (please refer to fig7-47 and parameter list F09.00~F09.03).

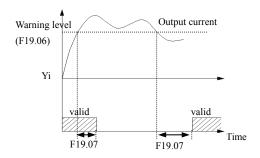


Fig.7-47 Overload alarm

F19.08	Motor underload alarm detection level	Range: 0.0~120.0% (Motor rated current)	50.0%
F19.09	Motor underload alarm detection time	Range: 0.1~60.0s	2.0s

The output current Inverter will lower than Underload alarm detection level F19.08 (definite the value, comparing to motor rating current ), and the last time will over motor underload alarm detection level time F19.09,then Yi will output underload alarm Signal .

F19.10	Motor underload	Range: units digit: 0~2	00
	alarm detection action	tens digit: 0∼2	UU

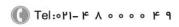
Units digit: detection selection.

- 0: No detection.
- 1: The operation has been detected all the time. This detection is enabled during the running process of inverter.
- **2: Detect in constant speed mode only.** This detection is enabled during the constant speed mode only.

Tens digit: action selection.

**0: when it's in alarm, continue operation.** inverter will only warn when detecting motor is underload alarm

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، بناک ۱۲



it will lock PWM output, the motor will stop with free rotati

	Input & output phase loss, short circuit detection	Range: units digit: tens digit: hundreds	يپره
	action	thousands digit: 0,1	

Units digit: input phase failure protect

0: No detection.

1: Fault, Free stop . When inverter detect that the input is lacked one phase, alarm in input lacked, alarm, and free stop.

Tens digit: output phase failure protection

0: No detection.

1:Fault, Free stop . When inverter detect that the output is lacked one phase, alarm in input lacked, then Free stop.

Hundreds digit: power-on will detect Short circuit protection.

0: No detection.

1: Fault, Free stop. When inverter is power-on, the output to earth is short-circuiting. At this time, the fault of short-circuiting to earth while power on is alarmed, the inverter freely stops.

Thousands digit: The detection to earth Short circuit protection in the running mode.

0: No detection.

1: Fault, Free stop. When inverter is power-on, the output to earth is short-circuiting during the running process. At this time, the fault of short-circuiting to earth while running is alarmed, the inverter freely stops.

F19.12	Overvoltage stall selection	Range: 0,1	1

0: Disabled.

1: Enabled

F19.13	Overvoltage stall protection voltage	Range: 100~150%	125%
--------	--------------------------------------	-----------------	------

During deceleration, the motor's decelerate rate may be lower than that of drive's output frequency due to the load inertia. At this time, the motor will feed the energy back to the drive, resulting in the voltage rise on the drive's DC bus. If no measures taken, the drive will trip due to over voltage.

During the deceleration, the drive detects the bus voltage and compares it with the over voltage point at stall defined by F19.13. If the bus voltage exceeds the stall over-voltage point, the output frequency of the inverter will stop decreasing. When the bus voltage become lower than the point, then run slowly, as shown in

Fig 7\_48 COPD.COM

ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- + A 0 0 0 0 + 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲



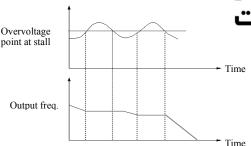


Fig. 7-48 Over-voltage at stall

F19.14	Automatic current limit level	Range: 50~230%	170%
F19.15	Frequency decline rate of automatic current limit	Range: 0.00~99.99Hz/s	10.00Hz/s
F19.16	Automatic current limit action selection	Range: 0,1	0

# 0: Constant speed disabled.

## 1: Constant speed enabled.

Auto current limiting function is used to limit the load current smaller than the value defined by F19.14 in real time. Therefore the drive will not trip due to surge over-current. This function is especially useful for the applications with big load inertia or big change of load.

F19.14 defines the threshold of auto current limiting. It is a percentage of the drive's rated current.

F19.15 defines the decrease rate of output frequency when the drive is in auto current limiting status.

If F19.15 is set too small, overload fault may occur. If it is set too big, the frequency will change too sharply and therefore, the drive may be in generating status for longtime, which may result in overvoltage protection.

Auto current limiting function is always active in Acc or Dec process. Whether the function is active in constant speed operating process is decided by F19.16.

F19.16=0 Auto current limiting function is disabled inconstant speed operating process;

F19.16=1 Auto current limiting function is enabled inconstant speed operating process;

In auto current limiting process, the drive's output frequency may change; therefore, it is recommended not to enable the function when the drive's output

corp.com mcocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F G

☐ Fax:011 - ##99#9##

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲



# F19.17 Rapid current-limiting coefficient Range: 1:

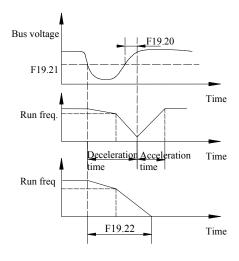
The rapid current limit function can reduce the AC drive's maximum, guaranteeing uninterrupted running of the AC d in a rapid current limit state for a long time, the AC drive may be overheated or overloaded for further protection.

The lower the setting of the F19.17, the more sensitive the rapid current limit is. When the F19.17 equals 250%, the rapid current limit function is invalid.

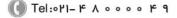
F19.18	Motor run section selection when instant power off	Range: 0,1	0
--------	--	------------	---

# 0: disabled 1: enabled

F19.19	Frequency droop rate when instant power off	Range: 0.00~99.99Hz/s	10.00Hz/s	
F19.20	Voltage rebound estimate time when instant power off	Range: 0.00~10.00s	0.10s	
F19.21	Action estimate voltage when instant power off	Range: 60~100%	80%	
F19.22	Allowed the longest off time when instant power off	Range: 0.30~5.00s	2.00s	



corp.com ncocorp.com





ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۲



Upon instantaneous power failure or sudden voltage dip, the AC drive reduces. This function enables the AC drive bus voltage reduction with the load feedback energy by frequency so as to keep the AC drive running continuously.

If F19.18 = 1, upon instantaneous power failure or sudden voltage dip, the AC drive decelerates. Once the bus voltage resumes to normal, the AC drive accelerates to the set frequency. If the bus voltage remains normal for the time exceeding the value set inF19.20, it is considered that the bus voltage resumes to normal

When instantaneous power failure happens, if the time is exceed the time of F19.22 definite, inverter No alarm, stop in stopping mode Free stop.

	, , ,		
F19.23	Terminal external device fault action selection	Range: 0~2	2

- **0: Alarm, continue operation .**When inverter checked that Terminal of the external is no alarm, stop in stopping mode enabled, it will alarm, then run continue. Under this mode, the inverter will do nothing with Terminal of the external in No alarm, stop in stopping mode, so please cautiously use.
- 1: Alarm, Stop according to the stop mode. When Inverter detect terminal outside fault is enabled, alarm, and then press Stop in stopping mode.
- **2:** Fault, Free stop .When inverter detect terminal external fault is enabled, alarm for external equipment fault, and free stop.

		1 1	1	
1	F19.24	Power on terminal protection selection	Range: 0,1	0

- 0: Disabled.
- 1: Enabled.

When setting power down and then restart function is enabled, this function is disabled. When the running command channel is terminal command, and when power-on and detection run the command is enabled, it will get terminal protection with faults, this function only is enabled for terminal FWD/REV function.

F19.25	Provide lost detection value	Range: 0~100%	0%
F19.26	Provide lost detection time	Range: 0.0~20.0s	0.5s

When setting PID is lower than F19.25 definition continuous(setting the Max. as base), and the constant time is over than the time that F19.26 definition detected, then PID setting will lost, inverter will run base on F19.31 Units place set.PID loss detection show on fig 7-50.

	loss detection show on fig 7-50.				
	F19.27	Feedback lost detection value Range: 0~100%	12%		
orp	.com	Τel:∘۲۱– ۴ Λ ∘ ∘ ∘ ∘ ۴ ٩	مخصوص کرج)		

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9F1

ncocorp.com

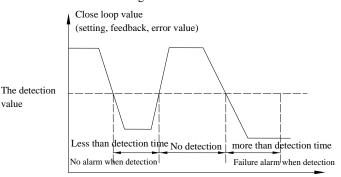


When the feedback value of PID is lower than F19.27 defir base, and the constant time is over than the time that F19. then PID setting will lost.

Inverter will run base on F19.31 Tens place set.PID loss detection show on fig 7-50.

	eviation magnitude		<b>=</b> 00/
F19.29	abnormal detection value	Range: 0~100%	50%
F19.30	Deviation magnitude	Range: 0.0~20.0s 0.5s	
113.30	abnormal detection time	Kange. 0.0 - 20.08	0.58

When the Error amount of PID is higher than F19.29 definite(setting the input as base, and the constant time is over than the time that F19.30 definition detected, then PID setting will lost. inverter will run base on F19.31 hundred's place set.PID loss detection show on fig 7-50.



Time Fig. 7-50 Closed loop detection timing diagram

F19.31	Protection selection 1	action	Range: units digit: 0~3 tens digit: 0~3 hundreds digit: 0~3	000
--------	------------------------	--------	---	-----

This parameter definite the Internal PID controls the action selection of the setting loss and the fault Error amount. When it's set as 0 OR 1, inverter will have no response. And with no protection selection, users should set this parameter basing on the actual applications.

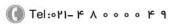
Units digit: setting PID lost motion detection.

0: no detection.

value

- 1: Alarm, continue operation
- 2: Alarm, Stop according to the stop mode
- 3. Fault Free ston

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

- 0: no detection.
- 1: Alarm, continue operation.
- 2: Alarm, Stop according to the stop mode.
- 3: Fault, Free stop.

Hundreds digit: The amount of error fault for PID detection operation

- 0: no detection.
- 1: Alarm, continue operation
- 2: Alarm, Stop according to the stop mode
- 3: Fault, Free stop.

Protection action tens digit: 0~2	F19.32		hundreds digit: 0~2	1200
-----------------------------------	--------	--	---------------------	------

This parameter definite the communication fault, E<sup>2</sup>PROM fault, Contactor fault and lack-voltage when it's in No alarm, stop in stopping mode for the action selection of inverter. When it's set as 0, during the fault situation, inverter will only alarm. And with no protection selection, users should set this parameter basing on the actual applications.

Units digit: communication fault action, including communication replay and fault.

- 0: Alarm, continue operation
- 1: Alarm, Stop according to the stop mode
- 2: Fault, free stop.

Tens digit: E<sup>2</sup>PROM fault action selection.

- 0: Alarm, continue operation
- 1: Alarm, stop according to the stop mode
- 2: Fault, free stop.

Hundreds digit: Contactor fault action selection.

- 0: Alarm, continue operation
- 1: Alarm, stop according to the stop mode
- 2: Fault, free stop.

Thousands digit: running lack-Voltage fault display action selection.

- 0: no detection.
- 1: Fault, free stop.

	1.1	1. I duit, if ce stop.		
	F19.33	Reserved		
	F19.34	Reserved		
)	.com	Tolery) 16 A		

corp.com ncocorp.com

(I) Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 0

V .. N 1 K K G G K C K U



		Range: units
F19.33	during the period of recovery	tens o

Units digit: During automatic reset of fault display sele

**0: Action.** During automatic reset, Yi and Relay of will update display the Signal based on the internal state.

**1: No action.** During automatic reset, Yi and Relay display Signal No action. Tens digit: Lock function selection, to realize display before power-off.

0: disabled.

1: enabled. When this function is enabled, if the inverter shows the fault before the last time power down, then the inverter will display the fault last time fault state, make sure that users will know about the inverter's potential faults.

This parameter defines the run frequency when users choose "Alarm, continues to run" for the inverter's failure.

0: running at the current setting frequency.

1: running at the upper limiting frequency.

2: running at the lower limit frequency.

3: running at the fault Alternate frequency.

F19.37	Abnormal standby frequency	Range: 0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	10.00Hz
	irequency	irequency	

This parameter definite the alternative running frequency when inverter fault , user can use it along with parameter F19.36.

F19.38	Disconnection testing time of encoder	Range: 0.0~8.0s (No detection while at 0)	0.0s

When the inverter runs with the closed-loop vector mode, the detection starts while the run frequency is higher than 1Hz, when the A,B-phase signal of the encoder continues for the time set in F19.38, and no feedback has been received, then the inverter alarms the fault of E-37 and freely stop.

F19.39	Overspeed detection value	Range: 0.0~120.0% (equals upper limit frequency)	120.0%
F19.40	Overspeed detection time	Range: 0.00~20.00s (no detection while at 0)	0.00s

Under the open-loop or the closed-loop vector mode, when it was detected that the motor rotational speed is higher than the setting value of F19.39, and after the continue time of F19.40's setting value, the inverter alarms fault of E-38 and freely stop. No detection when F19.40 equals 0, but detection is still available when F19.39 equals 0.

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- # A 0 0 0 0 # 9

🗐 Fax:071 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ر جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲



F19.41	Detection value of too large speed deviation	Range: 0.0~50.0% (equals upper limit fre	ييرصنعت
F19.42	Detection time of too large speed deviation	Range: 0.00~20.00s (no detection while at	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Under the open-loop or the closed-loop vector running mode, when it was detected that the difference of motor rotational speed and setting rotational speed equals the setting value of F19.41, and after the continue time of F19.42's setting value, the inverter alarms fault of E-39 and freely stop. No detection when F19.42 equals 0, but detection is still available when F19.41 equals 0.

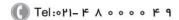
F19.43	Overvoltage suppression coefficient	Range: 0.0~100.0%	90.0%
--------	-------------------------------------	-------------------	-------

The bigger value of F19.43, the more obvious the suppression will be, but the load response will be slow, the parameter is available when F00.24=1 or 2.

When the load fluctuation is strong, the devices like crusher, punch, pipe file machine and the equipment with clutch will be over-voltage easily, so increasing the parameter is needed.

F19.44 Reserved	F19.44	Reserved		
-----------------	--------	----------	--	--

corp.com mcocorp.com





ں (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲



# 7.21 Internal Virtual Input Output Node Param

F20.00	Virtual input VDI1 function selection	Range:	
F20.01	Virtual input VDI2 function selection	Range: U->90	U
F20.02	Virtual input VDI3 function selection	Range: 0~90	0
F20.03	Virtual input VDI4 function selection	Range: 0~90	0
F20.04	Virtual input VDI5 function selection	Range: 0~90	0

VDI1 to VDI5 have the same functions as Xi terminals on the control board and can be used for digital input. For more details, see description of F08.18 to F08.25. The realization of the function set by internal virtual terminal must be based on the available terminal function.

F20.05	Virtual output VDO1 function selection	Range: 0~60	0
F20.06	Virtual output VDO2 function selection	Range: 0~60	0
F20.07	Virtual output VDO3 function selection	Range: 0~60	0
F20.08	Virtual output VDO4 function selection	Range: 0~60	0
F20.09	Virtual output VDO5 function selection	Range: 0~60	0

VDO functions are similar to the Yi functions on the control board. The VDO can be used together with VDIx to implement some simple logic control.

If VDO function is set to non-0, the function setting and use of VDOx are the same as the output of parameter of Yi. Please refer to descriptions in group F09.

F20.10	Virtual output VDO1 open delay time	Range: 0.00~600.00s	0.00s
F20.11	Virtual output VDO2 open delay time	Range: 0.00~600.00s	0.00s
F20.12	Virtual output VDO3 open delay time	Range: 0.00~600.00s	0.00s
F20.13	Virtual output VDO4 open delay time	Range: 0.00~600.00s	0.00s
F20.14	Virtual output VDO5 open delay time	Range: 0.00~600.00s	0.00s
F20.15	Virtual output VDO1 close delay time	Range: 0.00~600.00s	0.00s
F20.16	Virtual output VDO2 close delay time	Range: 0.00~600.00s	0.00s
F20.17	Virtual output VDO3 close delay time	Range: 0.00~600.00s	0.00s
T20.40	Virtual output VDO4 close	D 0.00 (00.00	0.00

corp.com

ncocorp.com

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

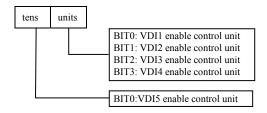


F20.19 Virtual output VDO5 close delay time Range: 0.00~0

F20.10~ F20.19 definite the time of open up and VDO1~VDO5 definite is the delay time of internal level from open up to shut down.

F20.20	Virtual input VDI enable control	Range: 00~FF	00
--------	----------------------------------	--------------	----

Parameter F20.20 is to control VDI1 $\sim$ VDI5 is enable. F20.20(BIT0-BIT4) is according to the enable unit VDI1 $\sim$ VDI5,0 stands for disabled , 1 stands for enable. The relations are below:



F20.21	Virtual input VDI status digital setup	Range: 00~FF	00
--------	--	--------------	----

Virtual input terminal VDI state is determined by the VDI F20.21 definite virtual input VDI state Digital and virtual output terminal VDO state, the relation between them is logical OR.

Parameter F20.21 BIT0-BIT4 is according to VDI1-VDI5 state, 0 stands for disabled state, 1 stands for enabled state.

F20.22	Virtual input: output connection	Range: 00~FF	00
--------	----------------------------------	--------------	----

Bit0: The connection of VDI1 and VDO1

0 : positive logic.

1 : negative logic.

Bit1: The connection of VDI2 and VDO2

0 : positive logic.1 : negative logic.

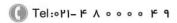
Bit2: The connection of VDI3 and VDO3

0 : positive logic.1 : negative logic.

Bit3: The connection of VDI4 and VDO4

0: positive logic.

corp.com ncocorp.com





ں (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲



0 : positive logic.

1: negative logic.

Parameter F20.22 definite logical relation if the virtual outr is according to logical relation setting of VDI1~VDI5 and VDO1~VDO5, 0 stands for positive logic, 1 stands for negative logic.



Parameter F20.21 definition VDI state, the Digital setting will not influence by F20.22.

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9



# 7.22 Reserved parameter group 2:F21

1.22 ItCs	serveu parameter group	
F21.00		يپرست
~	Reserved	
F21.21		

# 7.23 Reserved parameter group 3:F22

		0 1	
F22.00			
~	Reserved		
F22.17			

# 7.24 Reserved parameter group 4:F23

F23.00			
~	Reserved		
F23.17			

# 7.25 Reserved parameter group 5:F24

F24.00		
~	Reserved	
F24.13		

corp.com

ncocorp.com

Tel:∘۲1- κ Λ ∘ ∘ ∘ κ α



ن (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

،، پلاک ۲



# 7.26 User Definition Display Parameter Group:

F25.00	User function code 1	Range: F00.00~F	<del>,</del>
F25.01	User function code 2	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.02	User function code 3	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.03	User function code 4	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.04	User function code 5	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.05	User function code 6	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.06	User function code 7	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.07	User function code 8	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.08	User function code 9	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.09	User function code 10	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.10	User function code 11	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.11	User function code 12	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.12	User function code 13	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.13	User function code 14	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.14	User function code 15	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.15	User function code 16	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.16	User function code 17	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.17	User function code 18	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.18	User function code 19	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.19	User function code 20	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.20	User function code21	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.21	User function code 22	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.22	User function code 23	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.23	User function code 24	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.24	User function code 25	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25.25	User function code 26	Range: F00.00~F25.xx	25.00
F25 26	User function code 27	Danga. FAA AA~F25 yv	25 00



F25.27	User function code 28	Range: F00.00~F	•
F25.28	User function code 29	Range: F00.00~F	
F25.29	User function code 30	Range: F00.00~Fz:	o.xx

This parameter is the User-defined parameter, user can choose the at most 30 from F0 to F30 that are reflect into F25, in order to check and alter more convenient.

Use F25.00 setting the first function code parameter that users plan to. then use F25.01 setting the second function code parameter that users plan to, so after the maximum 30 User-defined parameter that can define is finished, then setting F00.00=3(user list view, press  $\bigcirc$  .If users want to drop out user-defined parameter mode, setting F00.00 $\neq$ 3, then press.

For example: user plan to set three User-defined parameter :F02.01,F03.02 和 F04.00, following the steps below :

- (1)Use F25.00 to set the first function code parameter 02.01, press
- (2)Use F25.01 to set the second function code parameter03.02, press (DATA);
- (3)Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00, press (3) Use F25.02 to set the third function code parameter 04.00 to
- (4)Set F00.00=3(user list view, press(ENTER)).

After the setting is finished, if users do not change F00.00 function code, when enter function code display state, the operation panel will display F00.00,F02.01,F03.02 and F04.00 only, if the user do not want to display User-defined parameter, setting F00.00 to the display expected mode.



- 1. xx represent function code.
- 2.F25.xx represent no reflection.



When the setting function parameter is not available into the range of EN500/EN600 permit, setting the User-defined parameter will not make effective.

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- + 1 0 0 0 0 + 0

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یناک ۱۲



# 7.27 Fault Record Function Parameter Group: I

F26.00	The last fault record	Range: 0~50	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
F26.01	The last two fault records	Range: 0~50	v
F26.02	The last three fault records	Range: 0~50	0
F26.03	The last four fault records	Range: 0~50	0

0:No fault.

1~26: E-01~E-26 fault.

27~29: Reserved.

30~40: E-30~E-40 fault.

41~50: Reserved.

F26.00~F26.03 definite the four times previous four code of faults and the two times previous fault for the voltage, current terminal and etc of inverter, users base on fault code and refer to fault function& fault handle process, then getting the results for different types of fault and reasons.

F26.04	Setup frequency at the last one fault	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.00Hz
F26.05	Output frequency at the last one fault	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.00Hz
F26.06	Output current at the last one fault	Range: 0.0~6553.5A	0.0A
F26.07	DC bus voltage at the last one fault	Range: 0.0~6553.5V	0.0V
F26.08	Module temperature at the last one fault	Range: 0~125℃	0℃
F26.09	Input terminal status at the last one fault		0
F26.10	Accumulated run time at the last one fault	Range: 0~65535min	0min
F26.11	Setup frequency at the last two fault	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.00Hz
F26.12	Output frequency at the last two fault	Range:0.00Hz~upper limit frequency	0.00Hz
F26.13	Output current at the last two fault	Range: 0.0~6553.5A	0.0A
F26.14	DC busbar voltage at the last two fault	Range: 0.0~6553.5V	0.0V
F26.15	Module temperature at the last two fault	Range: 0~125℃	0℃
F26 16	Input terminal status at		0

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

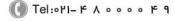


F26.17 Accumulated run time at the last two fault

F26.04~F26.17 record the running state of fault for the

before, when Input terminal state at the fault, the terminal state is the whole terminal state after the time delay, including the standard input terminal state and expanded input terminal state. When Virtual terminal communication is set as the terminal panel point, the standard Input terminal state is determined by the actual physical input terminal and Virtual terminal communication please refer to the details of the Input terminal state:

Bit0:X1(Standard input terminal 1). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit1:X2(Standard input terminal 2). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit2:X3(Standard input terminal 3). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit3:X4(Standard input terminal 4). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit4:X5(Standard input terminal 5). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit5:X6(Standard input terminal 6). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit6:X7(Standard input terminal 7). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit7:X8(Standard input terminal 8). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit8:EX1(Extended input terminal 1). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit9:EX2(Extended input terminal 2). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit10:EX3(Extended input terminal 3). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit11:EX4(Extended input terminal 4). 1: valid;0: invalid Bit12:EX5(Extended input terminal 5). 1: valid;0: invalid BiT13:EX6(Extended input terminal 6). 1: valid;0: invalid





# 7.28 Password and Manufacturer Function F

F27

F27.00 User password Range: 00000~65555 00000

User password setting function is used for preventing unauthorized persons from checking and modifying the functional parameters.

Set F27.00 to 00000 if the user password function is unnecessary.

If user password function is necessary, input a 5-digitnone-zero figure, and press to confirm. The password is effective at once.

To change the password:

Press and input the primary password, selectF27.00 (F27.00=00000 at the moment), then input new password and press to confirm. The password is effective at once.

To cancel the password:

Press (ESC) into the state of verification, and enter the original correct 5-digit password into the state of parameter editing, then select F27.00 (F27.00=00000 at the moment), and directly press (STEP) to confirm, the password can be canceled

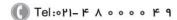


Please memorize the password. Seeking advice from manufacturer in case it is lost.

F27.01	Manufacturer password	Range: 00000~65535	00000
--------	-----------------------	--------------------	-------

Factory setting function, the user can't modify.

corp.com ncocorp.com





ر جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یناک ۱۲



# 8 Troubleshooting

## 8.1 Failure and countermeasure

Possible failure types in EN500/EN600 are shown in Table 6-1, the failure types including fault and alarm two kinds. Such as if inverter fault display E-XX, while the corresponding alarm is displayed in A-XX. Once the inverter failure, fault types are stored in the F26 fault recording parameter group, and if alarm, alarm status has been revealed, until the alarm source release, alarm status are not logged to the F26 parameter group. Some failure code is reserved for intelligent automatic diagnosis function which will be executed continuously in future. When failure takes place in the inverter, the user should check according to note of these table first and record failure phenomena detailedly. Please contact our after-sale service and technical support Department or agent in your local place when technical service is needed.

Table 8-1 Failure type and the countermeasure

Failure code	Failure type	Possible reason	Countermeasure
		Accelerating time is too short	Prolong accelerating time
		Improper V/F curve	Adjust V/F curve setting, adjust manual torque boost or change to automatic torque boost
E-01		Restart rotating motor	Set speed checking restart function
E-01	accelerating process	Low power source voltage	Check input power supply
		Too small power of the inverter	Choose inverter with high-power
		vector control	Check whether the motor wiring is in good condition
	Overcurrent during decelerating process	Decelerating time is too	Prolong decelerating time
E-02		Have potential energy load or big Inertia load	Increase braking power of external energy consumption braking subassembly
		Power of inverter is a bit small	Choose inverter with high-power
		Load change suddenly or have unwonted phenomena	Check or reduce saltation of the load
E-03	Overcurrent during constant speed process	Acc./Dec. time is set to too short	Prolong accelerating /decelerating time properly
		low power source voltage	Check input power supply
		Power of inverter is a bit small	Choose inverter with high-power
E-04	Overvoltage	Unwonted input voltage	Check input power supply

c o r p . c o m ncocorp.com

( Tel:011- F A 0 0 0 0 F 6

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲



	1		
		Restart rotating motor	Set speed
	Overvoltage during	Decelerating time is too short	Prolong d
E-05	decelerating process	Have potential energy load or big inertia load	Increase b energy consumption braking subassembly
		Unwonted input voltage	Check input power supply
	Overvoltage during	Acc/Dec time is set to too short	Prolong accelerating decelerating time properly
E-06	constant speed process	Input voltage change abnormally	Assemble reactor
		Load inertia is a bit big	Use energy consumption subassembly
E-07	Inverter control power supply overvoltage	Unwonted input voltage	Check input power supply or look for service
E-08	Low-voltage when running	Input voltage is too low	Check the input voltage
		Acc time is set to too short	Prolong accelerating time
	Inverter overload protection	DC injection braking is too big	Reduce DC injection braking current, prolong braking time
E-09		improper V/F curve	Adjust V/F curve and torque boost
L 0)		Restart rotating motor	Set speed checking restart function
		power source voltage is too low	check power source voltage
		Load is too big	Choose inverter with high-power
		Improper V/F curve	Adjust V/F curve and torque boost
	Motor overload	Power source voltage is too low	check power source voltage
E-10 (A-10)		General motor run at low speed with big load	Can choose frequency conversion motor for long time low speed run
(A-10)	protection	Motor overload protection factor set incorrectly	to set motor overload protection factor correctly
		Motor blocked up or load change too suddenly and quickly	Check the load
E-11 (A-11)	Motor underload	The operating current of inverter less than underload threshold	
(A-11)	protection	load divorced from motor	Checking whether the load divorced from motor
E-12	The input phase lose	The three-phase input power supply is abnormal	Check the three-phase input power line is off or poor contact

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:071 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲



		Power supply board anomaly	Look for or agent
		The control board anomaly	Look for or agent
		Anomaly wire between motor and inverter	Check the motor wire
E-13	The output	When the motor runs inverter three-phase output unbalanced	Check whether the motor three-phase winding is balance
	phase lose	Power supply board anomaly	Look for service from manufacturer or agent
		The control board anomaly	Look for service from manufacturer or agent
		Transient overcurrent of the inverter	Refer to countermeasure for overcurrent
		phase to phase short circuit or earthing short circuit of output 3 phase	wiring again
		Air-path blocked or fan damaged	To clear air-path or replace the fan
	Inverting module protection	Ambient temperature is too high	Lower ambient temperature
E-14		Connecting wire or insert on control board loose	Check and connect the wire again
		Unwonted current wave caused by missing output phase etc.	
		Assistant power supply damaged and drive voltage lacking	
		Unwonted control board	Look for service from manufacturer or agent
		Motor short circuit to ground	The replacement of cable or motor
E-15	Short circuit to ground when operation	Hall component is damaged or the hall wiring is poor or the current detection circuit is abnormal	Look for service from manufacturer
		Motor short circuit to ground	Change the cable or motor
E-16	Short circuit to ground when power on	wiring are reversed	Change the cable or motor wiring
		Hall component is damaged or the hall wiring is poor	Look for service from manufacturer or agent
E-17 (A-17)	Inverter overheat	Continuous alarm on A-17 for more than 30 minutes	Cleaning or to improve the ventilation duct

ncocorp.com

Tel:071- ۴ ۸ 0 0 0 0 ۴ 9



		The ambient temperature is too high	To improve conditions frequency
		Fan damage	Change no
E-18 (A-18)	External device failure	Sudden stop terminal for external failure closed	Open external failure terminal after external failure is settled
E-19	Current detecting	Connecting wire or insert on control board loose Assistant power supply damaged	Check and connect the wire again  Look for service from manufacturer or agent
E-19	circuit failure	Hall component damaged	Look for service from manufacturer or agent
		Unwonted amplifying circuit	Look for service from manufacturer or agent
E-20	External interference failure	The interruption protection of CPU is triggered, but none of the actual overcurrent, overvoltage and short circuit signals have been detected	Press "STOP/RESET" button to reset or add external power supply filter from power input side
E-21	Internal interference failure	Internal disturbance serious	Power off and restart, if the failure persists, seek the manufacturer or dealer service
		PID given loss threshold setting is not reasonable	To reset the relevant parameters
E-22 (A-22)	PID given loss	External given disconnection	Check external given wiring
		The control board anomaly	Look for service from manufacturer or agent
		PID feedback loss threshold setting is not reasonable	To reset the relevant parameters
E-23 (A-23)	PID feedback loss	Feedback signal disconnection	Check external feedback signal wiring
		The control board anomaly	Look for service from manufacturer or agent
E-24 (A-24)	PID error amount abnormal	PID error abnormal detection threshold setting is not reasonable	To reset the relevant parameters
(A-24)	amount aonormai	The control board anomaly	Look for service from manufacturer or agent
E-25	Start terminal protection	Terminal command effective when power on .	Check the external input terminal state
E-26 (A-26)	Communication failure	Baud rate set improperly	set Baud rate properly
		Serial port communication error	Press "STOP/RESET" key to reset, look for service
	1	Failure warning parameter	Modify F05.04, F05.05

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

corp.com ncocorp.com



erved erved erved ROM read write ngly perature cting connection tuning failure	Mistake take place when read or write control parameter Temperature sensor fault The temperature detection circuit anomaly	Reset by pressing "STOP/RESET" Look for service from manufacturer or agent Look for service from manufacturer or agent Look for service from manufacturer or agent
erved ROM read write ngly perature cting onnection	read or write control parameter  Temperature sensor fault The temperature detection	Look for service from manufacturer or agent Look for service from manufacturer or agent
ROM read write ngly perature cting onnection	read or write control parameter  Temperature sensor fault The temperature detection	Look for service from manufacturer or agent Look for service from manufacturer or agent
write ngly  perature cting onnection	read or write control parameter  Temperature sensor fault The temperature detection	Look for service from manufacturer or agent Look for service from manufacturer or agent
onnection	The temperature detection	or agent
onnection		Look for service from manufacturer
tuning failure		or agent
	Parameter setting not according to the motor nameplate	set parameter correctly according to the motor nameplate
2	current anomaly when tuning	Select inverter match the motor
	Motor wiring error	Check the motor three-phase wiring
tactor anomaly	Power board anomaly	Look for service from manufacturer or agent
	Contactor anomaly	Replace contactor
factory fault 1	Debugging use in factory	
factory fault 2	Debugging use in factory	
The bus capacitor overheating	Poor cooling environment	Improve the inverter heat dissipation environment
	The inverter capacity is too small	Select inverter match motor
	Bus capacitance cooling fan is damaged	Replace the bus capacitor cooling fan
oder onnection	Damaged encoder or poor wiring	Check the wiring or the encoder
	Short acceleration time	Prolong the acceleration time
repood	Low inverter power	Select high-power inverter
Overspeed protection	Overspeed detect parameter F19.39 and F19.40 is set improperly	Set the parameter properly according to the situation
	Short Acceleration/ deceleration time	Prolong the acceleration time
ge speed	Low inverter power	Select high-power inverter
deviation protection	Over velocity misalignment. Parameter F19.41 and F19.42 is set improperly	Set the parameter properly according to the situation
	Z signal wire of motor coder is unconnected or	Check the Z signal wire of motor coder.
t of Z pulse	loose.	
f f b b c c b c c c c c c c c c c c c c	actory fault 1 actory fault 2  ous ittor leating  der leating  der leating  speed letion  espeed letion  espeed letion  espeed letion  espeed letion  espeed letion  espeed letion letion	Contactor anomaly Contactor Contactor anomaly Contactor Contactor anomaly Contactor Contacto

corp.com ncocorp.com

Tel:071- 4 A 0 0 0 0 4 9

|| Fax:∘۲۱ – ۴۴۹۹۴۶۴۲



A-51	The main and auxiliary given frequency channel exclusiveness alarm	Parameter setting error	F01.00 ar the same encoder g
A-52	Terminal function exclusiveness alarm	Terminal function parameters setting repeatedly	Check the terminal function settings
LOCH1.	Keypad lock	Keypad lock	Press (LERU) key for more than 2s to unlock the keypad.



- 1, Alarm fault of E-16, the inverter must be power off for reset.
- 2, For the faults of over-current, short-circuit to ground while running, inverter can reset after 2s's delay
- 3, When alarm fault of E-09, the reset time of inverter types over 75kw (including 75kw) is 10s; for 55kw (including 55kw), the time is 4s

# 8.2 Failure record lookup

This series inverter can record latest 4 failure code and inverter run parameter of the last 2 times failure, refer to these information can redound to finding out reason of the failure.

Failure information is all stored in F26 group parameter, please enter into F26 group parameter to see about information by referring to keypad operation method.

Code	Content	Code	Content
F26.00	Previous one failure record	F26.09	Input terminal state at previous failure
F26.01	Previous two failure record	F26.10	Running time at previous failure
F26.02	Previous three failure record	F26.11	Set freq. at previous 2 failure
F26.03	Previous four failure record	F26.12	Output freq. at previous 2 failure
F26.04	Set freq. at previous failure	F26.13	Output current at previous 2 failure
F26.05	Output freq. at previous failure	F26.14	DC bus volt. at previous 2 failure
F26.06	Output current at previous failure	F26.15	Module temp. at previous 2 failure
F26.07	DC bus volt. at previous failure	F26.16	Input terminal state of previous 2 failure
F26.08	Module temp. at previous failure	F26.17	Running time of previous 2

c o r p . c o m ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 0

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9F7



#### 8.3 Failure reset

1. Before reset you must find out reason of famure gownright and eliminate it,

otherwise may cause permanent damage to the inverter.

- 2. If can't reset or failure takes place again after resetting, should look for reason and continuous resetting will damage the inverter.
- 3. Reset should take place 5 minutes later after overload, overheat protection action.
- 4. For the fault of E-14, the reset is invalid, the motor wiring should be checked after power off, and restart the inverter.
- 5. When there is a fault of E-16 after power on, do not directly run the inverter after reset, and need to check whether the input, out wiring are reversed.

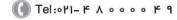
To resume normal running when failure takes place in the inverter, you can choose following any kind of operation:

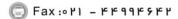
- (1) After you set any terminal of X1~X8 to be inputted by external RESET, it will be reset after connected to COM.
- (2) When failure code is displayed, press key after confirmed that it can be restoration.
- (3) Communication reset. Please refer to annex description.
- (4) Cut off power supply.

#### 8.4 Alarm reset

When an alarm occurs, must eliminate alarm source which cause alarm, otherwise the alarm cannot be eliminated, also cannot be reset by reset button.

corp.com ncocorp.com





# FAMCO

# 9 Maintenance

## 9.1 Routine maintenance

When you use this series you must assemble and operate it according to administration and aging parts will affect it, which may cause failure of the inverter. To avoid this, it is recommended to perform routine inspections and maintenance.

Table 9-1 Daily inspection and maintenance items

	10	able 9-1 Dany inspection and maintenance items	
Period		Inspection item	
Daily	Periodic	пізресної пені	
√		Daily cleaning: (1)Inverter should be maintained in a clean state (2)Clean up the dust on the surface of inverter, prevent the dust into the inverter internal (especially metal dust). (3)Clean up the oil stain of cooling fan	
	$\sqrt{}$	Check the air duct, and regularly clean.	
	$\sqrt{}$	Check whether the screws is loose	
	$\sqrt{}$	Check whether the inverter is corrode	
		Whether inverter installation environment changes	
		Whether the inverter cooling fan is working properly	
V		Whether the inverter is overheating	
V		When running whether voice of motor abnormal change.	
V		Whether occur abnormal vibration when motor running	
	$\sqrt{}$	Check wiring terminals have arc trace	
	$\sqrt{}$	The main circuit insulation test	

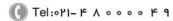
Recommend to inspect with following instrument:

Input voltage: electric voltmeter; output voltage: rectifying voltmeter; input output current: pincers ammeter.

# 9.2 Inspection and replacement of damageable parts

Some component parts in the inverter will be abraded or bear descending performance for long-term usage, to assure that the inverter can run stably and reliably, it is recommended to perform defending maintenance and replace corresponding parts if necessary.

corp.com ncocorp.com





# FAMCU هاييرسنعت

(1) Cooling fan

Abnormal noise, even oscillation may take place if the fan aging blade, here replacement of the fan should be consider

## (2) Filter electrolyte capacitance

When frequent-changing load causes increasing pulsant current and aging electrolyte under high ambient temperature, the electrolyte capacitance may be damaged and here should replace it.

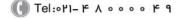
# 9.3 Repair guarantee

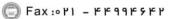
- (1) We provide the free maintenance within warranty time if any failure or damage under normal usage, the warranty time can be seen in the warranty card, we will charge some when exceed warranty time.
- (2) We will take some upkeep if one of following situations takes place within period of repair guarantee.
- a. If did not use the inverter according to *service manual* strictly or did not use it under ambient demanded in *service manual*, which cause failure.
- b. Failure caused by applying the inverter to non-normal function;
- c. Failure caused by self-repair, refit which is not already allowed;
- d. Damage caused by bad keeping, falling down from high place or other extrinsic factor after purchasing the inverter;
- Failure caused by natural disaster or its reason such as unwonted voltage, thunderbolt, water fog, fire, salt corroding, gas corroding, earthquake and storm etc.;
- f. Make bold to tear up product logo (such as: nameplate etc.); Body serial number don't accord with that in repair guarantee card.
- (3) We calculate service fee based on actual cost, which is subject to contract if any.
- (4) You can contact the agent and also our company directly if you have questions. After repair guarantee period, we shall also provide lifetime charged repair service for our products.



Our company will also provide lifetime repair service with fee for inverter which is not within period of repair guarantee.

corp.com ncocorp.com





# FAMCO هاييرسنعت

# 9.4 Storage

The user must pay attention to following points for to long-term storage after purchasing the inverter:

- (1) Avoid storing the inverter in high temperature, moist place and place of dust, metal powder and assure good ventilation.
- (2) Longtime storage will cause low quality of electrolyte capacitance, so must assure that it's electrified for one time within 1 year and electrification time is not shorter than 1 hour and input voltage must be increased to rated value gradually by voltage regulator of 250w, meanwhile the inverter should be cut off from the motor.



# Appendix A Modbus communication

# A.1 Summary

This communication protocol is interface criterion file designed for realizing above-mentioned function, please read it earnestly and program according to it so that realize long-distance and network control to the inverter.

# A.2 Communication net buildup mode

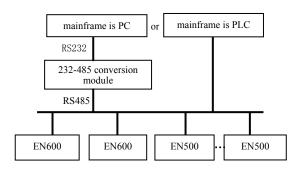


Fig.A-1 net buildup graph

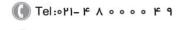
## A.3 Communication mode

At present, EN500/EN600 inverter can be used only as Slave device in RS485 net. Can realize communication between inverters through PC, PLC or HMI if it's needed. Specific communication mode is as mentioned below:

- PC or PLC as mainframe, inverter as Slave device, point-to-point communication between mainframe and Slave device.
- (2) Slave device don't response when mainframe send out command by broadcast address.
- (3) User can set local address, baud rate and data format of the inverter through Slave device keypad or serial communication mode.
- (4) EN500/EN600 provides the RS485 interface.
- (5) Default mode: Asynchronous serial, semiduplex transport mode. There are RTU and ASII two mode. Default format and transport rate: 8-N-1, 9600bps.

Fax: 0 11 - FF99F5F1

corp.com





## A.4 Transmission mode

Asynchronous serial, semiduplex transport mode. Default rate: 8-N-1, 9600bps. The detail setting parameter, please function mode.

(Remark: the parameter is valid under the Modbus communication, the other

parameter comply with the original service manual)

parameter	compry with	the original service manual)			
F05.00	Protocol	0:Modbus protocol	1	0	×
	selection	1:Reserved			
		2:Profibus protocol(expansion is valid)			
		3:CanLink protocol(expansion is valid)			
		4:CANopen protocol(expansion is valid)			
		5:free protocol 1(revision all the parameter of			
		EN500/EN600 is valid)			
		6: free protocol 2(only revising part parameter			
		of EN500/EN600 is valid)			
		Remark: expansion card is needed when select			
		2,3,4 communication			
F05.01	Baud rate	Units digit: free protocol and Modbus Baud	1	005	×
	setting	rate selection			
		0:300BPS			
		1:600BPS			
		2:1200BPS			
		3:2400BPS			
		4:4800BPS			
		5:9600BPS			
		6:19200BPS			
		7:38400BPS			
		8:57600BPS			
F05.02	Data format	Units digit: free protocol and Modbus protocol		00	×
		Data format			
		0:1-8-1 format, no checkout, RTU			
		1:1-8-1 format, Odd Parity, RTU			
		2:1-8-1 format, Even Parity, RTU			
		3:1-7-1 format, no checkout, ASCII			
		4:1-7-1 format, Odd Parity, ASCII 5:1-7-1 format, Even Parity, ASCII			
F05.03	Local address	$0\sim247$ , 00 is broadcast address	1	1	×
FU3.U3	Local address	U'~24/, UU is broadcast address	1	1	^

## Data communication structure

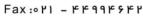
### A.5.1 Data frame format

Using RTU mode, messages are sent at least 3.5 character time interval pause. The first transmitted field is device address, the character you can transfer is hexadecimal 0x00 ~ 0xFF. Network equipment Continuously monitor the bus, including pauses. When the address field is received, all equipment determine whather it is sent to their own when the last character of the poolest transfer is

corp.com









message can begin after this pause.

The entire message frame must be transmitted as a continuo message start transmitting in less than 3.5 character times at then receiving device will consider it a continuation of the previous message. This will cause an error, because in the final CRC field value can not be right.

RTU frame format as the table below:

Frame Header	3.5 characters time pause	
Slave address	Slave address:0~247	
Communication command code	03H:read slave parameter 06H:write slave parameter	
Data content DATA	The contents of packet:	
Data content DATA	Parameter address(16bit);	
	Number of parameter or bytes of parameter value;	
	Parameter value(16bit)	
CRC check value low byte	- 16bit Unsigned check value	
CRC check value high byte		
Closing Flag	3.5 characters time pause	

Regarding generation method of CRC check value, please refer to Section A.9. ASCII frame format as the table below:

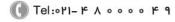
Frame Header	':'(0x3A)
Slave address Hi	Slave address: Combined by 2 ASCII code
Slave address Lo	8 bit slave address 0~247
Command code Hi	Command code: 8 bit command code combined by 2 ASCII code
Command code Lo	03H:read slave parameter 06H:write slave parameter
Data content DATA	The contents of data packet:
Data content DATA	N pieces of 8bit data content combined by 2*N pieces of ASCII code
LRC CHK Hi	LRC check value includes 2 pieces of ASCII
LRC CHK Lo	code
Closing Flag Hi	Closing Flag Hi = $CR(0x0D)$
Closing Flag Lo	Closing Flag Lo = $LF(0x0A)$

# A.5.2 Host read slave parameter

Command code 03H. Host can read one or more parameter( up to ten) by initiating a communication transaction .

E.g., read 2 contiguous inverter parameter values from the address 0000H of

corp.com



🗐 Fax:∘۲۱ – ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، پلاک ۱۲



ADR	0 •• -•
CMD	ـرصنعت
Parameters initial address high byte	0
Parameters initial address low byte	0.
Number of parameter high byte	00H
Number of parameter low byte	02H
CRC check value low byte	C4
CRC check value high byte	OB

The contents of slave reply:

ADR	01H
CMD	03H
Parameter value bytes	04H
Address 0000H content high byte	00H
Address 0000H content low byte	00H
Address 0001H content high byte	00H
Address 0001H content low byte	03H
CRC check value low byte	BA
CRC check value high byte	F2

# A.5.3 Host write slave parameter

Command code 06H. Host can write an parameter by initiating a communication transaction.

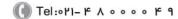
E.g., The decimal system 5000 (1388H) written to the inverter 0101H address whose slave address is 02, host command including:

ADR	02H
CMD	06H
Parameter address high byte	01H
Parameter address low byte	01H
Parameter value high byte	13H
Parameter value low byte	88H
CRC check value low byte	D4
CRC check value high byte	93

The contents of slave reply:

1 3	
ADR	02H
CMD	06H
Parameter address high byte	01H
Parameter address low byte	01H
Address 0101H content high byte	13H
Address 0101H content low byte	88H
CRC check value low byte	D4
CRC check value high byte	93

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:011 - FF99F9F1



# A. 6 Data communication address allocation

## A.6.1 Function code F00-F26 group communication add

Inverter function parameter's MODBUS communicatio. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ process follows PPnn way: PP means high byte of the address, corresponding to function parameter's group number; nn means low byte of the address, corresponding to function code parameter's group internal code. For example: F3.21 function code's communication address is 0315H, 03H is the hex form of group number 3, 15H is the hex form of group internal code 21.

F00.00~F26.17 communication address is 0000H~1A11H, F26 group fault record parameter start address is 1A00H.

## A.6.2 control command and status word communication address

Variable Name	Communicat ion address	Reading-writin g attribute	Command data or response value meaning
			1: reserved
			2: Jog stop command
			3: forward JOG run
			4: reversal JOG run
Run	1 5 0011	Reading and	5: run
command	1 E 00H	writing	6: stop
word			7: forward run
			8: reversal run
			9: fault reset
			10: reserved
Serial			F01.02 while hundreds place=0: 5000
port	1E 01H	Reading and	represents 50.00Hz
value	112 0111	writing	F01.02 while hundreds place=1: 10000
setting			represents F01.11
			BIT0: bus voltage set
			BIT1: the ordinary run command effectively
			BIT2: JOG command effectively
			BIT3: Running
			BIT4: the current running direction is reverse
			BIT5: the operating instructions is reverse
	1E 02H	Reading only	direction
Inverter			BIT6: deceleration braking
status			BIT7: acceleration
Status			BIT8: deceleration
			BIT9: alarm
			BIT10: fault
			BIT11: current limit
			BIT12: fault self recovery
[			BIT13: self tuning
com	1		1

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

A Fax:071 - FF99F5FP

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۱۲





Note

Alarm code 1E 03H Reading only 0: no alarm  $1 \sim 50$ : the current alar

Modbus communication address: 1E01 is the Frequency-Communication mode; 1D01 is the given address of Torque-Communication mode; 1D00 is the given address of PID-Communication mode.

## A.6.3 Monitor parameter communication address

Variable name	Communication address	read-write attribute	Command data or response value
C-00	1C00H	Reading	Monitoring parameters 1
C-01	1C01H	Reading	Monitoring parameters 2
C-02	1C02H	Reading	Monitoring parameters 3
C-03	1C03H	Reading	Monitoring parameters 4
C-04	1C04H	Reading	Monitoring parameters 5
C-05	1C05H	Reading	Monitoring parameters 6

## A.6.4 Inside hidden parameters

Variable name	Communicatio n address	read-write attribute	means of command data or response value	
PID Communication presetting value	1D00H	read-write	Range: 0~1000(1000 represents 10.00V)	
Torque communication presetting value	1D01H	read-write	Range:0~2000(2000 represents 200.0% rated motor torque)	
Communication AO1 given value	1D02H	read-write	Range: 0~4000(4000 represents 10.00V or 20.00mA)	
Communication AO2 given value	1D03H	read-write	Range: 0~4000(4000 represents 10.00V or 20.00mA)	
Communication EAO1 given value	1D04H	read-write	Range: 0~4000(4000 represents 10.00V or 20.00mA)	
Communication EAO2 given value	1D05H	read-write	Range: 0~4000(4000 represents 10.00V or 20.00mA)	
Communication DO given value	1D06H	read-write	Range: 0~4000(4000 represents 10.00V or 20.00mA)	
Communication EDO given value	1D07H	read-write	Range: 0~4000(4000 represents 10.00V or 20.00mA)	
The communication output terminal given value	1D08H	read-write	BIT0:Y1 BIT1:Y2 BIT2:Y3 BIT3: Y4 BIT4: RLY1 BIT5: EY1	

corp.com mcocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴9۴۲



			BIT8: EY4 BIT9: ERI BIT10: ER
Communication virtual input terminal given value	1D09H	read-write	BIT0:CX1  BIT7: CX8
Positive toque limited frequency	1D0AH	read-write	Range: 0~60000(60000 represents 600.00Hz)
Negative torque limited frequency	1D0BH	read-write	Range: 0~60000(60000 represents 600.00Hz)
Reserved	1D0CH	/	
Reserved	1D0DH	/	

# A.7 Communication error processing

Inverter receiving data packet detection error, it finds reading&writing parameter address or parameter value invalid, so reply to the host with communication error response packet. Communication error response packet (host command code +80H) as command code, with 1 byte error code.

Format for communication error response packet as follows:

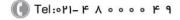
ADR	01H		
CMD	83H/86H		
Communication error code	01H~06H (for details, please check below table)		
Low byte of CRC checksum	Obtain by calculating		
High byte of CRC checksum	Obtain by calculating		

# Meaning for each communication error code value as follows:

Communication error code value	Communication error type	Priority
0x01	CRC checksum error	1
0x02	Command code illegal	2
0x03	Register address visited illegal	3
0x04	Value to register illegal	4
0x05	Not allow to modify parameters	5
0x06	Register number read illegal	6

# A.8 Data frames examples

### A.8.1 RTU Mode





# 1. Start #1 inverter running

Data Field	Slave Address	Order code	Register address High byte	Register address Low byte	Data High byte	Low te	iC bit	.C bit	
host command frames	01	06	1E	00	00	05	4F	E1	
Slave respond frames	01	06	1E	00	00	05	4F	E1	

# 2. Stop #1 inverter running

Data Field	Slave Inverter Address	Order code	Register address High byte	Register address Low byte	Data High byte	Data Low byte	CRC Low bit	CRC High bit
host command frames	01	06	1E	00	00	06	0F	E0
Slave respond frames	01	06	1E	00	00	06	0F	E0

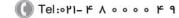
# 3. Set #1 inverter given value to 50.00Hz

Data Field	Slave Inverter Address	Order code	Register address High byte	Register address Low byte	Data High byte	Data low byte	CRC low bit	CRC high bit
host command frames	01	06	1E	01	13	88	D3	74
Slave respond frames	01	06	1E	01	13	88	D3	74

# 4. Read #1 inverter running state

Data Field	Slave Inverter Address	Order code	Register address High byte	Register address Low byte	Data High byte	Data low byte	CRC low bit	CRC high bit
host command frames	01	03	1E	02	00	01	23	E2
Slave respond frames	01	03	(Respond value byte quantity) 02		00	01	79	84

corp.com ncocorp.com





Fax:011 - 44994544

# FAMCO هایپرسنعت

### A.8.2 ACSII Mode

### Host read Slave, command code: 03

### The host frame

	The host frame format															
	Frame begin symbol	Slave address	Slave address	Command code	Command code	Register address	Register address	Register address	Register address	Register number	Register number	Register number	Register number	Checkout	checkout	Ending symbol
Send byte	1	,	2	2	2		2	4			4	4		1	2	2

### Remark:

### **Begin symbol:**

The lower computer judge the frame header of ASCII based on this.

It is:':'

### > Slave address:

Single inverter ID code, range:0~247.

Thereinto, 0 is broadcast address. Broadcast address can control all the lined Slave simultaneously, and the Slave will not send back any Data to the host. That means the Slave only accept and do not send.

Modbus protocol without host address.

### Command code:

Reading the command of parameter or data from inverter, the value is: '0'3'.

# Register address:

The internal memory address of inverter function parameter is of 4 byte, which is ASCII mode transformed from Hexadecimal.

Corresponding relation between specific parameters and memory address can be seen in the later table.

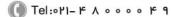
# Register number:

The number of parameters read by a frame, it is 4 byte. It is ASCII mode transformed from Hexadecimal.

### Checksum:

From "slave address" to the character before checksum, the LRC

corp.com ncocorp.com



] Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

یلاک ۲



### Ending code: enter, line break. is:0x0D,0x0A

### Response frame

						_					
				Re	sponse fi	rame for	mat				
	Frame begin symbol	Slave address	Slave address	Command code	Command code	Data byte	Data byte	Data string value	checksum	checksum	Ending code
Send byte	1		2	:	2	2	2	N*2	2	2	2

### remark:

### **▶** Begin code:

The lower computer judge the frame of ASCII frame. This is :':'

### > Slave address:

Single inverter ID code, range:0~247.

Thereinto, address 0 is broadcast address. Broadcast address can control all the lined Slave simultaneously, and the Slave will not send back any Data to the host. That means the Slave only accept and do not send.

Modbus protocol is without host address.

### Command code:

The command of reading parameter or data from inverter, the value is:'0''3'

# > Data byte:

The number of parameters read by a frame. It is 4 byte, which is ASCII mode transformed from hexadecimal.

# > Data string value:

The detail return Data, the length of Data string is the register address "Data byte", which is ASCII mode transformed from hexadecimal. Range: 4~40 byte

### Checksum:

From "slave address" to the character before checksum, the LRC checksum of the character string.

The function terminal can be seen in the later text.

# ► Ending symbol: enter, line break. Is 0x0D,0x0A

The followings are the example of command frame and return frame,

corp.com ncocorp.com

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



Fax:011 - FF99F5F1



### Inquiry frame:

### $: 0 1 0 3 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 FA \n\r$

(The detail introduction of every byte)

":": beginning symbol

0 1: Slave address

0 3:read the command

**0 0 0 1:**storage address of reading parameter

**0 0 0 1:** the number of reading the parameter

FA: { 0 1 0 3 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1} for LRC checksum.

0xFA = 0x100 - (0x01 + 0x03 + 0x00 + 0x01 + 0x00 + 0x01)

### > Response frame:

 $: 0.1.03020033C7 \n\r$ 

(The detail introduction of every byte)

":": beginning symbol

0 1: Slave address

0 3:read the command

**0 2**: The byte length of return parameter Data.

0 0 3 3:return parameter, current storage value

C 7:{ 0 1 0 3 0 2 0 0 3 3} for LRC checksum.

0xC7 = 0x100 - (0x01 + 0x03 + 0x02 + 0x00 + 0x33)

The main frame writes slave address single register, command code: 06

### The host frame

	The host frame format															
	Frame begin symbol	Slave address	Slave address	Slave address	Command code	Register address	Register address	Register address	Register address	Data	Data	Data	Data	Checkout	checkout	Ending symbol
Send byte	1	7.1	2		2		4	4			4	4		1	2	2

### Remark:

### Slave address:

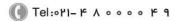
Single inverter ID code, range:0~247.

Thereinto, address 00 is broadcast address.

### Command code:

Read parameter from inverter or command of Data, the value is:06

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

(جاده مخصوص کرج)

، یلاک ۲



The high byte is in the front and the low byte
The detail relation between parameter and seen in the later excel

Data:

The new value of revised parameter.

### Checksum:

From "slave address" to the character before checksum, the LRC checksum of the character string.

### Response frame

	Response frame format															
	Frame begin symbol	Slave address	Slave address	Command code	Command code	Register address	Register address	Register address	Register address	Data	Data	Data	Data	Checkout	Checkout	Ending symbol
Send byte	1	2	2	2	1		4	4			4	4		2	2	2

### Remark:

### Slave address:

Single inverter ID code, range:0~247.

Thereinto, address 00 is broadcast address.

### Command code:

Read parameter from inverter or command of Data, the value is:06

# Register address:

The storage address of inverter function parameter, is double byte.

The high byte is in the front and the low byte is in the back.

The detail relation between parameter and storage address can be seen in the later excel

### Data:

The new value of revised parameter.

### Checksum:

From "slave address" to the character before checksum, the LRC checksum of the character string.

The followings are the example of command frame and return frame, all the Data are ASCII character.

# > Inquiry frame:

corp.com ncocorp.com



( Fax:07) - FF99F9FP

ر جاده مخصوص کرج)



(The detail introduction of every byte)

":": beginning symbol

0 1: Slave address

0 6: write command

0 1 0 1:storage address of writing parameter

1 3 8 8: the value of writing parameter

5 C:{ 0 1 0 6 0 1 0 1 1 3 8 8} for LRC checksum.

0x5C = 0x100 - (0x01 + 0x06 + 0x01 + 0x01 + 0x13 + 0x88)

### > Response frame:

: 0106010113885C\n\r

(Detail introduction of every byte)

":": beginning symbol

0 1: Slave address

**0 6**:write command

0 1 0 1:storage address of writing parameter

1 3 8 8: the value of writing parameter

5 C:{ 0 1 0 6 0 1 0 1 1 3 8 8} for LRC checksum.

0x5C = 0x100 - (0x01 + 0x06 + 0x01 + 0x01 + 0x13 + 0x88)

- 1. ASCII frame realizes transform by that 8Bit hexadecimal is divided as different 2 character of 4, and then grouped ashexadecimal of one 8Bit when reaching the destination.
- 2. Frame header, add":", frame footer adds"\n\r" the enter line break character.
- 3. The valid character in the protocol is: :, 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,A,B,C,
- D,E,F and hexadecimal 0DH, lower case ASCII letter a, b, c, d, e, f is invalid
- 4. The subject data volume is the 2 times as RTU, checksum adopt LRC check.
- 5.For the other information, please refer to the official standard protocol when need.





Теl:۰۲۱– ۴ ∧ ∘ ∘ ∘ °



Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

corp.com



### A.9 CRC checkout mode

CRC checkout value calculating function written by C langu

```
unsigned int cal crc value (unsigned char *pval, unsig.... .....
unsigned int crc_value=0xFFFF;
unsigned int i;
while(len--)
      crc value ^= *pval++;
      for(i=0; i<8; i++)
            if(crc value & 0x0001)
                 crc value >>= 1;
                 crc value ^= 0xA001;
            else
                 crc value >>= 1;
return(crc value);
```

```
corp.com
```



# Appendix B Free-port communication

### **B.** 1 Summarization

We provide the customer with general RS485/RS232 comm our EN500/EN600 series frequency inverter. For the users, through the communication interface upper device (such as PC, PLC controller etc.) can perform centralized monitor to the inverter (such as setting inverter parameter, controlling run of inverter, reading work state of the inverter) and also long-distance control keypad can be connected to realize diverse operating requirement of the user.

This communication protocol is interface criterion file designed for realizing above-mentioned function, please read it earnestly and program according to it so that realize long-distance and network control to the inverter.

# B. 2 Protocol content and description

### **B.2.1** Communication net buildup mode

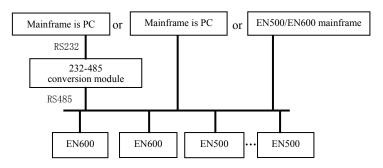


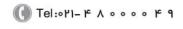
Fig.B-1 net buildup graph

### **B.2.2** Communication mode

At present, EN500/EN600 inverter can be used as not only auxiliary device but also mainframe device in RS485, if the inverter is used as auxiliary device, master device can be completed by PC, PLC or human interface, and if used as mainframe device, the main- auxiliary control of the inverter can be complement by it, Specific communication mode is as mentioned below:

- (1) PC or PLC as mainframe, inverter as auxiliary device, point-to-point communication between mainframe and auxiliary device.
- (2) Auxiliary device don't response when mainframe send out command by broadcast address.
- (3) User can set local address, baud rate and data format of the inverter through

corp.com



ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



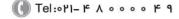
- (4) Auxiliary device report current failure information to response frame.
- (5) EN500/EN600 provides RS485 interface.

### **B.2.3** Transport mode

Asynchronous serial, semiduplex transport mode. Default format and transport rate: 8-N-1, 9600bps.For specific parameter setting please see description for F05 group function code.

(Remark: The definition for this parameter is only effective under free -port communication mode, and definition for other parameters are the same as original)

Protocol	0:Modbus protocol	1	0	×
selection	1:reserved		l	
	2:Profibus protocol(extension effective)		l	
	3:CanLink protocol(extension effective)			
	4:CANopen protocol(extension effective)			
	5:freedom protocol 1(can modify all function			
	parameters of EN500/EN600)			
	6:freedom protocol 2 (can only modify part of			
	function parameter of EN500/EN600)			
	Remark: expansion card is needed if select protocol			
	2, 3, 4			
Baud rate	Units digit: freedom protocol and Modbus baud rate	1	005	×
configuration	selection			
	0:300BPS			
	1:600BPS			
	2:1200BPS			
	3:2400BPS			
	4:4800BPS			
	5:9600BPS			
	6:19200BPS			
	7:38400BPS			
	8:57600BPS			
Data format	Units digit: freedom protocol and Modbus protocol		00	×
	data roman			
	0:1-8-1 format, no checkout, RTU			
	1:1-8-1 format, even checkout, RTU			
	2:1-8-1 format, odd checkout, RTU			
	3:1-7-1 format, no checkout, ASCII		l	
	4:1-7-1 format, even checkout, ASCII		l	
	5:1-7-1 format, odd checkout, ASCII			
Local address	$0\sim$ 247, 00 is master station address	1	1	×
	Baud rate configuration  Data format	selection  1:reserved 2:Profibus protocol(extension effective) 3:CanLink protocol(extension effective) 4:CANopen protocol(extension effective) 5:freedom protocol 1(can modify all function parameters of EN500/EN600) 6:freedom protocol 2 (can only modify part of function parameter of EN500/EN600) Remark: expansion card is needed if select protocol 2, 3, 4  Baud rate configuration  Units digit: freedom protocol and Modbus baud rate selection 0:300BPS 1:600BPS 2:1200BPS 3:2400BPS 4:4800BPS 5:9600BPS 6:19200BPS 7:38400BPS 8:57600BPS  Data format  Units digit: freedom protocol and Modbus protocol data format 0:1-8-1 format, no checkout, RTU 1:1-8-1 format, even checkout, RTU 2:1-8-1 format, odd checkout, RSCII 4:1-7-1 format, even checkout, ASCII 5:1-7-1 format, odd checkout, ASCII	selection  1:reserved 2:Profibus protocol(extension effective) 3:CanLink protocol(extension effective) 4:CANopen protocol(extension effective) 5:freedom protocol 1(can modify all function parameters of EN500/EN600) 6:freedom protocol 2 (can only modify part of function parameter of EN500/EN600) Remark: expansion card is needed if select protocol 2, 3, 4  Baud rate configuration  Units digit: freedom protocol and Modbus baud rate selection 0:300BPS 1:600BPS 2:1200BPS 3:2400BPS 4:4800BPS 5:9600BPS 6:19200BPS 7:38400BPS 8:57600BPS  Data format  Units digit: freedom protocol and Modbus protocol data format 0:1-8-1 format, no checkout, RTU 1:1-8-1 format, even checkout, RTU 2:1-8-1 format, odd checkout, ASCII 4:1-7-1 format, even checkout, ASCII 5:1-7-1 format, odd checkout, ASCII	selection  1:reserved 2:Profibus protocol(extension effective) 3:CanLink protocol(extension effective) 4:CANopen protocol(extension effective) 5:freedom protocol 1(can modify all function parameters of EN500/EN600) 6:freedom protocol 2 (can only modify part of function parameter of EN500/EN600) Remark: expansion card is needed if select protocol 2, 3, 4  Baud rate configuration  Units digit: freedom protocol and Modbus baud rate selection 0:300BPS 1:600BPS 2:1200BPS 3:2400BPS 4:4800BPS 5:9600BPS 6:19200BPS 7:38400BPS 8:57600BPS  Units digit: freedom protocol and Modbus protocol data format 0:1-8-1 format, no checkout, RTU 1:1-8-1 format, no checkout, RTU 2:1-8-1 format, odd checkout, ASCII 4:1-7-1 format, even checkout, ASCII 5:1-7-1 format, even checkout, ASCII



FAMCO هایپرسنعت

B.2.4 Data command frame format

B.2.4 Da	.2.4 Data command frame format											_••		• _				
				]	Main	dev	ice c	omm	and	fram	e for	mat	_ /	_			رص	<b>!</b>
Sending order	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	i.	i.	1		· · ·
	frame head	auxiliary device address	auxiliary device address	main device command	main device command	assistant index	assistant index	command index	command index	set data	set data	set data	set data	checkout sum	checkout sum	checkout sum	checkout sum	frame end
Definition	head	addicas	address	area	command		area	Index			data area	Setting			area	checkout		end
Sending byte	1	2	2		2			4			4	1				4		1

				A	uxil	iary	devid	e res	pons	se fra	me f	orma	at					
Sending order	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	frame head	auxiliary device address	auxiliary device address	auxiliary device response	auxiliary device response	failure index	failure index	command index	command index	run data	run data	run data	run data	checkout sum	checkout sum	checkout sum	checkout sum	frame end
Definition	head	auurcss	address	area	response		Illucy area	Index area			area	Run data			area	Checkout		end
Sending byte	1	Ź	2		2		4	4			4	4			4	1		1

Fig.B-2 command/response frame format

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:011 - FF99F9FP

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، باک ۱۲

# **FAMC** هاسرمنعت

### Remark:

- (1) "Setting data area" and "run data area" may not be existe command/data frame format, so in protocol command list "nothing".
- (2) In protocol effective character set is: ~, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,
- A, B, C, D, E, F and hex data 0DH, ASCII lowercase a, b, c, d,
- e, f are invalid.
- (3) Effective command frame length is 14 or 18 byte.

# **B.2.5** Explanation and description for format

- (1) Frame head
- It's character"~" (namely hex 7E), single byte.
- (2) Auxiliary device address

Data meanings: local address of auxiliary device, double byte. ASCII format. Inverter factory default is 01.

(3) Mainframe command/auxiliary device respond

Data meanings: mainframe send out command and auxiliary device respond to the command. Double byte, ASCII format.

Response code function classification:

Species 1>: command code="10", mainframe ask auxiliary device to report current preparation state and control situation.

Table B-1 Command code meanings for response frame response area

Response		Meanings	
code ASCII	Preparation state of auxiliary device	Control from mainframe is allowed	To set frequency is allowed
10	Haven't get ready	No me	eaning
11	Get ready	Allow	Allow
12	Get ready	Allow	Allow
13	Get ready	Don't allow	Don't allow
14	Get ready	Don't allow	Don't allow
20		Frame error	

Species 2>: command code="11"~"15", 5 kinds of function command which mainframe send to auxiliary device, for detail please see protocol command list.

ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



Table B-2 Res	ponse code i	meanings for	response frame

Response code ASCII	Meanings of response code	پـرصنعت
00	Auxiliary device communication and control is normal; function code modification is effective; password is correct.	
20	(1) frame checkout error; (2) "command area" data overrun; (3) "index area" data overrun; (4) frame length error/non ASCII byte exist in area except frame head, frame end.	When this response code is reported, data of "command area", "index area" and "running data area" are not reported.
30	(1) control to auxiliary device is ineffective; (2) ineffective function code parameter modification; (3) "setting/running data" area data overrun. (4) password error.	Whether report this response code relate to current set state of auxiliary device. When report data of area", "index area" and "run data area" are reported according to protocol requirement.

# (4) Auxiliary index/command index/failure index

Data meanings: include auxiliary index byte and command index byte.

For mainframe, auxiliary index, command index are used for cooperating mainframe command in realizing specific function.

For auxiliary device, auxiliary index, command index are used for reporting failure state code, command index are reported without modification

Data type: hex, 4 byte, ASCII format.

Command index occupy 2 low byte, data range: "00"~"FF".

Auxiliary index occupy 2 high byte, data range: "00"~"FF".

Auxiliary device failure state occupy "auxiliary index" byte, see table B-3.

Table B-3 Free-port1 failure type description

Table B-5 Free-portr famure type description										
Failure code(decimal)	Description	Failure code(decimal)	Description							
1	Overcurrent during accelerating process	19	Current detecting circuit failure							
2	Overcurrent during decelerating process	20	External interference failure							
3	Overcurrent during constant speed process	21	Internal interference failure							
4	Overvoltage during accelerating process	22	PID provision loss							
5	Overvoltage during decelerating process	23	PID feedback loss							
	Overvoltage during		DID arror amount							

corp.com

ncocorp.com

Tel:∘۲1- ۴ Λ ∘ ∘ ∘ ∘ ۴ 9



Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

(جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)



7	Overvoltage while halting	25	عرصنعت s
8	Under voltage during running process	26	R fe
9	Inverter overload protection	27	Reserved
10	Motor overload protection	28	Reserved
11	Motor underload protection	29	Reserved
12	Input phase missing	30	E <sup>2</sup> PROM read and write wrongly
13	Output phase missing	31	Temperature detection breakage
14	Inverting module protection	32	Self-tuning failure
15	Short circuit to earth during running process	33	Contactor exception
16	Short circuit to earth during electrifying process	34	Interior failure 1
17	Inverter over heating		
18	External device failure		

Free-port 2 failure type description

Free-port 2 lanure type description								
Failure code(decimal)	Description	Failure code(decimal)	Description					
1	Overcurrent during accelerating process	13	Inverting module protection					
2	Overcurrent during decelerating process	14	External device failure					
3	Overcurrent during constant speed process	15	Current detecting circuit failure					
4	Overvoltage during accelerating process	16	RS485 communication failure					
5	Overvoltage during decelerating process	17	Reserved					
6	Overvoltage during constant speed process	18	Reserved					
7	Control power supply overvoltage	19	Under voltage					
8	Inverter overload	20	System interference					
9	Motor overload	21	Reserved					
10	Inverter over heating	22	Reserved					

ncocorp.com





11	Reserved	23	]
12	Reserved		

(5) Checkout sum

Data meanings: frame checkout, 4 byte, ASCII.

Calculation method: accumulative sum of ASCII code value of all byte from "auxiliary device address" to "run data".

(6) Frame end

Hex 0D, single byte.

### **B.2.6 Protocol command list**

Frame 7E and frame end 0D, address, checkout sum, ASCII character format are omitted in following description.

Table B-4 Free-port 1 protocol command table

Name	Mainframe order Decimal	Auxiliary index Hex	Order index Hex	Run data setting range Hex	Mainframe sending example, such as PC control operation of inverter (C language cluster format, auxiliary device is set to 01)	Run data precision	Description
auxiliary motor state	10	00	00	no	~010A00000192\r	1	
Main setting frequency	11	00	00	no	~010B00000193\r	0.01Hz	
Auxiliary setting frequency	11	00	01	no	~010B00010194\r	0.01Hz	
Setting frequency	11	00	02	no	~010B00020195\r	0.01Hz	
Output frequency	11	00	03	no	~010B00030196\r	0.01Hz	
Output current	11	00	04	no	~010B00040197\r	0.1A	
Output voltage	11	00	05	no	~010B00050198\r	1V	
DC bus-bar voltage	11	00	06	no	~010B00060199\r	0.1V	
Load motor revolving speed	11	00	07	no	~010B0007019A\r	1RPM	
Load motor linear speed	11	00	08	no	~010B0008019B\r	no	
Inverter temperature	11	00	09	no	~010B0009019C\r	1℃	
Runtime	11	00	0A	no	~010B000A01A4\r	0.1min	
Current accumulative runtime	11	00	0В	no	~010B000B01A5\r	1h	
Current accumulative power-on time	11	00	0C	no	~010B000C01A6\r	1h	
	auxiliary motor state  Main setting frequency Auxiliary setting frequency Setting frequency Output frequency Output current Output voltage DC bus-bar voltage Load motor revolving speed Load motor linear speed Inverter temperature Runtime Current accumulative runtime Current accumulative	auxiliary motor state 10  Main setting frequency 11  Auxiliary setting frequency 11  Setting frequency 11  Output frequency 11  Output current 11  Output voltage 11  DC bus-bar voltage 11  Load motor revolving speed 11  Inverter temperature 11  Runtime 11  Current accumulative runtime 11  Current accumulative power-on time 11	auxiliary motor state 10 00  Main setting frequency 11 00  Auxiliary setting frequency 11 00  Setting frequency 11 00  Output frequency 11 00  Output current 11 00  Output voltage 11 00  Load motor revolving speed 11 00  Load motor linear speed 11 00  Runtime 11 00  Current accumulative runtime 11 00  Current accumulative power-on time 11 00	auxiliary motor state 10 00 00  Main setting frequency 11 00 00  Auxiliary setting frequency 11 00 01  Setting frequency 11 00 02  Output frequency 11 00 03  Output current 11 00 04  Output voltage 11 00 05  DC bus-bar voltage 11 00 06  Load motor revolving speed 11 00 08  Inverter temperature 11 00 09  Runtime 11 00 0A  Current accumulative runtime 11 00 0B  Current accumulative power-on time 11 00 0C	auxiliary motor state	Main setting frequency   11   00   00   no   ~010B00000192\text{V}	auxiliary motor state 10 00 00 no ~010A00000192\r 1  Main setting frequency 11 00 00 no ~010B00000193\r 0.01Hz  Auxiliary setting frequency 11 00 01 no ~010B0000194\r 0.01Hz  Setting frequency 11 00 02 no ~010B00020195\r 0.01Hz  Output frequency 11 00 03 no ~010B00030196\r 0.01Hz  Output current 11 00 04 no ~010B00040197\r 0.1A  Output voltage 11 00 05 no ~010B00050198\r 1V  DC bus-bar voltage 11 00 06 no ~010B00060199\r 0.1V  Load motor revolving speed 11 00 07 no ~010B0007019A\r 1RPM  Load motor linear speed 11 00 08 no ~010B0007019A\r 1RPM  Inverter temperature 11 00 09 no ~010B0008019B\r no  Inverter temperature 11 00 0A no ~010B000001A5\r 1\r C  Runtime 11 00 0B no ~010B000B01A5\r 1h  Current accumulative runtime 11 00 0C no ~010B000C01A6\r 1h

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:011- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

( Fax:01) - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ن (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



Output terminal state	11	00	0F	no	~010B000l	
Expand output terminal state	11	00	10	no	~010B001	پرصنع
Expanding input terminal state	11	00	11	no	~010B001	- "
Communicational virtual input terminal state	11	00	12	no	~010B001	
Internal virtual input node state	11	00	13	no	~010B00130197\r	no
Analog input AI1	11	00	14	no	~010B00140198\r	no
Analog input AI2	11	00	15	no	~010B00150199\r	no
Expanding analog input EAI1	11	00	16	no	~010B0016019A\r	no
Expanding analog input EAI2	11	00	17	no	~010B0017019B\r	no
Analog AO1 output	11	00	18	no	~010B0018019C\r	no
Analog AO2 output	11	00	19	no	~010B0019019D\r	no
Expanding analog EAO1 output	11	00	1A	no	~010B001A01A5\r	no
Expanding analog EAO2 output	11	00	1B	no	~010B001B01A6\r	no
External pulse input frequency	11	00	1C	no	~010B001C01A7\r	1Hz
Reserved						
Process PID provision	11	00	1E	no	~010B001E01A9\r	0.01V
Process PID feedback	11	00	1F	no	~010B001F02AA\r	0.01V
Process PID error	11	00	20	no	~010B00200195\r	0.01V
Process PID output	11	00	21	no	~010B00210196\r	0.01Hz
Simple PLC current segments	11	00	22	no	~010B00220197\r	no
External multi-section speed current segments	11	00	23	no	~010B00230198\r	no
Provision pressure for constant pressure water	11	00	24	no	~010B00240199\r	0.001Mp a
Feedback pressure for constant pressure water	11	00	25	no	~010B0025019A\r	0.001Mp a
Relay state for constant pressure water	11	00	26	no	~010B0026019B\r	no
Current length	11	00	27	no	~010B0027019C\r	no
Accumulative length	11	00	28	no	~010B0028019D\r	no
Current internal count	11	00	29	no	~010B0029019E\r	no
Current internal time	11	00	2A	no	~010B002A01A6\r	no
Setting channel for run command	11	00	2B	no	~010B002B01A7\r	no
Main frequency provision channel	11	00	2C	no	~010B002C01A8\r	no
Auxiliary frequency provision channel	11	00	2D	no	~010B002D01A9\r	no
Inverter rated current	11	00	2E	no	~010B002E01AA\r	0.1A
Inverter rated voltage	11	00	2F	no	~010B002F01AB\r	

corp.com ncocorp.com

Fax:071 - ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲



	Reserved							
	Reserved					ت —	ىنع	ساه
	Frequency after acceleration and deceleration	11	00	33	no	~010B003		_ <del></del>
	Motor rotor frequency	11	00	34	no	~010B0034019A\r	0.01Hz	
	Current provision torque	11	00	35	no	~010B0035019B\r	0.1%	
	Current output torque	11	00	36	no	~010B0036019C\r	0.1%	
	Current torque current	11	00	37	no	~010B0037019D\r	0.1A	
	Current flux current	11	00	38	no	~010B0038019E\r	0.1A	
	Auxiliary device run command	12	00	00	no	~010C00000194\r	no	
	Set current run frequency provision of auxiliary device	12	00	01	0Hz~high limit freq	~010C00010FA002 7C\r	0.01Hz	Set freq. =40.00Hz
	Auxiliary device run with run frequency provision	12	00	02	0Hz~high limit freq	~010C00020FA002 7D\r	0.01Hz	Auxiliary device run Set freq. =40.00Hz
	Auxiliary device forward run	12	00	03	no	~010C00030197\r	no	
Run co	Auxiliary device reverse run	12	00	04	no	~010C00040198\r	no	
Run control and adjusting function	Auxiliary device forward run with run frequency provision	12	00	05	0Hz∼ high limit freq	~010C00050FA002 80\r	0.01Hz	Forward run boot-strap Set freq. =40.00Hz
ing function	Auxiliary device reverse run with run frequency provision	12	00	06	0Hz∼ high limit freq	~010C00060FA002 81\r	0.01Hz	Reverse run boot-strap Set freq. =40.00Hz
	Auxiliary device stop	12	00	07	no	~010C0007019B\r	no	
	Auxiliary device jog run	12	00	08	no	~010C0008019C\r	no	
	Auxiliary device forward jog run	12	00	09	no	~010C0009019D\r	no	
	Auxiliary device reverse jog run	12	00	0A	no	~010C000A01A5\r	no	
	Auxiliary device stop run	12	00	0B	no	~010C000B01A6\r	no	
	Auxiliary device failure restoration	12	00	0C	no	~010C000C01A7\r	no	
Software version query order	Query auxiliary device software version	15	00	00	no	~010F00000197\r	1	

ncocorp.com

Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲



# Free-Port 2 protocol command table

	Name	Mainframe order decimal	Auxiliary index hex	Order index Hex	Run data setting range hex	Mainframe sending example, such as PC control operation of inverter (C language cluster format , auxiliary device is set to 01)	Run data precision	Description
look u	p auxiliary motor state	10	00	00	no	~010A00000192\r	1	
	Auxiliary device run command	12	00	00	no	~010C00000194\r	no	
	Set current run freq. of auxiliary device	12	00	01	0Hz~ high limit freq	~010C00010FA0027C\r	0.01Hz	
	Auxiliary device run with run frequency provision	12	00	02	0Hz~ high limit freq	~010C00020FA0027D\r	0.01Hz	
	Auxiliary device forward run	12	00	03	no	~010C00030197\r	no	
D	Auxiliary device reverse run	12	00	04	no	~010C00040198\r	no	
Run control and adjusting	Auxiliary device forward run with run frequency provision	12	00	05	0Hz~ high limit freq	~010C00050FA00280\r	0.01Hz	
function	Auxiliary device reverse run with run frequency provision	12	00	06	0Hz~ high limit freq	~010C00060FA00281\r	0.01Hz	
	Auxiliary device stop	12	00	07	no	~010C0007019B\r	no	
	Auxiliary device jog run	12	00	08	no	~010C0008019C\r	no	
	Auxiliary device forward jog run	12	00	09	no	~010C0009019D\r	no	
	Auxiliary device reverse jog run	12	00	0A	no	~010C000A01A5\r	no	
	Auxiliary device stop run	12	00	0B	no	~010C000B01A6\r	no	
	Auxiliary device failure restoration	12	00	0C	no	~010C000C01A7\r	no	
Software version query order	Query auxiliary device software version	15	00	00	no	~010F00000197\r	1	



# Table B-5 read auxiliary device function code

			· ·			-						
Function definition	password a	Read auxiliary device function code parameter: all function password and manufacturer password except user password and manufacturer password										
Meanings	Frame head	Ado	dress Order			Order Run data		ı	Checko	ut	Frame end	
Mainframe order	7EH	AΙ	DDR		13	-	ee nark	4		ВСС		0DH
Byte quantity	1		2		2	4	4	0		4		1
Auxiliary device respond	7ЕН	АΓ	DDR		06	~	ee nark	Function code parameter		ВСС		0DH
Byte quantity	1		2		2	4	4	4		4		1
	If want to re If want to re Corresp	If want to read parameter of F2.11 function code, order index =020B;  If want to read parameter of F2.15 function code, order index =020F;  If want to read parameter of F2.13 function code, order index =020D;  Corresponding relation between decimal and hex value of function code group No.  Function code  Decimal  Hex  Function code  Decimal  Hex						p No.				
	group No	0						oup No				
	F00		0		001	Н		F0E		14		0EH
	F01		1		011	Н		F0F		15		0FH
	F02		2		021	Н		F10		16		10H
remark	F03		3		031	Н		F11		17		11H
	F04		4		041	Н		F12		18		12H
	F05		5		051	Н		F13		19		13H
	F06		6		061	Н		F14		20		14H
	F07		7		071	Н		F15		21		15H
	F08		8		081	Н		F16		22		16H
	F09		9		091	Н		F17		23		17H
	F0A		10		0A	Н		F18		24		18H

Virtual data

0~FFFF (namely 0~65535)

11

12

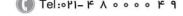
13

F<sub>0</sub>B

F0C

F0D

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fa

Fax: 0 11 - F 4 9 4 5 F 1

0BH

0CH

0DH

F19

F1A

F<sub>1</sub>B

25

26

27

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

19H

1AH

1BH

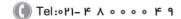
، باک ۲



### Table B-6 set auxiliary device function code 1

	Table B-	-o set au	xillary a	evic	e iun	ction co	<u>de j</u>	
Function definition	Set auxiliary and manufact			aramet	er: all	function co	de pa	پـرصنع
Meanings	Frame head	Address	Order		order Run data		Checkout sum	Frame end
Mainframe order	7EH	ADDR	14	See r	emark	4	BCC	0DH
Byte quantity	1	2	2		4	4	4	1
Auxiliary device respond	7ЕН	ADDR	06	See r	emark	Function code paramete	BCC	0DH
Byte quantity	1	2	2		4	4	4	1
	If want to rea If want to rea If want to rea If want to rea Corre	ommand index=combination of function code group number and hex code of function code imber. For instance:  want to read parameter of F00.05 function code, order index=0005;  want to read parameter of F02.11 function code, order index =020B;  want to read parameter of F02.15 function code, order index =020F;  want to read parameter of F02.13 function code, order index =020D;  Corresponding relation between decimal and hex value of function code group No.  unction code  Function code						
	Function cod group No	Decima	l He	ĸ		oup No	Decimal	Hex
	F00	0	00H	1		F0E	14	0EH
	F01	1	01F	ſ		F0F	15	0FH
	F02	2	02F	I		F10	16	10H
Remark	F03	3	03I	I		F11	17	11H
	F04	4	04F	ł		F12	18	12H
	F05	5	05I	I		F13	19	13H
	F06	6	06F	ł		F14	20	14H
	F07	7	07I	I		F15	21	15H
	F08	F08 8 08H F16 22					16H	
	F09	9	09I	ł		F17	23	17H
	F0A	10	0AI	H		F18	24	18H
	F0B	11	0BI	ł		F19	25	19H
	F0C	12	0CI	ł		F1A	26	1AH
	F0D	13	0DI	I		F1B	27	1BH
Virtual data	0∼FFFF(nar	mely 0~655	535)					

corp.com ncocorp.com



Fax:011 - FF99F5FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج) ں، پلاک ۱۲



# Appendix C Keyboard

# C.1 Keyboard selection:

NO.	Туре	Details	
1	EN-LED3-D	Local LED single-display digital potentiometer keyboard (with the function of parameter copy)	Standard
2	EN-LED4-D	Local LED double-display digital potentiometer keyboard (with the function of parameter copy)	Optional
3	EN-LCD1	Local LCD Keyboard (with the function of parameter copy)	Optional
4	EN-LCD2	Remote Control LCD Keyboard (with the function of parameter copy)	Optional
5	EN-LED1	Local LED single-display keyboard	Optional

At present, Our has 4 kinds of optional keyboards for our customers' selection, they are EN-LED4-D,EN-LCD1,EN-LCD2 and EN-LED1. Their outer dimension and installation size are the same as the standard keyboard EN-LED3-D. For more detailed dimension, please refer to "Keyboard Operation and Outer Size of Keyboard installing box" in Chapter 2.



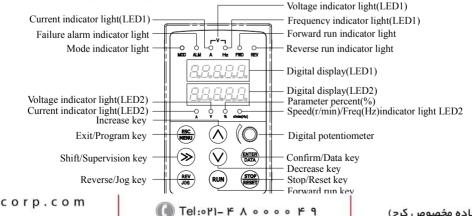
ncocorp.com

- 1. EN-LED3-D, EN-LED4-D, EN-LCD1, EN-LCD2 are four kinds of keyboard that with the function of parameter copy.
- 2. Using the function of parameter copy could through operating parameter F00.27

# C.2 LED double-display digital potentiometer keyboard

Local LED double-display digital potentiometer keyboard type: EN-LED4-D

# C.2.1 Keyboard Layout



Fax:071 - FF99F5F7



# C.2.2 Description for keyboard functions, LED digital

### lights

LED double -display digital potentiometer keyboard consist. ....... u.g.. u.g.... tube screens,8 buttons, a digital potentiometer and 10 indicator lights.

If need more details about function definition of the 8 buttons, LED digital tubes, digital potentiometer and specification of the indicator lights, then please refer to "Keyboard Function Specifications" in Chapter 5.



LED2 digital tube supervision is set by parameter F00.25.

### C.3 LCD keyboard

### C.3.1 LCD keyboard series:

(1) Local LCD keyboard type: EN-LCD1

(2) Remote control LCD keyboard type: EN-LCD2

### C.3.2 Keyboard Layout

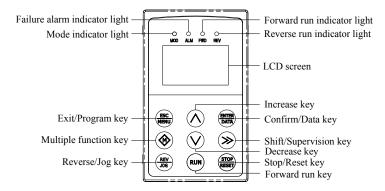


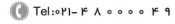
Fig.C-2 Keyboard Layout Sketch (EN-LCD1, EN-LCD2)

# C.3.3 Keyboard Function, LCD Display and Spec. of Indicator Lights

LCD keyboard consists of a LCD screen, 9 buttons and 4 indicator lights LCD screen: To display Function Setting, Running Supervision, Failure Supervision Code and Parameter.

Multi-function key: The specific function keys decided by tens digit of F00.15 see F00.15 parameter descriptions.

corp.com mcocorp.com



🗐 Fax:∘۲1 – ۴۴99۴۶۴۲

ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



### C.3.4 Operating Spec. of LCD Display Keyboard

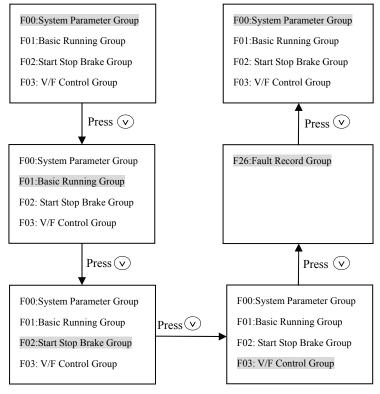
### (1) Initialization status of LCD keyboard when power or

When the keyboard is power on, "Key Board" is disp \_\_\_\_\_ animation:

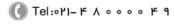


Fig.C-3 Initialization Display when Power On

## (2) Operation of switching to firstly menu (Fig. C-4):



corp.com ncocorp.com



(a) Fax:071 - FF99F5FP

ی (جادہ م*خ*صوص کرج)



When set F00.00=2, Senior Menu parameters F00~F27 groups in total. Operation methods are shown as Fig. C-4.

### (3) Display and operation of secondary menu:

When you are in the Firstly Menu, choose a parameter group, then press "ENTER/DATA" key and you will enter into the Secondary Menu. Take Parameter F00.00 for example:

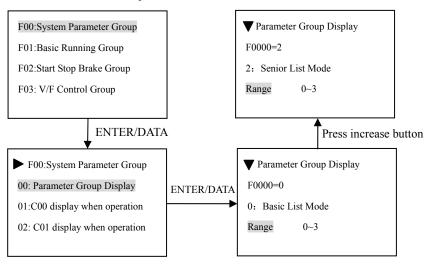
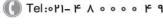


Fig.C-5 Example of Secondary Menu Operation





### (4) Function Parameter Operation

Function parameter operation includes the parameter check of parameters. Before the operating the inverter, parameters correctly. Operation methods are shown as Fig. C-6:

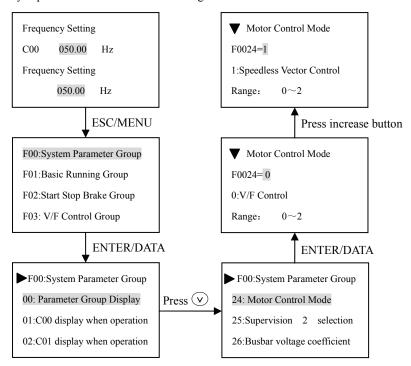


Fig.C-6 Example of function parameter editing

# FAMCO

# (5) Fault query status

When fault alarm occurs, customers can enter the fault quer

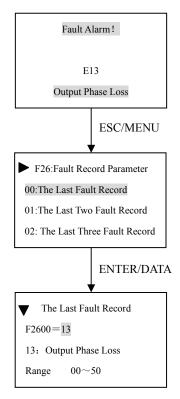


Fig.C-7 Fault query status

Tel:071- 4 A 0 0 0 0 4 9

Fax:011 - FF99F9FF

ی (جادہ مخصوص کرج)

ncocorp.com

corp.com



# C.4 LED single-display keyboard

The type of local single-display keyboard: EN-LED1.

### C.4.1 Keyboard Layout

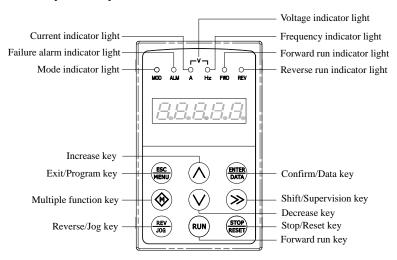


Fig.C-8 EN-LED1 Operation keyboard layout

# C.4.2 Keyboard function, LED Nixie tube and indicator light description

LED single-display keyboard is composed of a 5-digit nixie tube display  $\sim 9$  keys and 6 indicator lights.

Multi-function key: The specific function keys decided by tens digit of F00.15 see F00.15 parameter descriptions.

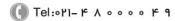
For more details about function definition of the 8 buttons and specification of the indicator lights, please refer to "Keyboard Function Specifications" in Chapter 5.



1.Key position of EN-LED1, EL-LCD1, EN-LCD2 is different from those standard keyboard, please note the key position of these three keyboards.

2.For EN-LED1, EN-LCD1, EN-LCD2 these keyboards, the deblocking way is different from the standard keyboards, the deblocking way is to press or press for more than 2 seconds.

corp.com mcocorp.com





ر جادہ مخصوص کرج)

، بالک ۲



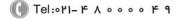
# **C.5** Communication Component

The maximum electric distance between keyboard EN-L EN-LCD1, EN-LED1 and local inverter is 2m.

RS485 communication mode is adopted between inverter and remote keyboard EN-LCD2, only an ordinary cable is needed to connect each other, and their maximum electric distance can be 1000m. When the communication with each other is main-auxiliary mode, namely take remote keyboard as main device and inverter as auxiliary device. The terminals of the connection cable are made by crystal ends, so it is easy to maintain. Power needs customers' outer leading, the voltage range is from 10V to 24V, the demand current is 150mA, 1mm<sup>2</sup> of PVC insulate copper wire is suggested to connect.

Following function can be realized by remote keyboard:

- (1) Can control run, stop, jog, failure reset, change setting frequency, modify function parameter and run direction of auxiliary device.
- (2) Can identify the type of auxiliary device. Can monitor the running frequency, setting frequency, output voltage, output current, analog closed loop feedback, analog closed loop setting and exterior counting value of auxiliary device.





# Appendix D Communication exte

### **D.1 Communication card selection:**

Serial No.	Туре	Description	Remark
1	EN-PR01	PROFIBUS-DP communication card (use in 15KW and the below )	Optional
2	EN-PR02	PROFIBUS-DP communication card (use in 15KW the above)	Optional
3	EN-CAN1	CANopen communication card	Optional
4	EN-CAN2	CANlink communication card	Optional

### **D.2 PROFIBUS-DP communication card**

### **D.2.1 PROFIBUS introduction**

(1)PROFIBUS (short for Process Field Bus),PROFIBUS is an international and open field bus standard independent with manufacturer. It can be support for many equipment manufacturers, with good compatibility. It's widely used in Manufacturing Automation, automation of process industry, and other buildings, transportation, electric power automation field.

(2)PROFIBUS can realize exchanging the data between all kinds of element of automation, all of this equipment can exchange the information though the same port. But the transmission rate is different all the automatic equipment can exchange the information though the same port, but with the different rates, so PROFIBUS should offer different types for the speed rates selection. it is made up with PROFIBUS-DP(Distributed peripheral),

### PROFIBUS-PA, PROFIBUS-FMS.

(3)PROFIBUS (RS485), the first layer realize the balanced data transmission, wire a bus segment one Bus segment is shielded twisted pair cable, both ends of the segments have a terminating resistor. Transmission mode to half duplex, asynchronous, synchronous gap-free data exchange basis, the physical layer supports fibre, the data frame 11, and the transfer rate: 9.6Kbit / sec-12Mbit / sec. Bus length range from 100 to 1200 meters

(4)Between same-level controller and PC communications (token passing procedure), to ensure adequate opportunity to deal with their communication tasks in a determined time. Complex PLC and PC with a simple division formula I / O communications, you must quickly and with minimal protocol overhead (master-slave program)

corp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

A Fax:071 - FF99F9F7

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)

ncocorp.com



# D.2.2 The external form of PROFIBUS-DP and terminal description

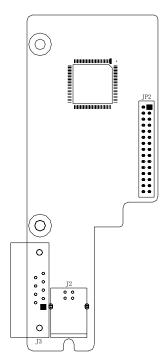
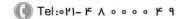


Fig D-1 PROFIBUS-DP outline dimensional drawing

Table D-1 Terminal function description

Terminal date	Name	Description	Remark
J2	USB form adapter plugs	USB connection factory and distribution to DB9 adapter cable	Use it on 15KW frequency inverter or below
Ј3	DB9 communication port	communication signal connection interface,9-pin DB9 female.	Use it on 15KW frequency inverter or the above
JP2	Board-level docking connector	When you install this plug docking with the main control board CN2	

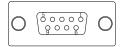
corp.com ncocorp.com







# (1)J3 Plug pin definition:



PIN data	Definition	PIN data	Definition
1	bit bare	6	VCC
2	bit bare	7	bit bare
3	Communication signal A	8	communication signal B
4	bit bare	9	bit bare
5	GND	-	-

# (2)J2 Plug pin definition:



PIN data	Definition	PIN data	Definition
1	Communication signal A	3	GND
2	Communication signal B	4	VCC

# (3)J2 switch wiring

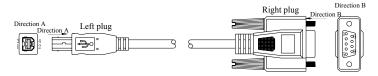


Table D-2 The left end plug and The right end plug PIN data

The left end plug PIN data	The right end plug PIN data	The left end plug PIN data	The right end plug PIN data
-	1	4	6
-	2	-	7
1	3	2	8
-	4	-	9
2	_		

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- + A 0 0 0 0 + 0

A Fax:071 - FF99F9FF

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)



# **D.3** CANopen communication card

### **D.3.1 CANopen introduction**

CANopen is an architecture in the control area network (Co

CAN) on the high-level communication agreements, including communication equipment sub-sub-agreements and agreements, often used in embedded systems, industrial control is a commonly used fieldbus. CANopen implements the network layer and above the agreement OSI model. CANopen standard includes addressing scheme, several small communication sub-agreements

### **D.3.2** Equipment model

Communication agreement on other modules communication processing and network communication unit needed to start and reset the device has a state machine control. State machine include: Initialization, Pre-operational, Operational, Stopped.

### **D.3.3 Object Dictionary**

Object Dictionary (OD: Object Dictionary) is an ordered group of objects; each object using an index value of 16 is addressed, in order to allow access to the data structure of a single element, while the definition of an eight sub-indexes.

### **D.3.4 Communication**

(1)Communication objects: Management packets, Service Data Objects (SDO), process data objects (PDO), the pre-definition packet or special function object (2)Communication model: master/slave model, client/server model, producer/consumer model

# **D.3.5** Agreement

- (1) NMT Agreement (network management, network management): Status Agreement definition of the state machine change commands (such as starting or stopping the equipment), to detect remote device bootup and failure scenarios.
- (2) Heartbeat Agreement: nodes in the network to monitor and confirm it is working properly.
- (3) SDO agreement: between devices used to transfer large low-priority data, typically used to configure devices on the CANopen network.
- (4) PDO Agreement: 8 bytes or less used to transmit data, no other agreement preset (which means data has been pre-definition).

corp.com ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9

(a) Fax:071 - F#99F9F7

ن (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



## D.3.6 CANopen form and terminal definition description

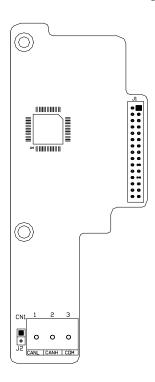


Fig D-2 CANopen outline dimensional drawing

Table D-3 Terminal function description

Terminal number	Name	Description	Remark
CN1	Communication wiring terminal	By the client device connected to the CAN bus communication	
J1	Signal port	When you install this plug docking with the main control board CN2	
J2		Connect J2, then terminal resistor connect to bus	

# (1)CN1 pin definition

PIN data	Definition	PIN data	Definition
1	signal CANL	3	COM
2	signal CANH		

orp.con

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F

🗐 Fax:∘۲1 - ۴۴99۴۶۴

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)



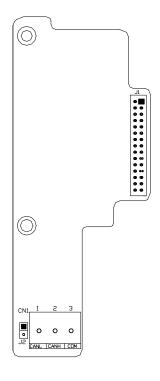
### **D.4 CANlink communication card**

### **D.4.1 CANlink introduction**

The physical layer CANlink card is CAN bus, only supported to the main board, compared with CANOPEN card, with high transmission efficiency, real-time, stability and other characteristics, the maximum transfer rate of 1Mbps. CAN bus data transmission using a differential signal, with strong anti-interference, transmission distance and other characteristics, the communication rate 5Kbps below, the farthest reach 10Km, at 1Mbps baud rate up to 30m.

CANlink protocol is self-definition protocols, support for modifications and inverter terminal parameters monitoring.

### D.4.2 CANlink card figure and terminal definition description



corp.com ncocorp.com

📵 Tel:۰۲۱– ۴ ለ ፡ ፡ ፡ ፡ ፡ ۴ ዓ



ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



# Table D-4 Terminal function descrip

Terminal Number	Name	Description	
CN1	Communication wiring terminal	By the client device connected to the CAN bus communication	
J1	Signal port	When you install this plug docking with the main control board CN2	
J2	Terminal resistor access entry	Connect J2, then terminal resistor connect to bus	

# (1) The definition of CN1 pin.

PIN data	Definition	PIN data	Definition
1	Signal CANL	3	COM
2	Signal CANH	-	-



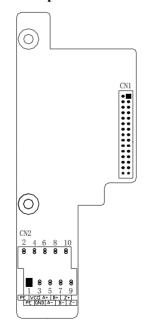
# Appendix E Universal encoder expa

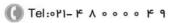
# E.1 The selection of encoder expansion card:

Universal encoder expansion card (PG card), As an or ontion for closed loop vector control inverter.

necessary option to closed toop vector control inverter.			
No.	Model	Description	Remark
1	EN-PG01	Differentiator input PG card, encoder input signal not isolated (suitable for all series machine)	Optional
2	EN-PG02	Differentiator input PG card, encoder input signal through the optocoupler isolation, stronger anti-interference ability (suitable for all series machine)	Optional
3	EN-PG03	Oc input PG card, encoder input signal through the optocoupler isolation	Optional

# E.2 EN-PG01, EN-PG02 shape and terminal definitions





Fax: 071 - FF99F5FF

ncocorp.com

corp.com



Table E-1	<b>Terminal</b>	function	descrip
-----------	-----------------	----------	---------

Terminal number	Name	Description	
CN1		When installing the plug and the control board CN2 docking	
CN2	The user interface	The encoder uses	

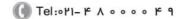
### (1) CN2 Terminal definitions

(1) CTV2 Tel minut delimitions			
PIN data	Terminal labeling	Description	
1	PE	Shielding terminal	
2	PE	Shielding terminal	
3	GND	Power supply (GND of EN-PG01 and GND of control panel is connect. GND of EN-PG02 and GND of control panel isolation)	
4	VCC	Provide 5V/300mA current toward outside	
5	A-	Encoder output signal A negative	
6	A+	Encoder output signal A positive	
7	В-	Encoder output signal B negative	
8	B+	Encoder output signal B positive	
9	Z-	Encoder output signal Z negative	
10	Z+	Encoder output signal Z positive	

# (2) PG card specification:

The user interface	Terminal table
Spacing	3.81mm
The maximum rate	500kHz
Differentiator input signal amplitude	≤7V

corp.com ncocorp.com





ن (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



# E.3 EN-PG03 shape and terminal definitions

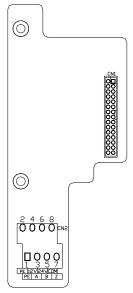


Fig.E-2 EN-PG03 Outline dimension drawing

Table E-2 Terminal function description

Table E-2 Terminal function description			
Terminal number	Name	Description	Remark
CN1		When installing the plug and the main control board CN2 docking	
CN2	The user interface	The encoder uses	

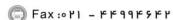
### (1) CN2 Terminal definitions

` /					
PIN data	Terminal labeling	Description			
1	PE	Shielding terminal			
2	PE	Shielding terminal			
3	A	Encoder output signal A			
4	12V	Provide voltage of 12V externally(Only supply power for 12V encoder)			
5	В	Encoder output signal B			
6	24V	Provide 24V/100mA current			
7	Z	Encoder output signal Z			
0	COM	Down ground			

.com

ncocorp.com

( Tel:071- F A 0 0 0 0 F 9



ر (جادہ مخصوص کرج)



# Appendix F Braking unit and braking

# F.1 Braking unit and braking resistance

The motor's electric potential energy will charge inversely if speed of the motor descends too quickly or load of the motor wobbles too quickly while the inverter is running, which will increase the voltage upon power modules suddenly and is easy to make the inverter damaged. The inverter will control it according to load size and performance. You only need to connect external braking resistance to realize timely energy discharge when the braking function is needed. To connect external resistance is a kind of energy consumption braking mode, as all the energy is consumed by the braking resistance.

EN600-2S0037, EN600-4T0007G/0015P  $\sim$  EN600-4T0150G/0185P has been configured the built-in braking unit for EN600-2S0004  $\sim$  EN600-2S0022, EN600-4T0185G/0220P  $\sim$  EN600-4T0550G/0750P, the built-in braking unit is optional.

When braking function needed, please connect external braking resistance according to below table.

# Configuration table of braking unit and braking resistor configuration as well as circumscribed braking resistor

Frequency inverter type	Built-in braking unit	Built-in braking resistor	Add braking resistor	Quantity	Power of braking resistor (50% braking rate)	Power of braking resistor (10% braking rate)
EN600-2S0004	Optional	无	≥150Ω	1PCS	≥1KW	≥200W
EN600-2S0007	Optional	无	≥100Ω	1PCS	≥1.5KW	≥250W
EN600-2S0015	Optional	无	≥70Ω	1PCS	≥2KW	≥400W
EN600-2S0022	Optional	无	≥50Ω	1PCS	≥3KW	≥600W
EN600-2S0037	Built-in	无	≥30Ω	1PCS	≥5KW	≥1KW
EN600-4T0007G/0015P	Built-in	No	≥300Ω	1PCS	≥1KW	≥250W
EN600-4T0015G/0022P	Built-in	No	≥300Ω	1PCS	≥1KW	≥250W
EN600-4T0022G/0037P	Built-in	No	≥300Ω	1PCS	≥1KW	≥250W
EN600-4T0037G	Built-in	No	≥125Ω	1PCS	≥2KW	≥400W
EN600-4T0055P	Built-in	No	≥125Ω	1PCS	≥2KW	≥400W
EN600-4T0055G/0075P	Built-in	No	≥80Ω	1PCS	≥3.8KW	≥750W
EN600-4T0075G/0110P	Built-in	No	≥80Ω	1PCS	≥3.8KW	≥750W
EN600-4T0110G/0150P	Built-in	No	≥50Ω	1PCS	≥5KW	≥1KW
EN600-4T0150G/0185P	Built-in	No	≥40Ω	1PCS	≥7.5KW	≥1.5KW

ncocorp.com

( Tel: • Υ Ι – ۴ Λ • • • • ۴ 9

(جادہ مخصوص کرج)





EN600-4T0220G/0300P	Optional	No	≥22Ω	1PCS		عابياصن
EN600-4T0300G/0370P	Optional	No	≥19Ω	1PCS		ى يپرى
EN600-4T0370G/0450P	Optional	No	≥16.8Ω	1PCS	/W	1
EN600-4T0450G/0550P	Optional	No	≥13Ω	1PCS	≥22KW	≥4.5KW
EN600-4T0550G/0750P	Optional	No	≥11Ω	1PCS	≥28KW	≥5.5KW

corp.com

ncocorp.com

|| Fax:∘۲۱ – ۴۴۹۹۴۶۴۲